CITY OF DEER PARK

MARCH 29, 2021 - 5:30 PM

CITY COUNCIL - SPECIAL MEETING

MEETING - FINAL

Sherry Garrison, Council Position 1 TJ Haight, Council Position 2 Tommy Ginn, Council Position 3

James Stokes, City Manager Gary Jackson, Assistant City Manager



Jerry Mouton Jr., Mayor

COUNCIL CHAMBER 710 E. SAN AUGUSTINE DEER PARK, TX 77536

Bill Patterson, Council Position 4 Ron Martin, Council Position 5 Rae A. Sinor, Council Position 6

Shannon Bennett, TRMC, City Secretary Jim Fox, City Attorney

In order to help prevent the spread of the virus that causes COVID-19, the City of Deer Park is asking members of the public attending the meeting to:

- 1. Maintain at least 6 feet separation from other individuals.
- 2.Self-screen before going into the meeting for any of the following new or worsening signs or symptoms of possible COVID-19: (Cough, Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, Chills, Repeated shaking with chills, Muscle pain, Headache, Sore throat, Loss of taste or smell, Diarrhea, Feeling feverish or a measured temperature greater than or equal to 100.0 degrees Fahrenheit, Known close contact with a person who is lab confirmed to have COVID-19, Wash or disinfect hands upon entering the building and after any interaction with others in the building.
- 3. Consider wearing cloth face coverings (over the nose and mouth) when entering the building, or when within 6 feet of another person who is not a member of the individual's household.

The City of Deer Park will be limiting attendance in the Council Chambers to seventy five percent (75%) of the total listed occupancy of room capacity during this meeting.

CALL TO ORDER

COMMENTS FROM AUDIENCE

NEW BUSINESS

 Consideration of and action on authorization to accept the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Annual Audit. ACT 21-004

Recommended Action: Accept the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Annual Audit.

Department: Finance

Attachments: DRAFT - Annual Report 3.25.21

DRAFT - Management Letter 3.25.21
DRAFT - Single Audit Report 3.25.21

DRAFT - RAD Letter 3.25.21

ADJOURN

The Mission of the City of Deer Park is to deliver exemplary municipal services that provide the community a high quality of life consistent with our history, culture and unique character.

Shannon Bennett, TRMC City Secretary

Posted on Bulletin Board March 26, 2021

City Hall is wheelchair accessible and accessible parking spaces are available. Hearing assistance devices are available. Requests for accommodation services must be made 72 hours prior to any meeting. Please contact the City Secretary's office at 281-478-7248 for further information.

The Mission of the City of Deer Park is to deliver exemplary municipal services that provide the community a high quality of life consistent with our history, culture and unique character.



City of Deer Park

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: ACT 21-004 Version: 1 Name:

Type: Acceptance Status: Agenda Ready

File created: 3/17/2021 In control: City Council - Special Meeting

On agenda: 3/29/2021 Final action:

Title: Consideration of and action on authorization to accept the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Annual Audit.

Sponsors: Finance

Indexes:

Code sections:

Attachments: DRAFT - Annual Report 3.25.21

DRAFT - Management Letter 3.25.21 DRAFT - Single Audit Report 3.25.21

DRAFT - RAD Letter 3.25.21

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

3/29/2021 1 City Council - Special Meeting

Consideration of and action on authorization to accept the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Annual Audit.

Summary: Pursuant to state statute and City ordinance, the City shall have its records and accounts audited annually and shall prepare an annual financial statement and report. The audit shall be performed by a certified public accounting (CPA) firm, licensed to practice in the State of Texas. The annual financial statement and report, including the auditor's opinion, shall be part of an official Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which shall be filed within 180 days after the last day of the City's fiscal year.

For Fiscal Year 2019-2020 (October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020), the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report must be filed by Wednesday, March 31, 2021. The audit firm of Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP performed the annual audit for the City and determined that "the financial statements...present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of...the City as of September 30, 2020...in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America" (unmodified opinion). The auditors will present the results of the audit to the Finance Committee and then at the meeting will present their findings to the City Council.

Additionally, because the City expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards during the most recent fiscal year, a single audit is required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

Because the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is under final review, including a second partner review that is required because of the single audit, all documents must be marked "draft" at this time; however, no significant changes are expected to the final document.

File #: ACT 21-004, Version: 1	
Fiscal/Budgetary Impact:	
N/A.	
Accept the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Annual Audit.	



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by Finance Department

Donna Todd Director of Finance

DRAFT



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

March 23, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

Texas law and the City charter require that the City of Deer Park (the "City") publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This report is published to provide the citizens, City Council, City management and staff, bondholders and other interested parties detailed information concerning the financial condition of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. I believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that it is reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of the various funds and account groups. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Report

In compliance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – And Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments, this report includes a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The MD&A is located immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

City Profile

The City of Deer Park, incorporated in 1948, is located in the center of the highly industrialized ship channel area just east of Houston. The City currently occupies a land area of 15 square miles and serves a population of approximately 35,297. The City is empowered to levy an ad valorem tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. Further, the City is empowered to extend its corporate limits by annexation. The City receives annual "in-lieu-of-tax" payments from industries located within its extraterritorial jurisdiction. This "industrial district" includes the operations of 24 companies that contract with the City. The current contract, which was modified and renewed effective January 1, 2015, has a 12-year term and will expire on December 31, 2026.

The City operates under a home rule, council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. Council members are elected on a non-partisan basis and serve two-year staggered terms. The Mayor and three Council members are elected in odd numbered years and the three remaining Council members are elected in even numbered years. The City Manager is responsible for the execution of City policies and ordinances, oversight of the daily operations of the City, and appointment of department heads.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; sanitation, water, and sewer services; library services; recreational and cultural opportunities; and general administrative services. In fiscal year 2012, following a special election for each, the City added two component units to be funded by sales and use taxes: the Crime Control and Prevention District and the Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District. Each district was approved for a period of five years. In May 2016, voters authorized continuation of both the Crime Control and Prevention and District and the Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District for a period of 10 years, including the continuation of the dedicated sales and use tax for each.

Annual Budget

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager by May of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget, which is presented to the City Council for review at least 45 days prior to the last regular meeting in September. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police), and appropriations are approved at the departmental level. Department heads may make appropriation transfers within a department with approval of the City Manager. Appropriation transfers outside of the department require approval of the City Council. The budget report includes a comparison of the actual results to the budget for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy. Deer Park lies directly adjacent to Port Houston, which is a 25-mile-long complex of diversified public and private facilities located just a few hours by ship from the Gulf of Mexico. The Port is consistently ranked 1st in the United States in foreign waterborne tonnage; 1st in U.S. imports; 1st in U.S. export tonnage; and 2nd in the U.S. in total tonnage. Additionally, Port Houston is the nation's leading breakbulk post, handling 65 percent of all major U.S. project cargo. The Port's container ship traffic is expected to grow significantly over the next 10 years because of the Panama Canal widening project and the deepening of Houston's ship channel. In anticipation of this growth, large office/warehouse projects are now being constructed or have recently been completed within the Deer Park city limits.

Victory Commerce Center, a 350,000 square foot distribution center in Deer Park, was 100 percent leased in 2020 to a large sugar distributor/exporter.

Underwood Port Logistics Center, a 404,000 square foot development, was leased 100 percent in 2020 to a third-party logistics company.

Another large office/warehouse project, Monument Business Park Phase 1, was recently completed. The developer has leased over half of the building to a third-party logistics company. Phase 2 of this project is an adjacent 180,000 square foot warehouse with rail access and is expected to break ground in April 2021.

Deerwood Glen Business Park, owned by Clay Development & Construction, Inc., is Deer Park's 150-acre light industrial business park. Over the past 10 years, Deerwood Glen has seen an exciting influx of build-to-suit tenants and has now reached the ultimate point of final build-out. John Crane Power Transmission was Deerwood Glen's first tenant in 2009, followed by Mustang Engineering, Code Red Safety, Abrasive Products and Equipment, Core Laboratories, the Houston Pilots' Association, Siemens, and many others. The last parcel, a 300,000 square foot distribution warehouse, was leased in 2020 to a third-party logistics company for CAP Barbell.

The City has a Chapter 380 Economic Development Program Agreement with NEC Spencer Highway and East Boulevard Phase 1, LTD, which is a development of a mixed use/retail complex next to the City's HEB grocery store that opened in November 2015. The developer has received a key Letter-of-Intent from two retailers, but the project is currently on hold due to the pandemic. Once completed, this would provide an additional 300,000 square feet of retail space and generate nearly \$40 million in combined property and sales taxes for the City.

Shell Federal Credit Union is the 18th largest credit union in Texas and headquartered in the City of Deer Park. They are currently undergoing construction for a 100,000 square foot expansion project, which also includes a three-story parking garage

Accounting and budgetary controls. The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures recorded when the liability is incurred. Proprietary operations are maintained on a full accrual basis.

During the course of the fiscal year, each department head monitors expenditure controls with overall review exercised by the Director of Finance and the City Manager. Monthly expenditure reports provide information to department heads for decision making and, if necessary, timely corrective action to ensure the integrity of the adopted budget. Changes to approved expenditures are incorporated into the current year budget throughout the year in the form of budget amendments approved by City Council.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the City's assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management. Internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management and independent auditors. I believe the City's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that employees in the normal course of business will detect and/or prevent errors or irregularities that could be material to the financial statements.

Long-term financial planning. The City continues to evaluate opportunities to improve operational efficiency and generate cost savings. The City maintains a Capital Improvement Plan for drainage projects and infrastructure needs throughout the City.

In order to remain financially strong and provide a framework for prudent financial management, the following financial controls are monitored annually:

- A multi-year financial forecast is updated projecting revenues and expenditures for all operating funds.
- Rates, fees, and charges for services are reviewed and adjusted as necessary to respond to changing financial circumstances.
- Insurance coverage is examined to ensure that policy limits are adequate and in compliance with revenue bond covenants.

• Bonds are issued as part of a planned debt issuance program to finance long-term capital projects.

Independent Audit

The City Charter requires an annual audit of all accounts of the City by an independent certified public accountant. The independent auditors' report prepared by Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Deer Park for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the 33rd consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe the current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and I will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the capable and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department and the cooperation of all other City departments. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the finance department and all other City staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor, City Council, City Manager, and Assistant City Manager for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and professional manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Donna Todd

Donna Todd Director of Finance

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Deer Park Texas

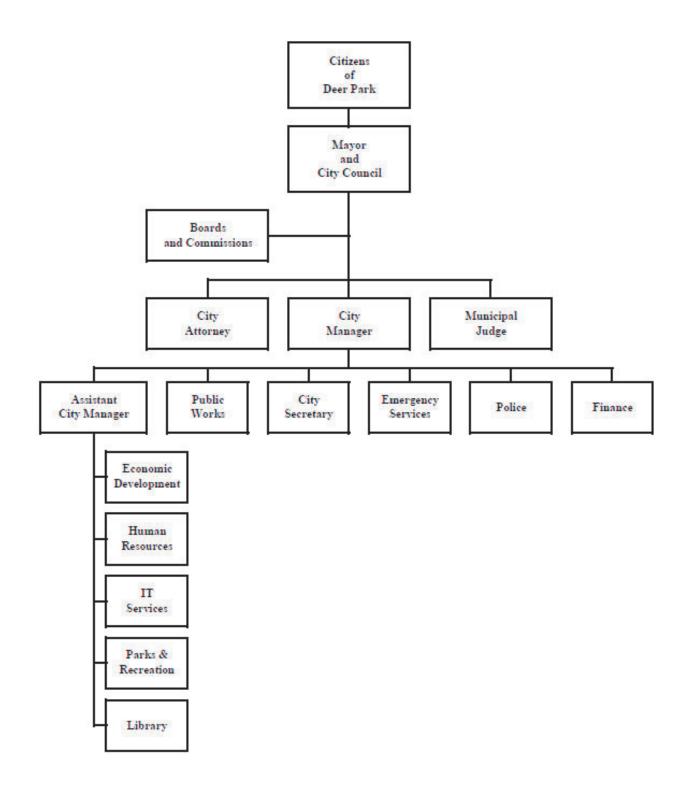
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Chuitophu P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART September 30, 2020



CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2020

City Officials	Elective Position				
Jerry Mouton, Jr.	Mayor				
Sherry Garrison	Council Member				
TJ Haight	Council Member				
Tommy Ginn	Council Member				
Bill Patterson	Council Member				
Ron Martin	Council Member				
Rae A. Sinor	Council Member				
Key Staff	Position				
James Stokes Gary Jackson Shannon Bennett	City Manager Assistant City Manager City Secretary				
Jim Fox	City Attorney				

Donna Todd

Bill Pedersen

Greg Grigg Charlie Sandberg

Bill Philbert

Robert Hemminger Rebecca Pool

James Lewis

Assistant City Manager
City Secretary
City Attorney
Director of Finance
Director of Public Works
Chief of Police
Director of Parks and Recreation
Director of Human Resources
Emergency Services Director
Director of Library Services
Director of Information Technology



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Opinions

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, the schedule of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefit liability and related ratios, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedules of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or

on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas March 23, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") for the year ending September 30, 2020. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT

Components of the Financial Section Management's Basic Financial Required Discussion and Supplementary Statements Analysis Information Notes to the Government-Wide Component Unit Independent Fund Financial Financial Financial Auditors' Report Financial Statements Statements Statements Statements Summary Detail

The City's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information for the City as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the City as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements, report information on the City's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the City. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's financials into two classes of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here including general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. Interest payments on the City's tax-supported debt are also reported here. Sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, municipal court fines, and permit fees finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities Services involving a fee for those services are reported here. These services include the City's water and sewer services, as well as storm water utility services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also three legally separate discretely presented component units, the Crime Control and Prevention District; the Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District; and the Deer Park Community Development Corporation, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The three categories of City funds are governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and the capital improvement fund, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, hotel/motel occupancy tax fund, grants fund, police forfeiture fund, and the municipal court fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water distribution, wastewater collection/treatment, and storm water utility operations. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer fund and the storm water utility fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City maintains one fiduciary fund, the senior citizens trust fund. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position and statement of changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, the schedules of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and related ratios, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedules of contributions. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$141,448,170 as of September 30, 2020. This compares with \$132,468,447 from the prior fiscal year. The largest portion of the City's net position, 66.96 percent, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.



Total

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

					Iotai			
	Gover	Governmental Business-Type		Primary				
	Acti	vities	Activities		Government			
	2020	2019	2020 2019		2020	2019		
Current and other assets	\$ 68,302,148	\$ 63,496,345	\$ 25,793,502	\$ 27,565,389	\$ 94,095,650	\$ 91,061,734		
Capital assets, net	102,557,660_	100,368,116	59,754,735	54,171,372	162,312,395	154,539,488		
Total Assets	170,859,808	163,864,461	85,548,237	81,736,761	256,408,045	245,601,222		
Deferred loss on refunding	204,892	262,597	30,468	44,340	235,360	306,937		
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,566,040	7,686,315	329,802	1,067,927	2,895,842	8,754,242		
Deferred outflows - OPEB	5,336,034	4,805,468	762,420	694,670	6,098,454	5,500,138		
Total Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	8,106,966	12,754,380	1,122,690	1,806,937	9,229,656	14,561,317		
Long-term liabilities	57,276,225	66,475,022	53,089,091	51,816,005	110,365,316	118,291,027		
Other liabilities	3,545,144	4,217,986	4,097,719	3,679,849	7,642,863	7,897,835		
Total Liabilities	60,821,369	70,693,008	57,186,810	55,495,854	118,008,179	126,188,862		
Deferred gain on refunding	90,396	-	-	-	90,396	-		
Deferred inflows - pensions	5,105,561	1,275,951	694,124	173,363	5,799,685	1,449,314		
Deferred inflows - OPEB	282,183	55,916	9,088	-	291,271	55,916		
Total Deferred Inflows								
of Resources	5,478,140	1,331,867	703,212	173,363	6,181,352	1,505,230		
Net Position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	77,907,555	74,104,011	16,818,608	19,598,349	94,726,163	93,702,360		
Restricted	7,237,870	6,873,691	-	-	7,237,870	6,873,691		
Unrestricted	27,521,840	23,616,264	11,962,297	8,276,132	39,484,137	31,892,396		
Total Net Position	\$ 112,667,265	\$ 104,593,966	\$ 28,780,905	\$ 27,874,481	\$ 141,448,170	\$ 132,468,447		

A portion of the City's net position, \$7,237,870 or 5.13 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$39,484,137 or 27.91 percent, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's total net position increased by \$8,979,723 during the current fiscal year, an increase of 6.78 percent in comparison to the prior year net position. Compared to the prior year, total assets increased \$10,806,823 largely due to the current year operating surplus, an increase in receivables for the Coronavirus Relief Fund grant, and an increase in capital assets largely attributable to construction projects. Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$5,331,661 while deferred inflows of resources increased \$4,676,122 from the prior year mainly due to the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets. Long-term liabilities decreased \$7,925,711 compared to the prior year due to current year principal payments and a decrease in the net pension liability. This decrease was partially offset by the issuance of Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019. Other liabilities decreased \$254,972 largely due to less payables related to various construction projects.



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

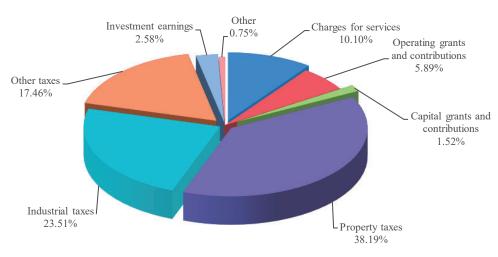
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government			
	2020	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 5,435,523	\$ 6,491,41	4 5	\$ 11,967,615	\$	11,085,567	\$	17,403,138	\$	17,576,981
Operating grants and contributions	3,170,272	1,881,69	2	-		-		3,170,272		1,881,692
Capital grants and contributions	820,560	3,102,29	2	-		-		820,560		3,102,292
General revenues:										
Property taxes	20,553,900	19,370,74	1	-		-	20,553,900 19,370,741			19,370,741
Industrial taxes	12,660,382	11,954,01	4	-		-		12,660,382		11,954,014
Other taxes and fees	9,401,459	9,962,24	3	-		-		9,401,459		9,962,243
Investment earnings	1,391,662	1,805,99	6	170,480		495,704		1,562,142		2,301,700
Other	406,401	504,98	1	172,520		-		578,921		504,981
Total Revenues	53,840,159	55,073,37	3	12,310,615		11,581,271		66,150,774	_	66,654,644
Expenses										
General government	9,425,200	9,553,46	5	-		-		9,425,200		9,553,465
Public safety	14,957,915	14,483,27	3	-		_		14,957,915		14,483,273
Public works	9,909,662	9,063,52	2	-		-		9,909,662		9,063,522
Parks and recreation	563,216	440,03	6	-		-		563,216		440,036
Community development	9,663,784	11,370,03	6	-		-		9,663,784		11,370,036
Interest on long-term debt	692,088	772,98	8	-		-		692,088		772,988
Water and sewer	-		-	11,491,912		10,653,981		11,491,912		10,653,981
Storm water utility	-		-	467,274		167,096		467,274		167,096
Total Expenses	45,211,865	45,683,32	0	11,959,186		10,821,077		57,171,051		56,504,397
Increase in Net Position										
Before Transfers	8,628,294	9,390,05	3	351,429		760,194		8,979,723		10,150,247
Transfers in (out)	(554,995)	(701,94	7)	554,995		701,947		-		
Change in Net Position	8,073,299	8,688,10	6	906,424		1,462,141		8,979,723		10,150,247
Beginning net position	104,593,966	95,905,86	0	27,874,481		26,412,340	_	132,468,447		122,318,200
Ending Net Position	\$ 112,667,265	\$ 104,593,96	6 5	\$ 28,780,905	\$	27,874,481	\$	141,448,170	\$	132,468,447



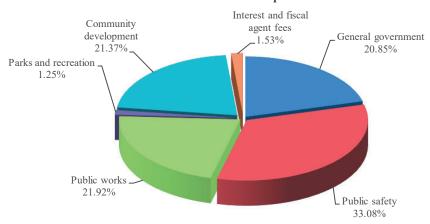
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

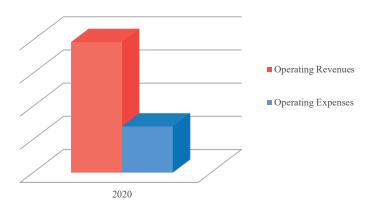
Governmental Revenues



Governmental Expenses



Business-Type Activities





For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

For the year ended September 30, 2020, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$53,840,159, a decrease of \$1,233,214 compared to the prior year. Capital grants and contributions decreased compared to prior year due to less contributions received from the Deer Park Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District for construction projects. Charges for services decreased compared to prior year mainly due to fewer permits issued for building projects and citations issued for traffic violations. Other taxes and fees decreased largely due to less revenue collected for franchise fees and sales tax due to a decline in economic activity within the City. Investment earnings decreased due to a decrease in interest rates. These decreases in the current year were partially offset by increases in property and industrial tax revenue due to an increase in assessed values of properties and an increase in operating grants and contributions from the Coronavirus Relief Fund grant.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$45,211,865, a decrease of \$471,455. This decrease is mainly due to the decrease in net pension liability. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in personnel-related expenses.

Total revenues for business-type activities increased by a total of \$729,344 compared to the prior year. This was due to an increase and water and sewer rates. Total expenses for business-type activities increased by \$1,138,109. This increase is largely due to increases in expenses related to a sludge removal project.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$63,342,713. Of this, \$117,676 is nonspendable, \$8,479,899 is restricted, \$9,025,740 is assigned, and \$45,719,398 is unassigned.

There was an increase in the combined fund balance of \$5,313,644 compared to the prior year. Compared to the prior year change in fund balance, the current year change in fund balance increased \$7,708,762. This is largely attributable to an increase in property tax revenues, industrial tax revenues, and intergovernmental revenue and a decrease in capital outlay expenditures.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$45,719,398, while total fund balance reached \$46,974,831. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 114.52 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 117.66 percent of the total general fund expenditures. The general fund demonstrated an overall increase in fund balance of \$5,068,206. Revenues increased \$1,525,452 compared to the prior year as a result of increases in property tax, industrial tax revenues, and intergovernmental revenue. Property and industrial tax revenue increased due to increases in the assessed value of properties. Intergovernmental revenue increased due to a Coronavirus Relief Fund grant. Expenditures increased \$2,096,648 compared to the prior year primarily due to increases in public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and capital outlay expenditures. Public safety and public works expenditures largely increased due to personnel-related expenditures. Parks and recreation expenditures increased mainly due to an increase in capital purchases and repairs for the City's municipal golf course. Capital outlay largely increased due to the purchase of a fire truck and miscellaneous capital projects.



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$6,158,254, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. Revenues decreased due to the City lowering the debt service property tax rate and less investment earnings received due to a decrease in interest rates. The debt service fund transferred \$770,982 to the water and sewer fund for debt service payments.

The capital improvement fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1,133,765 due to transfers in from the general fund.

Proprietary Funds – The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City budgeted for the use of fund balance of \$380,650 in the general fund. However, the net change in fund balance increased by \$5,068,206, resulting in a positive variance of \$5,448,856.

Actual general fund revenues were greater than the amended budgeted revenues by \$1,921,919 during the fiscal year. The largest positive variances were from industrial taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and investment earnings.

Actual expenditures were less than budgeted amounts in total by \$5,028,013 for the fiscal year. The largest positive variances were in general government, recreation, athletics and aquatics, senior services, street maintenance, humane division, police, and fire department.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental and business-type activities had invested \$162,312,395 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net increase of \$7,772,907.

Major capital asset events during the year included the following:

- Firearms Training Facility Improvements \$769,711
- Drainage Rehabilitation Jefferson Avenue \$656,722
- Pumper Truck \$1,142,914
- Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation Regency Park \$345,276
- Air Street Sweeper \$270,901
- Construction in progress additions:
 - Street Replacement Project \$675,748
 - Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion \$3,079,930
 - o Irrigation Improvements to Golf Course \$286,085
 - o Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation Park Meadows \$765,421
 - o 2020 Waterline Project \$656,224
 - Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation X Street and Maxwell \$269,599

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note III.D. to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had total bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding of \$70,005,023. Of this amount, \$15,040,023 was general obligation debt and certificates of obligation accounted for \$54,965,000.

During the year, the City had a net decrease in bonds and certificates of obligation of \$2,560,001 as the result of current year principal payments. This decrease is partially offset by the issuance of Certificates of Obligations, Series 2019.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to ten percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$296,977,123, which is well above the City's total general obligation debt outstanding.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note III.E. to the financial statements.

Current underlying ratings on debt issues are as follows:

	Moody's	Standard
	Investors	and
	Service	Poor's
General Obligation Bonds	Aal	AAA
Certificates of Obligation	N/A	AAA

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City budgeted for an increase in property tax revenues of \$542,846, which is a 2.68 percent increase from last year's budget. This increase is the result of new properties being added to the tax roll and increases in property values.

For the 2021 fiscal year budget, the City adopted a total tax rate of \$0.720 per \$100 of assessed value which is the same as the prior year rate. Compared to the prior year adopted budget, the City budgeted for a decrease in total general fund revenues/expenditures and other resources of approximately \$896,900.

City Council approved a current year budget decrease in revenues of \$787,826 and a decrease in expenses of \$1,451,924 compared to the prior year adopted budget for the water and sewer fund.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the City of Deer Park, Director of Finance, 710 E. San Augustine, Deer Park, Texas 77536.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

]			
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	<u>Units</u>
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,859,271	\$ 11,649,235	\$ 74,508,506	\$ 10,613,186
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	12,919,499	12,919,499	-
Receivables, net of allowances	5,321,823	1,224,768	6,546,591	1,129,432
Due from component units	3,378	-	3,378	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-	114,452
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-
Inventories	108,411	-	108,411	-
Prepaid items	9,265	-	9,265	-
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable capital assets	28,922,097	27,350,209	56,272,306	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	73,635,563	32,404,526	106,040,089	5,268,859
Total Assets	170,859,808	85,548,237	256,408,045	17,125,929
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred loss on refunding	204,892	30,468	235,360	-
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	2,350,724	329,802	2,680,526	73,482
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TESRS)		-	215,316	-
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (SDBF)	270,584	-	270,584	_
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Health)	5,065,450	762,420	5,827,870	171,047
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,106,966	1,122,690	9,229,656	244,529
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,828,239	1,612,363	3,440,602	176,483
Accrued liabilities	1,018,379	150,897	1,169,276	54,999
Customer deposits	13,990	839,888	853,878	-
Due to component units	114,452	-	114,452	_
Due to primary government	-	_	-	3,378
Other payables	433,547	1,494,571	1,928,118	-
Unearned revenue	136,537	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	136,537	_
Noncurrent liabilities:	130,337		150,557	
Due within one year	5,401,944	2,693,196	8,095,140	143,392
Due in more than one year	51,874,281	50,395,895	102,270,176	1,523,781
Total Liabilities				
	60,821,369	57,186,810	118,008,179	1,902,033
Deferred Inflows of Resources	00.206		00.206	
Deferred gain on refunding	90,396	-	90,396	107.053
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	5,104,616	694,124	5,798,740	187,253
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (TESRS)	945	-	945	-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (SDBF)	226,870	0.000	226,870	2.052
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (Health)	55,313	9,088	64,401	2,852
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,478,140	703,212	6,181,352	190,105
Net Position		16010600	0.4.=0.4.4.0	
Net investment in capital assets	77,907,555	16,818,608	94,726,163	4,496,174
Restricted for:	6 1 50 0 5 4		6.150.054	
Debt service	6,158,254	-	6,158,254	-
Enabling legislation:	500 510		500 510	
Hotel/motel occupancy tax	580,518	-	580,518	-
Police forfeiture	71,589	-	71,589	-
Municipal court	90,151	-	90,151	10 502 115
Special projects - restricted contributions	238,424	-	238,424	10,782,146
Capital projects	98,934	- 11.062.205	98,934	-
Unrestricted	27,521,840	11,962,297	39,484,137	
Total Net Position	\$ 112,667,265	\$ 28,780,905	\$ 141,448,170	\$ 15,278,320

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Program Revenues								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	(Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Gı	Capital rants and ntributions				
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 9,425,200	\$	285,776	\$	-	\$	-				
Public safety	14,957,915		2,834,040		1,921,134		31,344				
Public works	9,909,662		1,616,954		-		789,216				
Parks and recreation	563,216		34,868		-		-				
Community development	9,663,784		663,885		1,249,138		-				
Interest on long-term debt	 692,088		_								
Total Governmental Activities	 45,211,865		5,435,523		3,170,272		820,560				
Business-Type Activities											
Water and sewer	11,491,912		11,606,282		-		-				
Storm water utility	467,274		361,333		-						
Total Business-Type Activities	 11,959,186		11,967,615		_		_				
Total Primary Government	\$ 57,171,051	\$	17,403,138	\$	3,170,272	\$	820,560				
Component Units											
Governmental	\$ 4,509,852	\$		\$		\$					
Total Component Units	\$ 4,509,852	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-				

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Industrial district taxes
Franchise fees
Sales and use taxes
Hotel occupancy taxes
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Beginning net position

Ending Net Position

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Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

Primary	Government
I I IIIIai v	OUVERNIE

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units				
\$ (9,139,424) (10,171,397) (7,503,492) (528,348) (7,750,761) (692,088) (35,785,510)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (9,139,424) (10,171,397) (7,503,492) (528,348) (7,750,761) (692,088) (35,785,510)	\$ - - - - - -				
- - -	114,370 (105,941) 8,429	114,370 (105,941) 8,429	- - -				
(35,785,510)	8,429	(35,777,081)	(4.500.952)				
			(4,509,852)				
20,553,900 12,660,382 1,884,424 7,086,318 430,717 1,391,662 406,401 (554,995)	170,480 172,520 554,995	20,553,900 12,660,382 1,884,424 7,086,318 430,717 1,562,142 578,921	7,039,207 7,884 153,081				
43,858,809	897,995	44,756,804	7,200,172				
8,073,299 104,593,966	906,424 27,874,481	8,979,723 132,468,447	2,690,320 12,588,000				
\$ 112,667,265	\$ 28,780,905	\$ 141,448,170	\$ 15,278,320				

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

		General		Debt Service	In	Capital nprovement		Nonmajor overnmental
Assets	ф	46.714.410	ф	6 1 60 10 5	Φ.	0.060.710	ф	0.115.054
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,514,410	\$	6,160,197	\$	8,068,710	\$	2,115,954
Receivables, net		4,747,441		82,232		201,239		290,911
Due from other funds		5,866		-		-		-
Due from component units		3,378		-		-		-
Inventories		108,411		-		-		-
Prepaid items	Φ.	9,265	0	-	0	- 0.260.040	0	-
Total Assets	\$	51,388,771	\$	6,242,429	\$	8,269,949	\$	2,406,865
Liabilities	Ф	1 527 000	¢	1.012	¢.	227 192	¢.	74.056
Accounts payable	\$	1,526,088	\$	1,913	\$	226,182	\$	74,056
Accrued liabilities		1,013,081		-		-		5,298
Due to other funds		114 422		20		-		5,866
Due to component units		114,422		30		-		-
Customer deposits		13,990		-		22.545		-
Other payables		411,002		-		22,545		-
Unearned revenue		3,298	_	1.042	_	133,239		-
Total Liabilities		3,081,881		1,943		381,966		85,220
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - court fines and warrants		245,228		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - ambulance		847,823		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - industrial district taxes		78		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		238,930		82,232		_		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,332,059		82,232		_		_
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		108,411		-		-		-
Prepaid items		9,265		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		6,158,254		-		-
Enabling legislation		-		-		-		742,258
Special projects		-		-		-		238,424
Capital projects		-		-		-		1,340,963
Assigned:								
Disaster response/repair		771,410		-		-		-
Park maintenance		145,397		-		-		-
General government		133,750		-		-		-
Capital projects		87,200		-		7,887,983		-
Unassigned		45,719,398						
Total Fund Balances		46,974,831		6,158,254		7,887,983		2,321,645
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	51,388,771	\$	6,242,429	\$	8,269,949	\$	2,406,865

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	Total						
Go	Governmental						
	Funds						
\$	62,859,271 5,321,823 5,866 3,378 108,411 9,265						
\$	68,308,014						
\$	1,828,239 1,018,379 5,866 114,452 13,990 433,547 136,537 3,551,010						
	245,228 847,823 78 321,162 1,414,291						
	108,411 9,265						
	6,158,254 742,258 238,424 1,340,963						
	771,410 145,397 133,750 7,975,183 45,719,398 63,342,713						
\$	68,308,014						

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 63,342,713

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets, nondepreciable	28,922,097
Capital assets, net depreciable	73,635,563

102,557,660

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,414,291

Long-term liabilities and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Deferred loss on refunding	204,892
Deferred gain on refunding	(90,396)
Deferred outflows - pensions (TMRS)	2,350,724
Deferred outflows - pensions (TESRS)	215,316
Deferred outflows - OPEB (SDBF)	270,584
Deferred outflows OPEB (Health)	5,065,450
Deferred inflows - pensions (TMRS)	(5,104,616)
Deferred inflows pensions (TESRS)	(945)
Deferred inflows OPEB (SDBF)	(226,870)
Deferred inflows OPEB (Health)	(55,313)
Noncurrent liabilities due in one year	(5,401,944)
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year	(51,874,281)

(54,647,399)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

112,667,265

STATEMENT OF REVENUE<mark>S, EXPENDIT</mark>URES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		General	Debt Service	In	Capital provement	Nonmajor overnmental
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	16,040,772	\$ 4,485,377	\$	-	\$ -
Industrial district taxes		12,660,382	-		-	-
Sales taxes		7,086,318	_		-	_
Franchise fees		1,884,424	_		-	_
Hotel/motel occupancy taxes		-	_		-	430,717
Fees and fines		1,024,971	_		-	152,376
Licenses and permits		414,973	_		-	-
Intergovernmental		1,898,546	1,216,797		-	789,216
Charges for services		3,606,397	-		-	99,556
Investment earnings		1,347,287	18,142		1,307	24,926
Miscellaneous		211,434	-		68,001	126,966
Total Revenues		46,175,504	5,720,316		69,308	1,623,757
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		7,683,622	_		_	55,950
Community development		7,481,122	_		_	350,529
Public works		7,740,277	_		_	-
Parks and recreation		484,251	_		_	_
Public safety		13,545,041	_		_	910,295
Capital outlay		2,669,218	_		1,893,990	1,252,342
Debt service:		2,000,210			1,000,000	1,232,312
Principal Principal		309,749	3,809,954		_	_
Interest and other charges		9,789	826,859		_	2,650
Total Expenditures	_	39,923,069	4,636,813		1,893,990	2,571,766
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		6,252,435	 1,083,503		(1,824,682)	 (948,009)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		414,992	21,377		2,958,447	_
Transfers (out)		(3,117,744)	(770,982)		2,730,117	(331,986)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		81,830	(770,702)		_	(331,700)
Debt issued		-	4,240,000		_	_
Premium on debt issued		_	731,083		_	_
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		_	(4,913,313)		_	_
Capital leases		1,436,693	(1,513,513)		_	_
1						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,184,229)	 (691,835)		2,958,447	 (331,986)
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,068,206	391,668		1,133,765	(1,279,995)
Beginning fund balances		41,906,625	5,766,586		6,754,218	3,601,640
Ending Fund Balances	\$	46,974,831	\$ 6,158,254	\$	7,887,983	\$ 2,321,645

DRAFT

	Total
Go	vernmental
	Funds
\$	20,526,149 12,660,382 7,086,318 1,884,424 430,717
	1,177,347 414,973 3,904,559 3,705,953 1,391,662 406,401
	53,588,885
	7,739,572
	7,831,651 7,740,277 484,251
	14,455,336 5,815,550
	4,119,703 839,298
	49,025,638
	4,563,247
	3,394,816 (4,220,712) 81,830 4,240,000 731,083 (4,913,313) 1,436,693
	750,397
	5,313,644
	58,029,069
\$	63,342,713

RECONCIL<mark>IATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXP</mark>ENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net o	hanges in fund balances -	total governmental	funds		\$ 5,313,644

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital asset expenditures	7,235,643
Depreciation expense	(4,904,372)
Disposals, net	(173,071)
Capital contributions	31,344

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. In addition, pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expenses and the amortization of deferred items are accounted for in the Statement of Activities.

Principal payments	4,119,703
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	(57,705)
Amortization of deferred gain on refunding	9,040
Amortization of premiums on bonds	195,875
Amortization of deferred outflows - pensions (TMRS)	(5,194,294)
Amortization of deferred outflows - pensions (TESRS)	74,019
Amortization of deferred outflows - OPEB (SDBF)	118,224
Amortization of deferred outflows - OPEB (Health)	412,342
Amortization of deferred inflows - pensions (TMRS)	(3,855,632)
Amortization of deferred inflows - pensions (TESRS)	26,022
Amortization of deferred inflows - OPEB (SDBF)	(170,954)
Amortization of deferred inflows - OPEB (Health)	(55,313)
Compensated absences	(225,324)
Bonds issued	(4,240,000)
Capital lease activity	(1,342,637)
Premium on bonds issued	(731,083)
Closure costs	(643)
Net pension liability - TMRS	8,908,221
Net pension liability - TESRS	(317,734)
Total OPEB liability - Health	(2,158,409)
Total OPEB liability - SDBF	(21,921)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	4,913,313

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

165,001

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

8,073,299

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities				
	Water and Sewer	Storm Water Utility	Total		
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,996,079	\$ 653,156	\$ 11,649,235		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	12,919,499	-	12,919,499		
Accounts receivable, net	1,184,856	39,912	1,224,768		
Total Current Assets	25,100,434	693,068	25,793,502		
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	591,397	_	591,397		
Buildings	4,795,184	_	4,795,184		
Utility system	63,640,194	_	63,640,194		
Machinery and equipment	4,972,615	_	4,972,615		
Construction in progress	26,758,812	_	26,758,812		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(41,003,467)	_	(41,003,467)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	59,754,735		59,754,735		
Total Assets	84,855,169	693,068	85,548,237		
	04,033,103	093,008	05,540,257		
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	20.460		20.460		
Deferred charge on refunding	30,468	10.670	30,468		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	319,132	10,670	329,802		
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Health)	736,369	26,051	762,420		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,085,969	36,721	1,122,690		
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,609,218	3,145	1,612,363		
Accrued liabilities	146,241	4,656	150,897		
Customer deposits	839,888	-	839,888		
Other payables	1,494,571	-	1,494,571		
Compensated absences	162,834	2,326	165,160		
Bonds payable - current	2,505,329	-	2,505,329		
Capital leases payable		22,707	22,707		
Total Current Liabilities	6,758,081	32,834	6,790,915		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension liability - TMRS	758,101	13,576	771,677		
Total OPEB liability - Health	3,321,221	59,957	3,381,178		
Compensated absences	18,092	259	18,351		
Bonds payable, net of deferred charges	46,224,689	-	46,224,689		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	50,322,103	73,792	50,395,895		
Total Liabilities	57,080,184	106,626	57,186,810		
Deferred Inflows of Resources			, -,-		
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	670,091	24,033	694,124		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (Health)	8,706	382	9,088		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	678,797	24,415	703,212		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	16,818,608	_	16,818,608		
Unrestricted	11,363,549	598,748	11,962,297		
Total Net Position	\$ 28,182,157	\$ 598,748	\$ 28,780,905		
Total Net I Osition	Ψ 20,102,137	ψ J/0,/70	Ψ 20,700,703		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Business-Type Activities						
			Water and	Sto	rm Water			
			Sewer		Utility		Total	
Operating Revenues Charges for services		\$	11,606,282	\$ 361,333		\$	11,967,615	
	Total Operating Revenues		11,606,282		361,333		11,967,615	
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services			3,794,765		180,295		3,975,060	
Contractual services			1,111,066		5,371		1,116,437	
Repairs and maintenance			1,381,136		276,165		1,657,301	
Other supplies and expenses			1,957,421		5,443		1,962,864	
Depreciation			1,983,754				1,983,754	
	Total Operating Expenses		10,228,142		467,274		10,695,416	
	Operating Income (Loss)		1,378,140		(105,941)		1,272,199	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expen	1995)							
Investment earnings	1363)		170,480		_		170,480	
Interest and fiscal agent fees			(1,534,671)		_		(1,534,671)	
Intergovernmental revenue			161,143		11,377		172,520	
Total N	Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		(1,203,048)		11,377		(1,191,671)	
	Income (Loss) Before Transfers		175,092		(94,564)		80,528	
Transfers								
Transfers in			770,982		198,594		969,576	
Transfers (out)			(143,680)		-		(143,680)	
Transfers (ear)			(113,000)				(115,000)	
	Total Transfers	_	627,302		198,594		825,896	
	Change in Net Position		802,394		104,030		906,424	
Beginning net position			27,379,763		494,718		27,874,481	
	Ending Net Position	\$	28,182,157	\$	598,748	\$	28,780,905	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	I	ries	
	Water and Sewer	Storm Water Utility	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 11,422,284	\$ 351,857	\$ 11,774,141
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(4,002,546)		(4,283,985)
Payments to employees for services	(3,443,863)	(166,677)	(3,610,540)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Operating Activities	3,975,875	(96,259)	3,879,616
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Intergovernmental grant	161,143	11,377	172,520
Transfer from other funds	770,982	198,594	969,576
Transfer to other funds	(143,680)		(143,680)
Net Cash Provided by			
Noncapital Financing Activities	788,445	209,971	998,416
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(7,567,117)	-	(7,567,117)
Proceeds from debt issuance	4,711,604	-	4,711,604
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,350,047)	(89,811)	(2,439,858)
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid	(1,683,755)		(1,683,755)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and			
Related Financing Activities	(6,889,315)	(89,811)	(6,979,126)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Earnings on investments	170,480		170,480
Lathings on investments	170,400		170,480
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	170,480		170,480
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,954,515)	23,901	(1,930,614)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	25,870,093	629,255	26,499,348
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 23,915,578	\$ 653,156	\$ 24,568,734
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,996,079	\$ 653,156	\$ 11,649,235
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	12,919,499	-	12,919,499
•	\$ 23,915,578	\$ 653,156	\$ 24,568,734

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities					
		Water and	Sto	orm Water		
		Sewer		Utility		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net						
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,378,140	\$	(105,941)	\$	1,272,199
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		1,983,754		-		1,983,754
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:						
Accounts receivable		(200,796)		(9,476)		(210,272)
Prepaids		48,744		2,801		51,545
Deferred outflows of resources		665,462		18,785		684,247
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		222,834		1,355		224,189
Accrued liabilities		32,510		1,384		33,894
Other payables		142,989		-		142,989
Compensated absences payable		34,467		543		35,010
Net pension liability		(1,198,790)		(40,433)		(1,239,223)
Deferred inflows of resources		510,024		19,825		529,849
Total OPEB liability		339,739		14,898		354,637
Customer deposits		16,798				16,798
Net Cash Provided (Used)						
by Operating Activities	\$	3,975,875	\$	(96,259)	\$	3,879,616



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

September 30, 2020

	_	Senior Citizens Trust
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	118,574
Total Assets	\$	118,574
Net Position Restricted	\$	118,574
Total Net Position	\$	118,574

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	_	Senior Citizens Trust		
Additions Investment earnings	\$	1,064		
Total Additions	_	1,064		
Change in Net Position	_	1,064		
Beginning net position	_	117,510		
Ending Net Position	\$	118,574		

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas (the "State") in 1948 and adopted a home-rule charter in December 1960. The charter provides for a "mayor council-manager" form of government with the elective body empowered to enact local legislation, adopt budgets, and determine policies. A mayor and six council members are elected to "at large" positions for two-year terms. The City Manager is appointed by the elective body and is responsible for the administrative affairs of the City.

The City provides for the following services: police, fire and emergency medical, water and sewer, street maintenance, sanitation, planning, parks and recreation, library, and general and administrative.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State governed by an elected six-member council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements present the activities of the City (primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the City's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

The basic financial statements contain discretely presented component units. Discretely presented component units are reported in an aggregate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. The elements considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Deer Park Crime Control and Prevention District

The Deer Park Crime Control and Prevention District (CCPD) is reported in the basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, which emphasizes that the CCPD is legally separate from the City. The authority for the CCPD is provided by Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 363. It was established to enhance public safety throughout the City and is funded by a dedicated one-fourth of one percent sales and use tax approved by the voters in May 2011

and effective on October 1, 2011 for a period of five years from the date it began to levy taxes. In May 2016, the voters approved the continuation of the CCPD for a period of 10 years. In the event of dissolution, the net position of the CCPD shall be conveyed to the City.

The CCPD is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the CCPD because it may remove appointed members at will, and it must approve the CCPD budget and any necessary budget amendments. Separate financial statements are not available for the CCPD.

Deer Park Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District

The Deer Park Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District (FCPEMSD) is reported in the basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, which emphasizes that the FCPEMSD is legally separate from the City. The authority for the FCPEMSD is provided by Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 344. It was established to enhance fire control and prevention and emergency medical services programs in the City and is funded by a dedicated one-fourth of one percent sales and use tax approved by the voters in May 2011 and effective on October 1, 2011 for a period of five years from the date it began to levy taxes. In May 2016, the voters approved the continuation of the FCPEMSD for a period of 10 years. In the event of dissolution, the net position of the FCPEMSD shall be conveyed to the City.

The FCPEMSD is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the FCPEMSD because it may remove appointed members at will, and it must approve the FCPEMSD budget and any necessary budget amendments. Separate financial statements are not available for the FCPEMSD.

Deer Park Community Development Corporation

The Deer Park Community Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is reported in the basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, which emphasizes that the Corporation is legally separate from the City. The Corporation was established by a dedicated one-half of one percent sales and use tax approved by the voters in May 2015 for economic development purposes. The authority for the Corporation is provided by Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 505, Type B Corporations. The Corporation was formed for the purpose of financing various public park projects as authorized by Chapter 505 and the election. The dedicated one-half of one percent sales and use tax became effective on October 1, 2015 and the first sales tax receipts for the Corporation were received in December 2015.

The Corporation is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the Corporation because it may remove appointed members at will, and it must approve the Corporation budget and any necessary budget amendments. Separate financial statements are not available for the Corporation.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and

other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water and wastewater functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary fund and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise fees, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

The *capital projects funds* are used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from the sale of long-term debt and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects. The capital improvement fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes. The remaining capital project funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

The City reports the following enterprise funds:

The *enterprise funds* are used to account for the operations that provide water and wastewater collection, wastewater treatment operations, and storm water utility operations. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The water and sewer fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes. The storm water utility fund is considered a nonmajor fund for reporting purposes, but the City has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for disbursements made from investment earnings from an initial \$100,000 corpus established as a trust fund to benefit citizens age 55 and older. All disbursements of the senior citizens trust fund must be approved by the City of Deer Park Senior Citizen's Foundation Trust Committee. Activities are not budgeted and are controlled on an event-by-event basis.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and balances in statewide investment pools. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and equity in pooled cash."

2. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, except for investment pools, which are stated at either amortized costs or net asset value. Investment income from the pools are allocated back to the respective funds based on each fund's equity in the pool. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. government
- Direct obligations of the State
- Statewide investment pools
- Certificates of deposit that meet certain criteria

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as other resources set aside for specific purposes, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements. Restricted assets of the enterprise fund are restricted by bond covenants for repayment of debt and to finance construction projects.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental, business-type activities, or component units columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of at least two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Estimated

	Estillateu
Asset Description	Useful Life
Infrastructure	20 to 40 years
Buildings and Improvements	10 to 40 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 to 20 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 to 10 years

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities
 are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan
 members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment
 earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the City's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from court fines and warrants, ambulance fees, and industrial district and property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

7. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation based on years of service with the City within certain limits. Only accumulated vacation and earned compensatory time are paid upon termination of employment. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In government-wide financial statement and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund. Although a portion of the general obligation debt was directly related to the purchase of water and sewer infrastructure, the debt service expenditures are included in the governmental fund financial statements as they are expected to be paid from debt service tax revenues instead of water system revenues.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

9. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

10. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

11. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

In accordance with the City's fund balance policy, City Council, by resolution, has authorized the City Manager as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance by the City Manager do not require formal action by the City Council.

The City has established a target level of unassigned fund balance to alleviate revenue shortfalls and/or unanticipated expenditures to ensure the orderly and continued provision of services. The City shall strive to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to at least 25 percent of normal recurring operating costs, based on the current year's budgeted operating expenditures. Should unassigned fund balance fall below the goal or have a deficiency, the City will seek to reduce expenditures prior to increasing revenues to replenish fund balance within a reasonable timeframe.

12. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

13. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's and TESRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS and TESRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the City's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TMRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

The City also provides medical benefits to eligible retirees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the "Plan"). This Plan is an unfunded, pay-as-you-go plan. Information about the City's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by the City's consulting actuary.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the City on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the City Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is October 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due upon receipt and all taxes not paid prior to February 1 are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest established by State law.

3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except the capital projects funds, which adopt project length budgets. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control, as defined by the charter, is the department level. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within a department without seeking the approval of City Council. The City Council may transfer any unencumbered funds from one department to another. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets. Supplemental budget appropriations were made for the year ended September 30, 2020.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2020, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	\$ 7,377, 19,096, 7,684, 53,038,	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
TexSTAR	\$	7,377,702	0.06
TexPool		19,096,440	0.09
Texas CLASS		7,684,448	0.14
Certificates of deposit		53,038,599	0.64
Total Fair Value	\$	87,197,189	
Portfolio weighted average maturity			0.42

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit risk. The City's investment policy limits investments in public fund investment pools rated as to investment quality not less than 'AAA' or 'AAAm', or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2020, the City's investments in investment pools were rated 'AAAm' by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of September 30, 2020, the combined balances of FDIC insurance, collateral pledged, and letters of credit exceeded the City's bank balances. As of September 30, 2020, the discretely presented component units' bank balances were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or covered by FDIC insurance.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, Texpool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity. The City has no unfunded commitments related to TexPool.

TexSTAR

The Texas Short-Term Asset Reserve Fund (TexSTAR) is a local government investment pool organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. TexSTAR was created in April 2002 by contract among its participating governmental units and is governed by a board of directors. J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. and Hilltop Securities Inc. act as co-administrators, providing investment management services, participant services, and marketing. JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary, J.P. Morgan Investor Services, Inc., provide custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting, and depository services.

TexSTAR is measured at amortized cost. TexSTAR's strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The City has no unfunded commitments related to TexSTAR. TexSTAR has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexSTAR's authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national or state emergency that affects TexSTAR's liquidity.

Texas CLASS

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (CLASS) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended. CLASS is created under an amended and restated trust agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (the "Agreement"), among certain Texas governmental entities investing in CLASS (the

"Participants"), with Cutwater Investor Services Corporation as program administrator and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as custodian. CLASS is not SEC registered and is not subject to regulation by the State. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven-member board of trustees (the "Board"), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with Cutwater Investors Service Corporation to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for CLASS may be obtained from CLASS' website at www.texasclass.com.

B. Receivables

Amounts recorded as receivable as of September 30, 2020 for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

						Capital		Nonmajor		Water and		Water and		rm Water	(omponent																			
		General	De	ebt Service	Improvements		Improvements		Improvements		ce Improven		Governmental Sewer		mprovements Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmental		Governmenta		Governmental		overnmental Sewer U		Utility		Units
Taxes	\$	955,929	\$	328,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,129,432																					
Accounts		2,738,121		-		201,239		205,281		1,531,671		40,854		-																					
Ambulance		2,655,227		-		-		-		-		-		-																					
Grants		1,693,684		-		-		85,630		161,143		11,377		-																					
Less allowance	_	(3,295,520)		(246,696)						(507,958)		(12,319)																							
Total	\$	4,747,441	\$	82,232	\$	201,239	\$	290,911	\$	1,184,856	\$	39,912	\$	1,129,432																					

C. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted cash and cash equivalents accounts recognized by the City are as follows:

	Water and Sewer			
Restricted for:				
Customer deposits	\$ 839,888			
Bond funded capital projects	12,079,611			
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 12,919,499			

D. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year end:

				Primary (Gover	nment	
		Beginning				(Decreases)/	Ending
	Balance			Increases	Re	classifications	 Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	26,687,306	\$	6,793	\$	-	\$ 26,694,099
Construction in progress		10,072,654		2,290,808		(10,135,464)	2,227,998
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated	_	36,759,960	_	2,297,601		(10,135,464)	 28,922,097
Other capital assets:							
Buildings		43,715,388		3,994,315		_	47,709,703
Improvements		73,210,268		8,667,917		_	81,878,185
Machinery and equipment		21,414,246		2,442,618		(1,217,501)	22,639,363
Total other capital assets		138,339,902		15,104,850		(1,217,501)	152,227,251
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(13,489,773)		(1,308,829)		_	(14,798,602)
Improvements		(44,791,452)		(2,102,715)		_	(46,894,167)
Machinery and equipment		(16,450,521)		(1,492,828)		1,044,430	(16,898,919)
Total accumulated depreciation		(74,731,746)		(4,904,372)		1,044,430	(78,591,688)
Other capital assets, net		63,608,156		10,200,478		(173,071)	73,635,563
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Net	\$	100,368,116	\$	12,498,079	\$	(10,308,535)	 102,557,660
					Less	associated debt	(26,006,630)
				Plus net deferre		rge on refunding	114,496
						at bond proceeds	1,242,029
						Capital Assets	\$ 77,907,555
				_ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,			 . 1,501,600

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 592,608
Public safety	660,466
Public works	1,773,655
Parks and recreation	443,619
Community development	1,434,024
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 4,904,372

Construction in progress and remaining commitments under related construction contracts for governmental fund projects at year end are as follows:

	A	Authorized		Contract	1	Remaining
Project Description		Contract	_E	xpenditures		Contract
Nature Preserve	\$	691,809	\$	223,778	\$	468,031
Outfall - Hurricane Harvey		90,161		88,395		1,766
McDermott Shared Use Path		15,230		11,423		3,807
Deer Park Bridge Project		79,155		8,170		70,985
Dow Park Pavilion - Concession Stand		181,500		5,232		176,268
Boggy Bayou Drainage		84,560		67,030		17,530
Harvey Drainage Improvements - Heritage		1,686,426		189,633		1,496,793
Pasadena Blvd. and Dowling Cir 6" Waterline/36" Storm Pipe		146,722		37,871		108,851
Hike and Bike Trails		70,000		39,920		30,080
Drainage Improvements - Deer Park Manor/Delo-Elaine		255,660		230,646		25,014
Harris County Flood Control District B112 Ditch		76,163		20,025		56,138
Hike and Bike Trails - Type B		500,000		71,768		428,232
Emergency Operations Center/Dispatch Facility Renovations		34,960		29,533		5,427
Total	\$	3,912,346	\$	1,023,424	\$	2,888,922

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year end:

			Primary G	Jover	nment		
	Beginning			((Decreases)/		Ending
	 Balance		Increases	Re	classifications		Balance
Business-Type Activities:			,				
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 591,397	\$	-	\$	-	\$	591,397
Construction in progress	24,604,829		5,741,205		(3,587,222)		26,758,812
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 25,196,226		5,741,205		(3,587,222)		27,350,209
Other capital assets:							
Buildings	4,795,184		-		-		4,795,184
Improvements	58,386,339		5,253,855		-		63,640,194
Machinery and equipment	 4,851,469		159,279		(38,133)		4,972,615
Total other capital assets	68,032,992		5,413,134		(38,133)		73,407,993
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	(1,431,734)		(119,429)		-		(1,551,163)
Improvements	(33,952,516)		(1,618,099)		-		(35,570,615)
Machinery and equipment	(3,673,596)		(246,226)		38,133		(3,881,689)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,057,846)		(1,983,754)		38,133		(41,003,467)
Other capital assets, net	28,975,146		3,429,380		_		32,404,526
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 54,171,372	\$	9,170,585	\$	(3,587,222)		59,754,735
				Less	associated debt		(48,752,725)
			Plus deferre	d chai	ge on refunding		30,468
		Plus unspent bond proceeds 5					
			Net Investme	ent in	Capital Assets	\$	16,818,608

Depreciation was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Water and sewer \$ 1,983,754

Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense \$ 1,983,754

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Construction in progress and remaining commitments under related construction contracts for business-type activities projects at year end are as follows:

	Authorized		Contract]	Remaining
Project Description		Contract	E	xpenditures		Contract
Waste Water Treatment Plant - Lagoon Project	\$	486,000	\$	750	\$	485,250
Avon Elevated Storage Tank Improvements		212,100		141,400		70,700
Avon & P Street Storage Tanks		53,760		47,478		6,282
6" Waterline - Pasadena Blvd. and Dowling Cir.		146,722		62,837		83,885
Water Treatment Plant - Solids Handling		495,348		461,818		33,530
Sanitary Sewer Rehab - Park Meadows		1,987,242		1,968,096		19,146
2020 Waterline Project		672,884		656,224		16,660
Sanitary Sewer Rehab - X Street & Maxwell		441,448		269,599		171,849
Coy Street Ground Storage Rehab		419,000		65,200		353,800
Clearwell Transfer Pump	_	677,810		86,843		590,967
Tot	tal \$	5,592,314	\$	3,760,245	\$	1,832,069

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the component units for the year end:

	Beginning Balance		Compon	(1	Decreases)/	Ending Balance
Discretely presented component units:	Diff. The control of	_	11101 0415 05	1100		Difficult
Capital assets:						
Building	\$ 2,073,921	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,073,921
Improvements	841,182		82,675		-	923,857
Machinery and equipment	5,183,101		688,793		(311,477)	5,560,417
Total capital assets	8,098,204		771,468		(311,477)	8,558,195
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Building	(61,439)		(52,675)		-	(114,114)
Improvements	(99,666)		(62,292)		-	(161,958)
Machinery and equipment	 (2,751,701)		(573,040)		311,477	(3,013,264)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,912,806)		(688,007)		311,477	(3,289,336)
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,185,398		83,461		_	5,268,859
Discretely Presented Component					_	
Units Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,185,398	\$	83,461	\$	_	 5,268,859
				Less a	ssociated debt	 (772,685)
			Net Investme	ent in C	Capital Assets	\$ 4,496,174

Depreciation was charged to component units as follows:

Crime control and prevention district	\$ 440,974
Fire control, prevention, and emergency medical services district	247,033
Total Component Units Depreciation Expense	\$ 688,007

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

E. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year end:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	 Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	10,467,712	\$	4,240,000	\$	1,564,954	\$ 13,142,758	*	\$ 1,924,671
Certificates of obligation		9,880,000		-		5,965,000	3,915,000	*	735,000
Certificates of obligation from									
direct borrowings/placements		7,205,000		-		1,105,000	6,100,000	*	1,125,000
Capital leases		504,540		1,436,693		403,805	1,537,428	*	354,586
Premium on bond issuance		963,985		731,083		383,624	1,311,444	*	-
Compensated absences		1,177,663		1,410,184		1,184,860	1,402,987		1,262,687
Net pension liability									
TMRS		14,223,300		-		8,908,221	5,315,079		-
TESRS		463,753		317,734		-	781,487		-
Total OPEB liability									
SDBF		1,073,790		21,921		-	1,095,711		-
Health		20,461,705		2,158,409		-	22,620,114		-
Closure costs	_	53,574	_	643			54,217	_	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	66,475,022	\$	10,316,667	\$	19,515,464	\$ 57,276,225	_	\$ 5,401,944
		Long	tern	n debt due in m	ore	than one year	\$ 51,874,281	_	
*Deb	t ass	ociated with g	over	nmental activi	ties	capital assets	\$ 26,006,630		

Long-term liabilities of the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. For governmental activities, the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are fully liquidated by the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total business-type activities long-term liabilities for the year end:

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance			Amounts Oue Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:							_		
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,557,312	\$ -	\$	660,047	\$	1,897,265	**	\$	590,329
Certificates of obligation	42,455,000	4,185,000		1,690,000		44,950,000	**		1,915,000
Capital leases	112,518	-		89,811		22,707	**		22,707
Premium on bond issuance	1,505,233	526,604		149,084		1,882,753	**		-
Net pension liability - TMRS	2,010,900	-		1,239,223		771,677			-
Total OPEB liability - Health	3,026,541	354,637		-		3,381,178			-
Compensated absences	 148,501	 173,205		138,195	_	183,511	_	_	165,160
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 51,816,005	\$ 5,239,446	\$	3,966,360	\$	53,089,091	-	\$	2,693,196
	\$	50,395,895							
**Deb	\$	48,752,725	-						

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total discretely presented component units long-term liabilities for the year end:

	_ 1	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions			eductions	Ending Balance			Amounts Due Within One Year	
Discretely Presented											
Component Units:											
Capital leases	\$	913,240	\$	-	\$	140,555	\$	772,685	***	\$	143,392
Net pension liability - TMRS		399,613		-		289,092		110,521			-
Total OPEB liability - Health		672,679		111,288		-		783,967	_		
Total Discretely Presented											
Component Units	\$	1,985,532	\$	111,288	\$	429,647	\$	1,667,173		\$	143,392
	\$	1,523,781									
***Debt associated w	ith di	scretely pres	ented	l component u	nits ca	pital assets	\$	772,685			



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Governmental activities long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest	
Description	Rates	Balance
Governmental Activities		
General Obligation Bonds		
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	4.00-4.50%	\$ 234,733
2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.00-3.00%	2,015,000
2014 General Obligation Bonds	3.00-4.00%	765,000
2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.00-4.00%	553,025
2016 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds	2.25-4.00%	5,335,000
2019 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds	4.00-5.00%	4,240,000
Total G	eneral Obligation Bonds	13,142,758
Certificates of Obligation		
2015 Certificates of Obligation	2.00-4.00%	3,915,000
2016 Certificates of Obligation	1.59%	4,305,000
2017 Certificates of Obligation	1.89%	1,795,000
Total C	ertificates of Obligation	10,015,000
Capital Leases		
2018 Freightliner M2-106-80	2.68%	43,764
VOIP Telephone Equipment	2.87%	78,153
2021 Pierce Velocity Pumper Truck	1.41%	1,142,914
2021 Ford F550 Bucket Truck	1.39%	96,421
2021 Freightliner M2 Garbage Truck	1.63%	176,176
	Total Capital Leases	1,537,428
Total Governmental Ac	tivities Long-Term Debt	\$ 24,695,186



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Business-type activities long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest	
Description	Rates	 Balance
Business-Type Activities		
General Obligation Bonds		
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	4.00-4.50%	\$ 155,267
2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.50-3.00%	850,000
2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.00-4.00%	891,998
Total Ge	neral Obligation Bonds	1,897,265
Certificates of Obligation		
2011 Certificates of Obligation	2.50-4.00%	2,430,000
2012 Certificates of Obligation	2.00-3.00%	3,935,000
2013 Certificates of Obligation	3.00-3.35%	6,315,000
2014 Certificates of Obligation	3.00-4.00%	5,300,000
2015-A Certificates of Obligation	2.00-3.50%	6,095,000
2016-A Certificates of Obligation	2.00-4.00%	6,175,000
2017-A Certificates of Obligation	2.00-3.00%	4,690,000
2018 Certificates of Obligation	3.25-5.00%	5,955,000
2019 Certificates of Obligation	3.00-5.00%	4,055,000
Total Co	ertificates of Obligation	44,950,000
Capital Leases		
Gradall XL5100 Excavator	1.81%	22,707
	Total Capital Leases	22,707
Total Business-Type Act	ivities Long-Term Debt	\$ 46,869,972

The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

Component unit long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest	
Description	Rates	Balance
Component Unit		
Capital Leases		
2018 Pierce Velocity	2.00%	\$ 772,685
Total Component Unit Long	g-Term Debt	\$ 772,685

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Annual debt service requirements for governmental activities are as follows:

Year	 Governmental Activities												
Ending	General Obl	igatio	on Bonds		Certificates								
Sep 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	<u> </u>	Total				
2021	\$ 1,924,671	\$	452,436	\$	735,000	\$	106,425	\$	3,218,532				
2022	1,878,025		383,672		760,000		84,000		3,105,697				
2023	1,943,025		311,406		785,000		60,825		3,100,256				
2024	1,477,037		251,093		805,000		36,975		2,570,105				
2025	1,330,000		206,269		830,000		12,450		2,378,719				
2026-2030	4,330,000		408,881		-		-		4,738,881				
2031-2034	260,000		21,401		-		-		281,401				
Total	\$ 13,142,758	\$	2,035,158	\$	3,915,000	\$	300,675	\$	19,393,591				

Annual debt service requirements for direct borrowings/placements are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities					
Ending	General Obligation Bonds					
Sep 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$ 1,125,000	\$	92,779	\$	1,217,779	
2022	1,145,000		73,412		1,218,412	
2023	1,165,000		53,698		1,218,698	
2025	1,185,000		33,643		1,218,643	
2025	735,000		17,689		752,689	
2026	745,000		5,922		750,922	
Total	\$ 6,100,000	\$	277,143	\$	6,377,143	

The annual debt service requirements for business-type activities are as follows:

Year	Business-Type Activities							
Ending	General Obl	igatio	n Bonds		Certificates	of O	bligation	
Sep 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Total
2021	\$ 590,329	\$	48,839	\$	1,915,000	\$	1,474,607	\$ 4,028,775
2022	426,975		32,803		2,005,000		1,413,932	3,878,710
2023	416,975		20,144		2,090,000		1,350,508	3,877,627
2024	462,986		6,944		2,675,000		1,277,313	4,422,243
2025	-		-		2,760,000		1,190,692	3,950,692
2026-2030	-		-		15,305,000		4,458,550	19,763,550
2031-2035	-		-		14,445,000		1,728,621	16,173,621
2036-2039	-		-		3,755,000		194,940	3,949,940
Total	\$ 1,897,265	\$	108,730	\$	44,950,000	\$	13,089,163	\$ 60,045,158

Legal Debt Margin

The City is authorized to issue debt up to 10% of the average full valuation of taxable real property which is currently \$296,977,123. The net indebtedness subject to the debt limit is \$10,133,602 resulting in a legal debt margin of \$286,843,521.

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds for governmental activities is from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City, while business-type activities will be paid with utility rate revenues. A number of limitations and restrictions are contained in the various bond ordinances. The City has complied with all significant limitations and restrictions.

During the fiscal year, the City issued \$4,240,000 of Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 (the "Bonds") to provide resources for all future debt service payments of \$4,825,000 of Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$99,436. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new debt. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$690,125 and resulted in an economic gain of \$619,851.

Certificates of Obligations

The City has issued tax and revenue certificates of obligation to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Certificates of obligation are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of certificates for governmental activities is from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City, while business-type activities will be paid with utility rate revenues. A number of limitations and restrictions are contained in the various bond ordinances. The City has complied with all significant limitations and restrictions.

During the fiscal year, the City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019 (the "Certificates") in the amount of \$4,185,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used for the repair and renovation of, the construction of improvements to, and the equipment of the water and sewer system. The Certificates will mature on March 15, 2039. The interest rates of the Certificates range from 3.00 to 5.00 percent.

Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment, principally consisting of vehicles and equipment. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Capital leases bear interest rates ranging from 1.39 percent to 2.87 percent and have remaining maturity dates ranging from 2021 to 2028.

Deer Park Community Development Corporation

On May 9, 2015, voters approved a dedication of 0.50% of sales tax for various projects in an amount not to exceed \$20,000,000. The Deer Park Community Development Corporation (DPCDC) was created. The City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2016 in the amount of \$9,450,000 and Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017 in the amount of \$2,700,000 to finance various voter approved projects in which the DPCDC has pledged sales tax revenues to reimburse the City for the related debt service payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Annual requirements to satisfy these obligations are as follows:

Year	 Governmental Activities				
Ending		C	apital Leases		
Sep 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$ 354,586	\$	20,428	\$	375,014
2022	236,105		15,331		251,436
2023	217,390		11,870		229,260
2024	141,787		9,370		151,157
2025	143,799		7,358		151,157
2026-2028	443,761		9,712		453,473
Total	\$ 1,537,428	\$	74,069	\$	1,611,497

Year	Business-Type Activities					
Ending	Capital Leases					
Sep 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	22,707	\$	68	\$	22,775
Total	\$	22,707	\$	68	\$	22,775

Year	Component Units						
Ending		Capital Leases					
Sep 30		Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	143,392	\$	14,144	\$	157,536	
2022		146,287		11,250		157,537	
2023		149,239		8,297		157,536	
2024		152,252		5,285		157,537	
2025		155,325		2,211		157,536	
2026		26,190		66		26,256	
Total	\$	772,685	\$	41,253	\$	813,938	

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	G	overnmentai	Bu	siness-type	(component
Assets:		Activities		Activities		Units
Machinery and equipment	\$	1,855,518	\$	435,228	\$	1,163,743
Less: accumulated depreciation		(309,786)		(217,614)		(193,957)
Total	\$	1,545,732	\$	217,614	\$	969,786

Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

F. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

Transfer In	In Transfer Out		Amounts
General	Water and sewer	\$	104,383
General	Nonmajor governmental		310,609
Debt service	Nonmajor governmental		21,377
Capital improvement	General		2,958,447
Water and sewer	Debt service		770,982
Solid waste	Water and sewer		39,297
Solid waste	General		159,297
		\$	4,364,392

Amounts transferred between funds relate to the following activities:

- Transfers to the debt service fund were made to transfer interest earned from bond funds for the repayment of debt service and debt service related expenditures in accordance with applicable ordinances and federal regulations.
- The general fund transferred \$2,958,447 to the capital improvement fund to fund current and future capital improvement projects.
- Transfers to the general fund were made by the water and sewer fund and the nonmajor governmental funds as contributions to the general fund for various governmental expenditures.
- Transfers to the water and sewer fund were made by the debt service fund for current year debt service payments.
- Transfers to the solid waste fund were made by the general fund and water and sewer fund as additional funding for various projects.

The composition of interfund balances as of year end were as follows:

Due To	Due From	A	Amounts		
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$	5,866		

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be a temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

G. Fund Equity

As of September 30, 2020, \$742,258 of the City's total fund balance is restricted by enabling legislation.

H. Restatement of Net Position

The City has restated beginning net position for governmental activities to reduce an overstatement of capital assets that were recognized in error. A capital project was recognized as an addition when completed but not shown as a reduction in construction in progress.

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Beginning net position as reported	\$	106,007,021	
Restate capital assets		(1,413,055)	
Beginning net position - restated	\$	104,593,966	

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,617 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools (the "Pool"). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

The continued spread of the COVID-19 pandemic has given a rise in uncertainties that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the City. The occurrence and extent of such impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) the effects on the financial markets, and (iv) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are unknown at this time.

C. Pension Plans

1. Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 888 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by TMRS. TMRS is an agency created by the State and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member Board of Trustees (the "Board"). Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75 percent of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

2020	2019
7.00%	7.00%
2 to 1	2 to 1
5	5
60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
100% Repeating,	100% Repeating,
Transfers	Transfers
50% of CPI	50% of CPI
	7.00% 2 to 1 5 60/5, 0/20 100% Repeating, Transfers

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

		Primary	Component
		Government	<u>Units</u>
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits		198	6
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits		146	4
Active employees		302	9
	Total	646	19

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either five percent, six percent, or seven percent of employee gross earnings, and the City-matching percentages are either 100 percent, 150 percent, or 200 percent, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute seven percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 13.78 percent and 14.10 percent in calendar years 2020 and 2019, respectively. For the calendar year 2020 the City elected to pay the same rate as 2019 of 14.10 percent. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 were \$2,998,530 which were more than the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109 percent and female rates multiplied by 103 percent. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with male rates multiplied by 109

percent and female rates multiplied by 103 percent with a three-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a three percent minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the three percent floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and annuity purchase rate are based on the mortality experience investigation study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, TMRS adopted the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and a one-time change to the amortization policy. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation, as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, the actuary focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Changes in the NPL

		I	Prim	ary Governmen	t	
			Incr	ease (Decrease)		
	T	otal Pension Liability (A)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	3,460,870	\$	-	\$	3,460,870
Interest		8,748,564		-		8,748,564
Difference between expected and actual experience		(952,519)		-		(952,519)
Changes of assumptions		448,080		-		448,080
Contributions - employer		-		2,820,710		(2,820,710)
Contributions - employee		-		1,400,352		(1,400,352)
Net investment income		-		17,734,628		(17,734,628)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(6,091,974)		(6,091,974)		-
Administrative expense		-		(100,240)		100,240
Other changes			_	(3,011)		3,011
Net Changes		5,613,021		15,760,465		(10,147,444)
Balance at December 31, 2018		132,115,475		115,881,275		16,234,200
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	137,728,496	\$	131,641,740	\$	6,086,756
				mponent Units		
		4 I.D		ease (Decrease)		NI (D
	1	otal Pension		lan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability (A)	1	Net Position (B)		Liability (A) - (B)
Changes for the year:		(A)	_	(D)	_	(A) - (D)
Service cost	\$	98,597	\$	_	\$	98,597
Interest	Ψ	249,239	Ψ	_	Ψ	249,239
Difference between expected and actual experience		(27,136)		_		(27,136)
Changes of assumptions		(27,130)				12,765
		12 765		_		
Contributions - employer		12,765		- 80 360		
Contributions - employee		12,765		80,360 39,895		(80,360)
Contributions - employee		12,765		39,895		(80,360) (39,895)
Contributions - employee Net investment income		12,765				(80,360)
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		- - -		39,895 505,244		(80,360) (39,895)
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		12,765 - - - (173,555)		39,895 505,244 (173,555)		(80,360) (39,895) (505,244)
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense		- - -		39,895 505,244 (173,555) (2,856)		(80,360) (39,895) (505,244)
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes		- - (173,555) -		39,895 505,244 (173,555) (2,856) (86)		(80,360) (39,895) (505,244) - 2,856 86
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes Net Changes		(173,555) - - 159,910		39,895 505,244 (173,555) (2,856) (86) 449,002		(80,360) (39,895) (505,244) - 2,856 86 (289,092)
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes	\$	- - (173,555) -	\$	39,895 505,244 (173,555) (2,856) (86)	\$	(80,360) (39,895) (505,244) - 2,856 86



Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the City's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 % Decrease in iscount Rate (5.75%)	Di	scount Rate (6.75%)	 % Increase in iscount Rate (7.75%)
Primary Government's Net Pension Liability	\$ 25,040,397	\$	6,086,756	\$ (9,512,372)
	 % Decrease in iscount Rate (5.75%)	Di	scount Rate (6.75%)	% Increase in iscount Rate (7.75%)
Component Units' Net Pension Liability	\$ 580,810	\$	110,521	\$ (276,630)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,127,967 for the primary government and \$89,113 for the component units.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Primary Government			
Deferred	Deferred		
Outflows of	Inflows of		
Resources	Resources		
4,746	\$ 1,795,562		
407,368	-		
-	4,003,178		
2,268,412			
2,680,526	\$ 5,798,740		
-	Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,746 407,368 - 2,268,412		



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Component Units				
		Deferred Outflows of		I	Deferred	
				Inflows of		
		Re	esources	R	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		\$	205	\$	48,162	
Changes in actuarial assumptions			8,652		-	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			-		139,091	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			64,625			
	Total	\$	73,482	\$	187,253	

\$2,268,413 for the primary government and \$64,625 for component units are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension Expense				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30		Primary Government			Component Units	
2021		\$	(1,571,170)	\$	(52,034)	
2022			(1,619,902)		(53,648)	
2023			(92,106)		(3,050)	
2024			(2,103,448)		(69,664)	
Total	l <u>:</u>	\$	(5,386,626)	\$	(178,396)	

2. Texas Emergency Services Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates in a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the TESRS and established and administered by the State to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. At August 31, 2019, there were 237 contributing fire and/or emergency services department members participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a member department.

On August 31, 2019, the TESRS system membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3,649
Terminated members entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	1,842
Active participants	3,702

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TESRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued CAFR that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. TESRS issues a publicly available annual financial report, which includes financial statements, notes, and Required Supplementary Information, and can be obtained at www.tesrs.org. The separately issued actuarial valuations that may be of interest are also available at the same link.

Benefits Provided

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), re-codified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees (the "Board") authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by Board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50 percent vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percentage increasing ten percent for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100 percent vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percentage multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2 percent compounded annually. There is no provision for automatic postretirement benefit increases.

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount or continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

Funding Policy

Contributions are made by governing bodies for the participating departments. No contributions are required from the individuals who are members of TESRS, nor are they allowed. The governing bodies of each participating department are required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services for a department (this minimum contribution is \$36 per member and the department may make a higher monthly contribution for its members). This is referred to as a Part One contribution, which is the legacy portion of the TESRS contribution that directly impacts future retiree annuities.

The State is required to contribute an amount necessary to make TESRS "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total of all contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year.

The Board rule defining contributions was amended effective July 27, 2014 to add the potential for actuarially determined Part Two contributions that would be required only if the expected future annual contributions from the State are not enough with the Part One contributions to provide an adequate contribution arrangement as determined by the most recent actuarial valuation. This Part Two portion, which is actuarially determined as a percentage of the Part One portion (not to exceed 15 percent), is to be actuarially adjusted near the end of each even-numbered calendar year based on

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

contributions are not required for an adequate contribution arrangement.

the most recent actuarial valuation. Based on the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2016, the Part Two contributions were established by the Board to be two percent of the Part One contributions beginning September 1, 2017. Based on the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation, the Part Two

Additional contributions may be made by governing bodies within two years of joining TESRS to grant up to ten years of credit for service per member. Prior service purchased must have occurred before the department began participation in TESRS.

A small subset of participating departments has a different contribution arrangement that is being phased out over time. In this arrangement, contributions made in addition to the monthly contributions for active members are made by local governing bodies on a pay-as-you-go basis for members who were pensioners when their respective departments merged into TESRS. There is no actuarial impact associated with this arrangement as the pay-as-you-go contributions made by these governing bodies are always equal to benefit payments paid by TESRS.

Contributions

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by Board rule, and there is no maximum contribution rate. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2019, total contributions (dues, prior service, and interest on prior service financing) of \$139,438 were paid by the City. The State appropriated \$1,329,224 for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2019 to TESRS as a whole.

Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to August 31, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

> Actuarial valuation date 8/31/2018 Actuarial cost method Entry age Amortization method Level dollar, open Remaining amortization period 30 years

Market value smoothed by a 5-year

deferred recognition method with an 80%/120% corridor on market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Asset valuation method

Investment rate of return* 7.75% Projected salary increases N/A *Includes inflation at 3.00% Cost-of-living adjustments None

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Lives Mortality Tables for males and for females projected to 2024 by scale AA. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future net real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

(currently 5.01%) and by adding expected inflation (3.00%). In addition, the final 7.75 percent assumption reflected a reduction of 0.26 percent for adverse deviation. The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Net Real
Asset Class		Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities			
Large cap domestic		32.0%	5.81%
Small cap domestic		15.0%	5.92%
Developed international		15.0%	6.21%
Emerging markets		5.0%	7.18%
Master limited partnership		5.0%	7.61%
Real Estate		5.0%	4.46%
Fixed income		23.0%	1.61%
	Total	100.0%	
Weighted average			5.01%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.75 percent. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in 30 years using the conservative level dollar amortization method. Because of the 30-year amortization period with the conservative amortization method and with a lower value of assets, TESRS's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the NPL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,388,972	\$ 781,487	\$ 374,847

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$781,487 for its proportionate share of TESRS's NPL. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the NPL, the related State support, and the total portion of the NPL that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the collective NPL		\$ 781,487
*State's proportionate share that is associated with the City		231,810
	Total	\$ 1,013,297

^{*}Calculated using the City's proportionate share of contributions multiplied by the State's share of the collective NPL.

The TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68) requires the NPL to be measured as of a date no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year. TESRS did not roll forward (nor did they provide the necessary information for the participants to roll forward) the NPL to be measured as of a date no earlier than the end of the City's prior fiscal year. While the City acknowledges that the measurement date does not fall within this 12-month period, the City elected to honor the conservatism principle and report an NPL measured as of August 31, 2019. The City used the assumption that any differences in the NPL measured as of August 31, 2019 versus September 30, 2019 would be immaterial. The employer's proportion of the NPL was based on the employer's contributions to TESRS relative to the contributions of all employers to TESRS for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective NPL was 2.757 percent, which was an increase of 0.617 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the TPL during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the TPL during the measurement period.

For the measurement year ended August 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of 185,180. The City recognized on-behalf revenues of \$10,870 calculated by taking the State's total contributions to TESRS multiplied by the City's proportionate share.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported its proportionate share of the TESRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Deferred utflows of	Deferred Inflows of
		R	Resources	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		\$	100,637	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience			-	945
Contributions paid to TESRS subsequent to the measurement date			114,679	
	Total	\$	215,316	\$ 945

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		
September 30	Pens	ion Expense
2021	\$	21,217
2022		11,125
2023		24,733
2024		42,617
Total	\$	99,692

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The City provides medical benefits to eligible retirees through an unfunded single-employer defined benefit plan (the "Plan"). The City pays a portion of the current monthly contribution rate for individual medical benefits for retirees meeting certain eligibility requirements. All active employees who retire directly from the City and meet the eligibility criteria may participate. Eligibility is based on retirement at, or after, age 55 and 20 years of service (age plus years of service equals 80). If age 56 or older on or before December 31, 2003, an employee may retire with 10 years of service if age plus years of service equals 75. If hired prior to October 1, 2001, an employee may retire with 25 years of service without regard to age. There is no City subsidy for dependent coverage and the cost of elected dependent coverage is paid entirely by the retiree. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (GASB 75).

Benefits

Medicare benefits continue after age 65 with the medical coverage offered as a supplement to Medicare benefits. Dental and life insurance benefits are also made available to retirees, but these benefits are not subsidized by the City and are not included the actuarial valuation. The retiree pays a percentage of the contribution for individual pre-65 medical coverage based on points (retirement age plus years of service). This contribution ranges from 25% for 80 or more points to 92.5% for 71 or less points. The retiree pays 20% of the individual Medicare supplement benefit contribution for any dependent coverage elected. Pre-65 medical benefits are provided through the TML

Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool and Medicare supplement benefits are provided through United Healthcare.

Participation in Plan as of September 30, 2020 is summarized below:

		Primary	Component
		Government	Units
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits		59	3
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits		-	-
Active employees		284	12
	Total	343	15

Total OPEB Liability

Mortality

The City's total OPEB liability of \$26,001,292 for the primary government and \$783,967 for the component units were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to measure as of September 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to measurement date September 30, 2020, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Discount rate*	2.41%
Health care trend rate	Pre-65: Initial rate of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 13 years; Post-
	65: Initial rate of 6.30% declining to an ulitmate rate of 4.25% after 13 years
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age normal
Demographic assumptions	Based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31,2018

as conducted for the TMRS.

For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the MP tables published through 2019 to account for

future mortality improvements.

Health care trend rate Pre-65: Initial rate of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 13 years;

Post-65: Initial rate of 6.30% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 13 years

Participation rates 75% for retirees eligible for 75% subsidy;

20% for retirees eligible for 50% subsidy;

0% for retirees not eligible for at least a 50% subsidy;

0% for those retiring before age 50

^{*} The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of September 30, 2020.



Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
		Primary	C	omponent
	Government		Units	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$	1,017,161	\$	45,043
Interest		644,964		28,562
Changes of assumptions		1,307,011		57,880
Difference between expected and actual experience		(72,693)		(3,219)
Benefit payments		(383,397)		(16,978)
Net Changes		2,513,046		111,288
Balance at September 30, 2019		23,488,246		672,679
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$	26,001,292	\$	783,967

Change of assumptions reflected a change in the discount rate from 2.75 percent as of September 30, 2019 to 2.41 percent as of September 30, 2020.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Costs Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.45%)	Discount Rate (2.41%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.41%)
Primary Government's Total OPEB Liability	\$ 31,416,870	\$ 26,001,292	\$ 21,784,993
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.45%)	Discount Rate (2.41%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.41%)
Component Units' Total OPEB Liability	\$ 947,561	\$ 783,967	\$ 656,449

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the assumed trend rates if that rate was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rates:

	1	% Decrease	Cos	ent Healthcare st Trend Rate Assumption	 1% Increase
Primary Government's Total OPEB Liability	\$	20,842,059	\$	26,001,292	\$ 33,008,744
				ent Healthcare st Trend Rate	
	1	% Decrease	A	Assumption	1% Increase

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,468,551 for the primary government and \$122,059 for the component units.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government			
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	3,771,942	\$	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,055,928		64,401
Total	\$	5,827,870	\$	64,401
			,	
		Compon	ent Un	nits
	_	Compon Deferred		nits Deferred
]	
		Deferred]	Deferred
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	Deferred Outflows of]	Deferred inflows of
Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	Deferred Outflows of Resources] 	Deferred inflows of
1	\$	Deferred Outflows of Resources] 	Deferred inflows of Resources



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB Expense			
Year Ended		Primary		Component
September 30		Government		Units
2021	\$	830,640	\$	24,240
2022		830,640		24,240
2023		830,640		24,240
2024		830,640		24,240
2025		830,640		24,240
Thereafter		1,610,269		46,995
Total	\$	5,763,469	\$	168,195

2. TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits

Plan Description

The City participates in an OPEB plan administered by TMRS. TMRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the SDBF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate (based on the covered payroll of employee members) as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

The contributions to the SDBF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The TMRS Act requires the PTF to allocate a five percent interest credit from investment income to the SDBF on an annual basis each December 31 based on the mean balance in the SDBF during the year.

Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated). Participation in the SDBF as of December 31, 2019 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	153
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	36
Active employees	311
Total	500

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,095,711 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Discount rate 2.75%*
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Zero

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for under reporting

requirements under GASB 68.

Mortality rates-service retirees 2019 Muncipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates-disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for males

and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

^{*} The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB
		Liability
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$	30,862
Interest		40,257
Difference between expected and actual experience		(213,987)
Changes of assumptions		173,019
Benefit payments*	_	(8,230)
Net Changes		21,921
Balance at December 31, 2018		1,073,790
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	1,095,711

^{*} Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75.

The discount rate decreased from 3.71 percent as of December 31, 2018 to 2.75 percent as of December 31, 2019. There were no other changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in				1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate (1.75%)		Di	scount Rate (2.75%)	Discount Rate (3.75%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,329,615	\$	1,095,711	\$	914,383		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$83,309.

The City reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Doforrod

Deferred

	0	utflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	188,791	\$	45,804
Difference between expected and actual experience		75,174		181,066
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,619		
	\$	270,584	\$	226,870

\$6,619 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB			
September 30	Expense			
2021	\$	12,190		
2022		12,190		
2023		12,190		
2024		6,543		
2025		(2,870)		
Thereafter		(3,148)		
Total	\$	37,095		

3. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Plan's trust arrangements are established to protect deferred compensation amounts of employees under the Plan from any other use than intended under the Plan (eventual payment to employees deferring the compensation) in accordance with federal tax laws. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees under Plan provisions are disbursed monthly by the City to a third-party administrator. The third-party administrator handles all funds in the Plan and makes investment decisions and disburses funds to employees in accordance with Plan provisions.

E. Industrial District Contracts

A significant portion of the City's revenue is derived from separate contractual agreements (the "Contracts") with 27 separate industrial companies (the "Companies") that lie within the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction (known as the "Industrial District"). In 2007, the City and the Companies located in the Industrial District agreed to new Contracts extending to December 31, 2014. The City completed negotiations on new Contracts with the Companies located in the Industrial District, with a new expiration date of December 31, 2026. These Contracts call for each Company to annually render to the City a written description of its land, improvements, and tangible personal property as

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

of the immediately preceding January 1 (based on the opinion of the legal counsel for the Harris County Appraisal District that the value of land and improvements that were not physically located within the corporate area of the City could not be included in the City's tax roll). The Companies have agreed to pay an amount "in lieu" of taxes in the unannexed area of an amount equal to the sum of 63 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements that existed on each January 1 had been within the corporate limits of the City. Under the new Contract, the Companies have agreed to pay an amount "in lieu" of taxes in the unannexed area of an amount equal to the sum of 63 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements that existed on January 1, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 had been within the corporate limits of the City; 64 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements that existed on January 1, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 had been within the corporate limits of the City; and 65 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements which existed on January 1, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026 had been within the corporate limits of the City. Payments "in lieu" of taxes on new construction will be based on percentages of new value as described in the Contract as ten percent the first year, 20 percent the second year, 30 percent the third year, 40 percent the fourth year, 50 percent the fifth year, and 100 percent after the fifth year of operations. For new construction in excess of \$100,000,000, the new Contracts allow for each Company to negotiate these payment percentages. If those particular negotiations are not completed by January 1, the stated Contract rates will apply to the new construction value. During the fiscal year, the City received revenues of \$12,660,382 related to these Contracts.

F. Operating Leases

Effective May 29, 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement (the "Agreement") with a tenant to operate the City's municipal golf course. The Agreement extends through May 31, 2023. The term of the Agreement may be extended for four, five-year extensions upon the mutual agreement of the City and the tenant. As part of the Agreement, the City receives monthly rent payments based upon an annual minimum rent amount plus a percentage of gross revenues. However, in September 2016, an amendment to the Agreement temporarily reduced the monthly rent payment and temporarily eliminated the percentage rent payment.

The City leases golf carts for the City's municipal golf course. Total operating lease costs were \$19,348 for the year ended September 30, 2020. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending	Golf
Sept. 30	Carts
2021	\$ 77,395
2022	77,395
2023	77,395
2024	 58,047
Total	\$ 290,232

G. Transfer Station Closure Cost

The City operates a municipal solid waste transfer station (the "Transfer Station"), which is currently permitted for 200 tons per day of municipal solid waste transfer. Transfer stations are facilities where municipal solid waste is unloaded from collection vehicles and held until the waste is reloaded onto larger transport vehicles for shipment to landfills or other treatment/disposal facilities.

As of September 30, 2020, the total estimated closure costs for the City's Transfer Station are \$54,217. The reported liability represents 100 percent of the closure costs for the Transfer Station. The liability is based on an engineering study performed in March 2002 that estimated the total closure costs. The estimated closure costs are adjusted annually using the Implicit Price Deflator for Gross National Product published by the United States Department of Commerce. The actual cost may differ from the estimate due to inflation, changes in technology, or regulatory changes.

H. Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreement

Chapter 380, Miscellaneous Provisions Relating to Municipal Planning and Development, of the Texas Local Government Code provides the authority to the governing body of a municipality to establish and provide for the administration of one or more programs, including programs to promote state or local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the municipality. The City has entered into a Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreement (the "Agreement") with one developer (the "Developer"). The term of this Agreement is for a period of 16 years. This Developer agreed to make real property improvements as part of a retail development (the "Project") including the construction of water and sanitary sewer facilities and traffic and roadway improvements to support the Project. The Developer also agreed to employ and maintain a minimum number of full-time equivalent employment positions working at the retail development site. Between the years ending 2019 through 2022, the City has agreed to reimburse the Developer \$1,000 for each job created/retained up to a maximum of \$465,000 over the four-year period. The City also agreed to pay the Developer a percentage of sales and use tax collected on the property, which ranges from 100 percent of the collections in calendar year 2017 to 50 percent of the collections in calendar year 2031. Lastly, the City agreed to pay the Developer 100 percent of the property tax increment revenues for tax years 2016 through 2025. The aggregate total of all grant program payments made by the City to the Developer shall not exceed \$4,175,750. During fiscal year 2020, the City recognized expenditures of \$130,000 related to this Agreement.

I. Subsequent Events

In December 2020, the City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2020 (the "Certificates") in the amount of \$5,000,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used to pay the costs associated with the repair and renovation, the construction of improvements to and the equipment of the City's waterworks and sanitary sewer system. The Certificates will mature on March 15, 2040 and interest rates range from 3.00 to 4.00 percent.

In December 2020, the City also issued Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (the "Bonds") in the amount of \$6,570,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to defease \$2,260,000 of Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011, \$3,655,000 of Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012, and \$1,365,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. The Bonds will mature on March 15, 2032 and interest rates range from 2.00 to 4.00 percent.



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

In January 2021, the City entered into a capital lease with PNC Equipment Finance for various equipment for the municipal golf course. The lease term is for 36 months, with monthly payments of \$6,974 beginning February 15, 2021.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Revenues	Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Property taxes	\$ 16.2	54,777	\$	16 254 777	\$	16,040,772	\$	(214,005)
Industrial district taxes		05,000	Ф	16,254,777 12,105,000	Ф	12,660,382	Ф	555,382
Sales taxes		00,000		6,500,000		7,086,318		586,318
Franchise fees		00,000		1,800,000		1,884,424		84,424
Fees and fines		87,500		1,287,500		1,024,971		(262,529)
Licenses and permits		05,500		605,500		414,973		(202,329) $(190,527)$
Intergovernmental		51,950		51,950		1,898,546		1,846,596
Charges for services		13,059						
_				4,213,059		3,606,397		(606,662)
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		40,000		1,040,000		1,347,287		307,287
Total Revenues		33,000 90,786		395,799		211,434		(184,365) 1,921,919
	45,6	90,780	_	44,253,585		46,175,504	_	1,921,919
Expenditures Current:								
General Government:								
Mayor and council		63,650		63,650		26,545		37,105
City manager		25,692		1,025,692		964,249		61,443
Boards and commissions		15,408		15,408		10,595		4,813
Municipal court		77,701		477,701		459,790		17,911
General government		66,035		3,966,035		2,808,743		1,157,292
Legal services		75,100		175,100		158,616		16,484
Human resources		06,156		406,156		375,856		30,300
Information technology services		09,489		1,709,489		1,618,469		91,020
Finance		15,863		721,063		719,433		1,630
City secretary		55,046		457,146		457,120		26
Warehouse		80,541		84,241		84,206		35
Total General Government		90,681	_	9,101,681		7,683,622		1,418,059
Community Development:								
Planning and development	1,3	14,097		1,314,097		1,297,866		16,231
Administration	8	12,345		812,345		732,309		80,036
Beautification		30,000		30,000		-		30,000
Park maintenance		05,125		2,105,125		2,013,523		91,602
Recreation		74,320		774,320		568,922		205,398
Athletics and aquatics		19,071		819,071		609,813		209,258
Senior services		84,646		636,646		465,971		170,675
After-school program		75,875		375,875		314,447		61,428
Drama		63,757		463,757		397,022		66,735
Library		15,899		1,215,899		1,081,249		134,650
Total Community Development		95,135		8,547,135		7,481,122		1,066,013

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Works:					
Building maintenance	\$ 897,721	\$ 897,721	\$ 842,377	\$	55,344
Sanitation	3,957,714	4,173,041	4,173,004		37
Street maintenance	2,078,193	2,078,193	1,350,840		727,353
Fleet maintenance	673,869	673,869	602,228		71,641
Traffic	572,617	572,617	467,499		105,118
Humane division	445,314	454,514	304,329		150,185
Total Public Works	8,625,428	8,849,955	7,740,277		1,109,678
Public Safety:					
Police	10,726,803	10,726,803	10,592,487		134,316
Emergency management	461,475	521,475	494,842		26,633
Fire department	949,608	949,608	737,162		212,446
Emergency medical services	1,443,241	1,545,441	1,545,399		42
Fire marshal	193,913	193,913	 175,151		18,762
Total Public Safety	13,775,040	13,937,240	13,545,041		392,199
Parks and Recreation:					
Golf course lease	521,300	608,300	484,251		124,049
Total Parks and Recreation	521,300	608,300	484,251		124,049
Debt service:					
Principal	452,876	438,905	309,749		129,156
Interest and other charges	9,789	9,789	9,789		-
Total Debt Service	462,665	448,694	319,538		129,156
Capital outlay	3,485,483	3,458,077	2,669,218		788,859
Total Expenditures	44,455,732	44,951,082	39,923,069		5,028,013
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(564,946)	(697,497)	6,252,435		6,949,932
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	481,222	481,222	414,992		(66,230)
Transfers (out)	(1,364,276)	(1,612,375)	(3,117,744)		(1,505,369) *
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	10,000	10,000	81,830		71,830
Capital lease proceeds	1,438,000	1,438,000	1,436,693		(1,307)
Total Other Financing (Uses)	564,946	316,847	(1,184,229)		(1,501,076)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$ (380,650)	5,068,206	\$	5,448,856
Beginning fund balance			41,906,625		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 46,974,831		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 2. *Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control as transfers and principal payments are budgeted at the department level but presented separately for reporting purposes.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

				Measuren	ient	Year*		
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	2,681,792	\$	3,011,767	\$	3,179,205	\$	3,285,191
Interest (on the total pension liability)		7,460,704		7,763,831		7,931,982		8,293,823
Difference between expected and actual experience		(718,727)		108,094		(18,490)		(107,539)
Change of assumptions		-		1,074,743		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions	_	(5,388,710)		(5,128,029)		(5,758,334)		(5,811,848)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		4,035,059	_	6,830,406		5,334,363	_	5,659,627
Beginning total pension liability	_	107,934,947	_	111,970,006		118,800,412	_	124,134,775
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	111,970,006	\$	118,800,412	\$	124,134,775	\$	129,794,402
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	2,442,022	\$	2,545,558	\$	2,519,299	\$	2,709,671
Contributions - employee		1,172,340		1,233,609		1,276,057		1,320,869
Net investment income		5,837,195		156,470		7,078,549		15,213,811
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(5,388,710)		(5,128,029)		(5,758,334)		(5,811,848)
Administrative expense		(60,949)		(95,310)		(79,953)		(78,855)
Other	_	(5,011)		(4,708)		(4,308)		(3,995)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	3,996,887	_	(1,292,410)		5,031,310	_	13,349,653
Beginning plan fiduciary net position	_	102,048,717	_	106,045,604	_	104,753,194		109,784,504
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	106,045,604	\$	104,753,194	\$	109,784,504	\$	123,134,157
Net Pension Liability	\$	5,924,402	\$	14,047,218	\$	14,350,271	\$	6,660,245
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of								
Total Pension Liability		94.71%		88.18%		88.44%		94.87%
Covered Payroll	\$	16,747,712	\$	17,622,979	\$	18,229,388	\$	18,869,562
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of								
Covered Payroll		35.37%		79.71%		78.72%		35.30%

^{*} Only six years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next four-year period.

2018	2019					
3,355,488	\$ 3,559,467					
8,688,403	8,997,803					
(1,674,357)	(979,655)					
-	460,845					
(5,510,116)	(6,265,529)					
4,859,418	5,772,931					
_						
129,794,402	134,653,820					
134,653,820	\$ 140,426,751					

Measurement Year*

\$

\$	2,800,763	\$	2,901,070
	1,357,712		1,440,247
	(3,687,499)		18,239,872
	(5,510,116)		(6,265,529)
	(71,286)		(103,096)
	(3,724)		(3,097)
	(5,114,150)		16,209,467
	123,134,157		118,020,007
\$	118,020,007	\$	134,229,474
\$	16,633,813	\$	6,197,277
	0= 6=04		0.7.700/
	87.65%		95.59%
¢.	10 205 002	¢.	20 574 055
\$	19,395,882	\$	20,574,955

85.76%

30.12%



SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TESRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Measure	ment	Year*				
		2014	2015		2016		2017		
City's proportion of the net pension liability		2.12%	1.93%		2.15%		1.85%		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$ 384,385	\$ 514,241	\$	626,893	\$	443,551		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		129,211	178,251	_	216,723		145,246		
	Total	\$ 513,596	\$ 692,492	\$	843,616	\$	588,797		
Number of active members**		80	76		82		62		
City's net pension liability per active member		\$ 4,805	\$ 6,766	\$	7,645	\$	7,154		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.50%	76.90%		76.30%		81.40%		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability (TPL) during the measurement period.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the TPL during the measurement period.

- * Only six year's of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next four-year period.
- ** There is no compensation for active members. Number of active members is used instead.

Measurement Year*							
	2018	2019					
	2.14%		2.76%				
\$	463,753	\$	781,487				
	168,353		231,810				
\$	632,106	\$	1,013,297				
	65		77				
\$	7,152	\$	10,149				
	84.30%		80.20%				



TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Fiscal Year*			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,407,731	\$ 2,527,680	\$ 2,632,998	\$ 2,650,445	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,407,731	2,527,680	2,632,998	2,650,445	
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll	\$ 16,455,020	\$ 17,449,288	\$ 18,824,716	\$ 18,622,310	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.63%	14.49%	13.99%	14.23%	

^{*}Only seven years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next three-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 26 years

Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2018.

Mortality Post retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

3. Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{**}The City elected to make fiscal year 2020 contributions at a higher rate of 14.10% instead of the actuarially determined contribution rate of 13.98%.

Fisc	cal	Ye	ar*

	1 iscai i cai		
2018	2019	2020**	
\$ 2,767,719	\$ 2,881,927	\$	2,998,530
2,767,719	2,881,927		3,051,477
\$ -	\$ -	\$	(52,947)
\$ 19,192,732	\$ 20,322,430	\$	21,641,689
14.42%	14.18%		14.10%



TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TESRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Fiscal Year*						
	2014		2015		2016		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 96,300	\$	91,000	\$ 98,600	98,600	\$	89,400
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 96,300		91,000		98,600		89,400
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	
Number of active members**	80		76		82		75
Contributions per active member	\$ 1,204	\$	1,197	\$	1,202	\$	1,192

^{*}Only seven years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next three-year period.

^{**}There is no compensation for active members. Number of active members is used instead.

Fiscal	Year*

-		-		
2020	2019		2018	
38 \$ 114	139,438	\$	102,714	\$
38 114	139,438		102,714	
- \$		\$		\$
77	77		71	
11 \$ 1	1,811	\$	1,447	\$

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND (TMRS SDBF)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Measurement Year*							
		2017		2018		2019		
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	26,417	\$	32,973	\$	30,862		
Interest (on the total pension liability)		32,262		32,643		40,257		
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		108,364		(213,987)		
Changes of assumptions		78,416		(66,027)		173,019		
Benefit payments		(7,548)		(7,758)		(8,230)		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		129,547		100,195		21,921		
Beginning total OPEB liability	_	844,048		973,595		1,073,790		
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	973,595	\$	1,073,790	\$	1,095,711		
Covered Payroll	\$	18,869,562	\$	19,395,882	\$	20,574,955		
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		5.16%		5.54%		5.33%		

^{*} Only three years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next seven-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Discount rate 2.75%

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted

for under reporting requirements under GASB 68.

Mortality - service retirees 2019 Muncipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality - disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-

forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements

subject to the floor.

Other Information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2019.

Changes in assumptions include the annual change in the municipal bond index rate.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{**}Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Measurement Year*							
		2018		2019		2020		
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	361,607	\$	884,305	\$	1,062,204		
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		664,510		691,879		673,526		
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		2,731,910		(75,912)		
Change of assumptions		-		3,473,501		1,364,891		
Benefit payments		(425,313)		(439,755)		(400,375)		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		600,804		7,341,840		2,624,334		
		17.210.201		16.010.005		24.160.025		
Beginning total OPEB liability		16,218,281		16,819,085		24,160,925		
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	16,819,085	\$	24,160,925	\$	26,785,259		
Covered Payroll	\$	16,778,986	\$	20,234,735	\$	21,493,323		
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		100.24%		119.40%		124.62%		

^{*} Only three years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next seven-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

- 1. There were no change of benefits during the year.
- 2. Changes of assumptions reflect a change in discount rate from 2.75% to 2.41% to conform with the discount selection requirements of GASB 75. Additionally, the demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the 2019 TMRS Experience Study.



COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budget Bud		Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	4,539,424	\$	4,539,424	\$	4,485,377	\$	(54,047)
Intergovernmental		1,308,447		1,308,477		1,216,797		(91,680)
Investment earnings		32,000		32,000		18,142		(13,858)
Total Revenues		5,879,871		5,879,901		5,720,316		(159,585)
Expenditures								
Debt service:								
Principal		4,353,223		3,809,954		3,809,954		-
Interest and other charges		1,204,900		826,859		826,859		
Total Expenditures		5,558,123		4,636,813		4,636,813		
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		321,748		1,243,088		1,083,503		(159,585)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		30,000		30,000		21,377		(8,623)
Debt issued		-		4,240,000		4,240,000		-
Premium on bonds issued		-		522,985		731,083		208,098
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		-		(4,913,313)		(4,913,313)		-
Transfer out		-		(770,982)		(770,982)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		30,000		(891,310)		(691,835)		199,475
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	351,748	\$	351,778		391,668	\$	39,890
Beginning fund balance						5,766,586		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	6,158,254		

Notes to Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund

This fund is used to account for proceeds from hotel/motel occupancy taxes received during the year. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to tourism activities. An appropriations style budget is adopted for this fund on an annual basis.

Grants Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt of grant funds from the State or Federal Government. The use of these funds is governed by the terms of the grant.

Police Forfeiture Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues derived from crime seizures that are to be used for law enforcement purposes.

Municipal Court Fund

This fund is used to account for specific revenues derived from fees generated by Municipal Court.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

1997 Streets Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the expenditures of such funds to improve Battleground Road.

Streets Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the expenditures of such funds to improve East Boulevard and East X Street.

General Obligations Series 2005 Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds to construct and/or improve various public buildings, purchase of land for parks and recreation facilities, street improvement projects, and sidewalk construction.

Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2007

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds for improvements to City parks, the drainage system, and the expansions of City Hall and the library.

Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2015

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds for the acquisition and construction of additions and improvements to the City's streets, sidewalks, and related drainage facilities.



Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2016

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds for the acquisition and construction of additions and improvements to the City's streets, sidewalks, and related drainage facilities.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 1 of 2) September 30, 2020

Special Revenue Funds

238,424

238,424

241,082

\$

71,589

71,589

71,589

90,151

90,151

102,834

		 otel/Motel supancy Tax	Grants	Police Forfeiture		Municipal Court	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable		\$ 507,409 81,983	\$ 134,988 106,094	\$	71,589	\$	102,834
	Total Assets	\$ 589,392	\$ 241,082	\$	71,589	\$	102,834
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balan</u> Liabilities:	ces						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		\$ 8,874	\$ 2,658	\$	-	\$	1,519 5,298
Due to other funds		 	 		-		5,866
	Total Liabilities	 8,874	2,658				12,683
Fund balances: Restricted							

580,518

580,518

589,392

\$

Enabling legislation

Total Fund Balances

Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

Special projects

Capital projects



ds

1997 Streets Streets		General Obligation Series 2005		 IBF 2007	 CIBF 2015	CIBF 2016		
\$ 60	\$	98,874	\$	269,867	\$ 248,865	\$ 289,134	\$	495,168
\$ 60	\$	98,874	\$	269,867	\$ 248,865	\$ 289,134	\$	495,168
\$ - - -	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$ 27,790	\$ - -	\$	33,215
-		-		-	27,790			33,215
- -		-		-	-	-		-
60		98,874		269,867	221,075	289,134		461,953
60		98,874		269,867	221,075	 289,134		461,953
\$ 60	\$	98,874	\$	269,867	\$ 248,865	\$ 289,134	\$	495,168

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) September 30, 2020

		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable		\$ 2,115,954
Accounts receivable		 290,911
,	Total Assets	\$ 2,406,865
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		\$ 74,056
Accrued liabilities		5,298
Due to other funds		5,866
Tota	al Liabilities	85,220
Fund balances:		
Restricted		
Enabling legislation		742,258
Special projects		238,424
Capital projects		1,340,963
Total Fu	nd Balances	 2,321,645
Total Liabilities and Fu	nd Balances	\$ 2,406,865

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Special Rev	enue F	unds	
	tel/Motel ipancy Tax	Grants		Police orfeiture	 Municipal Court
Revenues Hotel/motel taxes Fees and fines	\$ 430,717	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - 152,376
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	- - -	789,216 - - 103,504		350 23,402	99,556
Total Revenues	430,717	892,720		23,752	251,932
Expenditures Current: General government	_	9,658		_	46,292
Community development Public safety Debt service:	253,640	96,889 794,680		2,878	112,737
Interest and other charges Capital outlay	 -	<u>-</u>		- -	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 253,640	 901,227		2,878	159,029
Over (Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)	177,077	 (8,507)		20,874	 92,903
Transfers (out)	 (183,142)	 			 (127,467)
Total Other Financing (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances	 (6,065)	 (8,507)		20,874	 (34,564)
Beginning fund balances	 586,583	 246,931		50,715	 124,715
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 580,518	\$ 238,424	\$	71,589	\$ 90,151

~	-		-
Capital	Droi	innt	H'iinde
Capitai	110	I CCL	runus

1997 Streets		S	treets	0	Capital Pro General Obligation eries 2005	CIBF 2007	 CIBF 2015	CIBF 2016		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		713		2,875	4,248	14,254		2,486	
	60		-		2,673		-		2,460	
	60		713		2,875	 4,248	 14,254		2,486	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	- -		- -		- -	 2,650 449,984	 685,258		117,100	
-						452,634	685,258		117,100	
	60		713		2,875	 (448,386)	 (671,004)		(114,614)	
					(2,875)	(4,248)	(14,254)		_	
					(2,875)	(4,248)	(14,254)		-	
	60		713		-	(452,634)	(685,258)		(114,614)	
			98,161		269,867	673,709	 974,392		576,567	
\$	60	\$	98,874	\$	269,867	\$ 221,075	\$ 289,134	\$	461,953	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Revenues				
Hotel/motel taxes	\$ 430,717			
Fees and fines	152,376			
Intergovernmental	789,216			
Charges for services	99,556			
Investment earnings	24,926			
Miscellaneous	 126,966			
Total Revenues	 1,623,757			
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	55,950			
Community development	350,529			
Public safety	910,295			
Debt service:				
Interest and other charges	2,650			
Capital outlay	1,252,342			
Total Expenditures	 2,571,766			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(948,009)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (out)	 (331,986)			
Total Other Financing (Uses)	 (331,986)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,279,995)			
Beginning fund balances	3,601,640			
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 2,321,645			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax								
		Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	Ф	(22,900	¢.	(22,800	¢.	420.717	Ф	(102.002)	
Hotel/motel occupancy taxes	\$	622,809	\$	622,809	\$	430,717	\$	(192,092)	
Total Revenues Expenditures	_	622,809		622,809		430,717		(192,092)	
Current:									
Community development		418,030		418,030		253,640		164,390	
Capital outlay	_	239,000		239,000				239,000	
Total Expenditures		657,030		657,030		253,640		403,390	
Expenditures		(34,221)		(34,221)		177,077		211,298	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers (out)		(214,000)		(214,000)		(183,142)		30,858	
Total Other Financing (Uses)	_	(214,000)		(214,000)		(183,142)		30,858	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(248,221)	\$	(248,221)		(6,065)	\$	242,156	
Beginning fund balance						586,583			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	580,518			
				Gra	nts				
	Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts			ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	948,480	\$	4,174,125	\$	789,216	\$	(3,384,909)	
Miscellaneous	_		_			103,504		103,504	
Total Revenues	_	948,480		4,174,125		892,720		(3,281,405)	
Expenditures Current:									
General government		-		-		9,658		(9,658) *	
Community development		310,000		3,444,525		96,889		3,347,636	
Public works	_	638,480		729,600		794,680		(65,080) *	
Total Expenditures	_	948,480	_	4,174,125	_	901,227		3,272,898	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>		(8,507)	\$	(8,507)	
Beginning fund balance						246,931			
					Φ.	220, 42.4			

Notes to Supplementary Information:

Ending Fund Balance

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- *Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control as the Grants Fund includes two sub-funds.
 Only one of the sub-funds has an adopted budget. The variance noted above are expenditures from the fund without an adopted budget.

238,424

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts	1	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$ 600	\$	600	\$	350	\$	(250)
Miscellaneous	 12,037		12,037		23,402		11,365
Total Revenues	12,637		12,637		23,752		11,115
Expenditures Current:	10 (27		10 (27		2.070		0.750
Public safety	 12,637		12,637		2,878		9,759
Total Expenditures	 12,637		12,637		2,878		9,759
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ _	\$			20,874	\$	20,874
Beginning fund balance					50,715		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	71,589		
			Municipa	al Cou	ırt		
	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Fees and fines Charges for services	\$ 181,700 95,000	\$	181,700 95,000	\$	152,376 99,556	\$	(29,324) 4,556
Total Revenues	276,700		276,700		251,932		(24,768)
Expenditures Current:	270,700						(2 1,7,00)
General government	65,940		65,940		46,292		19,648
Public safety	 113,800		113,800		112,737		1,063
Total Expenditures	 179,740		179,740		159,029		20,711
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	96,960		96,960		92,903		(4,057)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out)	 (162,839)		(162,839)		(127,467)		35,372
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(162,839)		(162,839)		(127,467)		35,372
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (65,879)	\$	(65,879)		(34,564)	\$	31,315
Beginning fund balance					124,715		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	90,151		

Notes to Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

September 30, 2020

		Governmen	tal Activities	
	Crime Control & Prevention District	Fire Control	Deer Park Community Development Corporation	Total
<u>Assets</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,621,793	\$ 44,504	\$ 7,946,889	\$ 10,613,186
Accounts receivable, net	286,910	282,099	560,423	1,129,432
Due from primary government	48,784	65,638	30	114,452
Noncurrent assets:				
Building	1,986,280	87,641	-	2,073,921
Improvements	808,675	115,182	-	923,857
Machinery and equipment	2,433,916	3,126,501	-	5,560,417
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,942,504)			(3,289,336)
Total Assets	6,243,854	2,374,733	8,507,342	17,125,929
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	28,971	44,511	_	73,482
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Health)	72,814	98,233	_	171,047
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	101,785	142,744		244,529
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	127,735	48,748	-	176,483
Due to primary government	1,917	1,461	-	3,378
Accrued liabilities	28,032	26,967	_	54,999
Capital leases payable	-	143,392	-	143,392
Noncurrent liabilities:		•		ŕ
Capital leases payable	-	629,293	_	629,293
Net pension liability - TMRS	91,270	19,251	_	110,521
Total OPEB liability - Health	269,939	514,028	_	783,967
Total Liabilities	518,893	1,383,140		1,902,033
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	47,917	139,336		187,253
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (Health)	1,331	1,521	_	2,852
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	49,248	140,857		190,105
Total Deletted Innovis of Resources	12,210	110,027		170,103
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	3,286,367	1,209,807	-	4,496,174
Special projects - restricted contributions	2,491,131	(216,327)	8,507,342	10,782,146
Total Net Position	\$ 5,777,498	\$ 993,480	\$ 8,507,342	\$ 15,278,320

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Government	tal Activities	
		Fire Control	Deer Park	
	Crime Control	Prevention,	Community	
	& Prevention	& EMS	Development	
	District	District	Corporation	Total
Operating Revenues			F	
Sales taxes	\$ 1,752,935	\$ 1,747,241	\$ 3,539,031	\$ 7,039,207
Total Operating Revenues	1,752,935	1,747,241	3,539,031	7,039,207
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	791,154	984,352	-	1,775,506
Contractual services	5,100	99,546	2,000	106,646
Repairs and maintenance	281,630	140,438	-	422,068
Other supplies and expenses	135,903	147,944	1,216,797	1,500,644
Depreciation	440,974	247,033		688,007
Total Operating Expenses	1,654,761	1,619,313	1,218,797	4,492,871
Operating Income	98,174	127,928	2,320,234	2,546,336
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment earnings	3,977	567	3,340	7,884
Intergovernmental revenue	48,776	64,524	-	113,300
Miscellaneous revenue	39,445	336	_	39,781
Interest and fiscal agent fees		(16,981)		(16,981)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	92,198	48,446	3,340	143,984
Change in Net Position	190,372	176,374	2,323,574	2,690,320
Beginning net position	5,587,126	817,106	6,183,768	12,588,000
Ending Net Position	\$ 5,777,498	\$ 993,480	\$ 8,507,342	\$ 15,278,320

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and Required Supplementary Information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	132
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	142
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.	
Debt Capacity	152
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	162
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	165
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Yea	ır	
	2011	2012		2013*	2014
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30,587,182	\$ 29,597,630	\$	35,765,964	\$ 41,639,757
Restricted	4,102,964	4,574,770		7,982,104	5,508,456
Unrestricted	11,159,636	13,180,581		17,087,208	19,126,447
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 45,849,782	\$ 47,352,981	\$	60,835,276	\$ 66,274,660
Business-Type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,512,082	\$ 20,056,649	\$	16,499,908	\$ 16,377,808
Restricted	-	-		984,962	152,344
Unrestricted	5,293,599	5,869,151		5,186,325	6,877,343
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 20,805,681	\$ 25,925,800	\$	22,671,195	\$ 23,407,495
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 46,099,264	\$ 49,654,279	\$	52,265,872	\$ 58,017,565
Restricted	4,102,964	4,574,770		8,967,066	5,660,800
Unrestricted	16,453,235	19,049,732		22,273,533	26,003,790
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 66,655,463	\$ 73,278,781	\$	83,506,471	\$ 89,682,155

Notes:

^{*} During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

Fisca	П	V	00	114
risca	1	1	eа	Г

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	44,597,669	\$	47,111,755	\$	56,664,574	\$	65,700,068	\$	74,104,011	\$	77,907,555
	5,487,510		6,544,124		6,658,676		6,998,162		6,873,691		7,237,870
	23,162,700		25,809,239		23,326,217		23,207,630		23,616,264		27,521,840
\$	73,247,879	\$	79,465,118	\$	86,649,467	\$	95,905,860	\$	104,593,966	\$	112,667,265
\$	15,978,461	\$	15,837,484	\$	16,822,172	\$	18,011,665	\$	19,598,349	\$	16,818,608
	147,896		147,229		146,542		-		-		-
	7,828,651		8,636,643		6,675,062		8,400,675		8,276,132		11,962,297
\$	23,955,008	\$	24,621,356	\$	23,643,776	\$	26,412,340	\$	27,874,481	\$	28,780,905
\$	60,576,130	\$	62,949,239	\$	73,486,746	\$	83,711,733	\$	93,702,360	\$	94,726,163
Φ	5,635,406	Ф	6,691,353	Ф	6,805,218	Φ	6,998,162	Ф	6,873,691	Ф	7,237,870
	30,991,351		34,445,882		30,001,279		31,608,305		31,892,396		39,484,137
\$	97,202,887	\$	104,086,474	\$	110,293,243	\$	122,318,200	\$	132,468,447	\$	141,448,170
Ψ	71,202,001	Ψ	101,000,777	Ψ	110,273,273	Ψ	122,510,200	Ψ	152, 100, 117	Ψ	111,170,170

Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2011		2012		2013*		2014
Expenses								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	13,666,778	\$	11,708,476	\$	11,004,030	\$	6,875,093
Public safety		8,927,783		9,077,372		8,749,188		11,085,867
Public works		5,592,366		6,053,467		5,763,687		7,167,383
Parks and recreation		2,154,431		2,436,909		2,289,706		879,371
Community development		6,443,264		6,483,611		6,348,454		8,093,613
Interest on long-term debt		1,606,938		1,642,422		1,120,112		1,042,305
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		38,391,560		37,402,257		35,275,177		35,143,632
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer		7,822,999		7,490,715		7,879,276		8,403,676
Storm water utility		_		_		105,578		72,824
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		7,822,999		7,490,715		7,984,854		8,476,500
Total Expenses	\$	46,214,559	\$	44,892,972	\$	43,260,031	\$	43,620,132
Duagnam Dayanyag		-						
Program Revenues Governmental activities								
Charges for services:	¢.	50 (02	d.	02.502	¢.	472 000	¢.	260,002
General government	\$	50,603	\$	82,593	\$	473,000	\$	369,003
Public safety		1,967,043		2,535,052		2,777,714		2,595,857
Public works		502,163		535,228		585,090		1,086,752
Parks and recreation		1,601,366		1,645,362		1,821,617		787,249
Community development		1,498,581		1,567,354		391,143		473,884
Operating grants and contributions		398,737		279,697		160,389		62,772
Capital grants and contributions		56,237		1,460,218		3,053,828		874,867
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	_	6,074,730	_	8,105,504		9,262,781	_	6,250,384
Business-type activities								
Charges for services:								
Water and sewer		10,942,116		9,873,528		9,538,392		9,341,087
Storm water utility		_		_		278,577		275,336
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		10,942,116		9,873,528		9,816,969		9,616,423
Total Program Revenues	\$	17,016,846	\$	17,979,032	\$	19,079,750	\$	15,866,807
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(32,316,830)	\$	(29,296,753)	\$	(26,012,396)	\$	(28,893,248)
Business-type activities	Φ	3,119,117	Φ	2,382,813	Φ	1,832,115	Φ	1,139,923
Total Net Expense	\$	(29,197,713)	\$	(26,913,940)	\$	(24,180,281)	\$	(27,753,325)
1 out 1 tet Expense	Ψ	(-,,1,1,1)	Ψ	(=0,)10,)10)	Ψ	(= .,100,201)	4	(=1,100,020)

Notes:

^{*} During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

Fiscal	l Year

_	2015		2016		2017	110			2010		2020
	2015	_	2016		2017		2018		2019	_	2020
\$	7,431,081	\$	7,716,429	\$	8,221,386	\$	8,991,472	\$	9,553,465	\$	9,425,200
	11,607,606		12,732,761		13,054,883		12,987,761		14,483,273		14,957,915
	7,826,672		8,328,808		8,112,235		7,683,728		9,063,522		9,909,662
	712,949		371,619		351,435		398,187		440,036		563,216
	8,799,109		9,942,091		9,973,129		9,649,900		11,370,036		9,663,784
	1,143,350		1,183,483		1,020,878		908,599		772,988		692,088
	37,520,767		40,275,191		40,733,946		40,619,647		45,683,320		45,211,865
	8,787,474		9,240,162		10,006,970		9,894,062		10,653,981		11,491,912
	488,127		647,044		112,159		36,726		167,096		467,274
	9,275,601	_	9,887,206		10,119,129		9,930,788		10,821,077	_	11,959,186
\$	46,796,368	\$	50,162,397	\$	50,853,075	\$	50,550,435	\$	56,504,397	\$	57,171,051
Ψ	40,770,300	Ψ	30,102,377	Ψ	30,033,073	Ψ	30,330,433	Ψ	30,304,377	Ψ	37,171,031
\$	416,554 2,546,299 1,283,358 922,879 483,288 68,991	\$	372,307 3,061,713 1,305,293 112,973 1,418,284 144,965	\$	290,859 3,304,936 1,329,797 71,678 1,485,021 2,349,238	\$	386,289 3,030,763 1,376,163 73,761 1,401,979 2,347,843	\$	557,271 3,075,509 1,533,406 59,984 1,265,244 1,881,692	\$	285,776 2,834,040 1,616,954 34,868 663,885 3,170,272
_	447,810	_	658,600		986,324		1,464,298		3,102,292		820,560
	6,169,179		7,074,135		9,817,853		10,081,096		11,475,398		9,426,355
	9,628,146		10,300,618		10,810,651		11,037,737		10,739,546		11,606,282
	275,453		278,250		301,983		337,663		346,021		361,333
_	9,903,599	_	10,578,868	_	11,112,634	_	11,375,400	_	11,085,567	_	11,967,615
\$	16,072,778	\$	17,653,003	\$	20,930,487	\$	21,456,496	\$	22,560,965	\$	21,393,970
_		=		_		_					
\$	(31,351,588) 627,998	\$	(33,201,056) 691,662	\$	(30,916,093) 993,505	\$	(30,538,551)	\$	(34,207,922) 264,490	\$	(35,785,510) 8,429
\$	(30,723,590)	\$	(32,509,394)	\$	(29,922,588)	\$	(29,093,939)	\$	(33,943,432)	\$	(35,777,081)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

			1 1000	 ***	
		2011	2012	2013*	2014
General Revenues and Other	Changes in Net Position				
Governmental activities	_				
Taxes and fees:					
Property		\$ 12,234,105	\$ 13,099,300	\$ 13,002,159	\$ 14,219,581
Industrial district		12,346,943	12,894,626	14,106,107	14,250,173
Franchise		1,932,237	2,209,371	2,315,334	2,338,146
Sales and use		4,221,452	4,746,096	5,037,072	5,201,364
Hotel occupancy		455,166	526,387	607,709	679,646
Investment earnings		41,978	47,460	40,416	23,014
Miscellaneous		83,875	11,714	210,969	53,644
Gain on sales of assets		60,948	-	-	214,571
Transfers		218,520	(2,735,002)	96,988	84,509
Tota	l Governmental Activities	31,595,224	30,799,952	35,416,754	37,064,648
Business-type activities					
Investment earnings		2,586	2,304	12,647	4,702
Miscellaneous		-	-	_	-
Transfers in (out)		(218,520)	2,735,002	(96,988)	(84,509)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l Business-Type Activities	(215,934)	2,737,306	 (84,341)	(79,807)
	otal Primary Government	\$ 31,379,290	\$ 33,537,258	\$ 35,332,413	\$ 36,984,841
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities		\$ (721,606)	\$ 1,503,199	\$ 9,404,358	\$ 8,171,400
Business-type activities		2,903,183	5,120,119	1,747,774	1,060,116
* *	al Change in Net Position	\$ 2,181,577	\$ 6,623,318	\$ 11,152,132	\$ 9,231,516

Notes:

^{*} During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).



Fisca	ı Year
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	2015		2016		2017		2018	2019			2020
¢.	15 142 004	¢.	17, 220, 414	¢.	17 045 200	¢.	10 422 240	¢.	10 270 741	¢.	20 552 000
\$	15,143,994	\$	16,338,414	\$	17,845,389	\$	18,423,349	\$	19,370,741	\$	20,553,900
	13,649,200		13,058,596		11,255,235		11,316,198		11,954,014		12,660,382
	2,321,036		2,129,053		2,095,518		2,093,316		2,089,400		1,884,424
	6,246,868		6,553,553		6,425,345		6,639,058		7,243,047		7,086,318
	711,406		663,147		622,146		661,435		629,796		430,717
	30,502		202,351		601,325		1,210,930		1,805,996		1,391,662
	86,050		276,011		306,592		260,331		504,981		406,401
	44,411		102,690		42,405		-		-		
	91,340		94,480		98,200		(992,107)		(701,947)		(554,995)
	38,324,807		39,418,295		39,292,155		39,612,510		42,896,028		43,858,809
	10,855		69,166		150,971		331,845		495,704		170,480
	-		-		-		-		-		172,520
	(91,340)		(94,480)		(98,200)		992,107		701,947		554,995
	(80,485)		(25,314)		52,771		1,323,952		1,197,651		897,995
\$	38,244,322	\$	39,392,981	\$	39,344,926	\$	40,936,462	\$	44,093,679	\$	44,756,804
\$	6,973,219	\$	6,217,239	\$	8,376,062	\$	9,073,959	\$	8,688,106	\$	8,073,299
	547,513		666,348		1,046,276		2,768,564		1,462,141		906,424
\$	7,520,732	\$	6,883,587	\$	9,422,338	\$	11,842,523	\$	10,150,247	\$	8,979,723

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years

				Fisca	l Yea	ır		
		2011*		2012		2013**		2014
General Fund Nonspendable Assigned Committed Unassigned	\$	196,355 3,526,731 - 10,825,327	\$	197,244 257,974 - 17,011,377	\$	151,122 320,216 - 24,158,718	\$	144,805 1,304,600 2,500,000 26,052,496
Total General Fund	\$	14,548,413	\$	17,466,595	\$	24,630,056	\$	30,001,901
All Other Governmental Funds	¢		¢	2.914	\$		¢	
Nonspendable Restricted	\$	17,947,247	\$	19,349,008	Ф	16,118,927	\$	14,754,786
Assigned	_	2,118,012		2,995,806		1,818,845		2,877,003
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	20,065,259	\$	22,347,728	\$	17,937,772	\$	17,631,789

Notes:

- * The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011, which changed the fund balance classifications reported in governmental funds. Descriptive information on the new fund balance classifications is included in the notes to the financial statements.
- ** During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).



2015	2016		2017		2018	2019	2020		
\$ 119,159	\$	121,649	\$ 111,479	\$	119,183	\$ 437,936	\$	117,676	
5,491,532		5,491,532	2,341,465		969,365	969,365		1,137,757	
2,500,000		3,000,000	3,000,000		_	_		-	
26,433,452		29,891,673	31,067,855		37,258,884	40,499,324		45,719,398	
\$ 34,544,143	\$	38,504,854	\$ 36,520,799	\$	38,347,432	\$ 41,906,625	\$	46,974,831	
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
20,899,783		29,066,724	26,850,130		15,218,654	9,368,226		8,479,899	
3,307,213		4,728,864	8,114,128		6,675,667	6,754,218		7,887,983	
\$ 24,206,996	\$	33,795,588	\$ 34,964,258	\$	21,894,321	\$ 16,122,444	\$	16,367,882	

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2011		2012		2013*		2014			
Revenues					·					
Taxes and fees	\$ 31,189,903	\$	33,551,435	\$	35,060,741	\$	36,666,969			
Licenses and permits	436,015		510,790		565,191		513,697			
Fines and fees	1,092,230		1,481,641		1,694,146		1,540,650			
Charges for services	3,709,536		4,087,613		3,695,964		3,212,842			
Intergovernmental	389,558		1,681,588		3,184,982		937,639			
Donations	-		100,000		150,202		-			
Investment earnings	41,978		47,460		40,416		23,013			
Other revenues	401,843		330,965		82,107		54,333			
Total Revenues	37,261,063		41,791,492		44,473,749		42,949,143			
Expenditures										
General government	11,016,985		10,935,746		10,576,393		6,253,704			
Community development	6,038,050		5,940,733		5,826,669		7,500,975			
Public works	4,172,122		4,298,938		3,951,743		5,648,506			
Parks and recreation	1,940,202		1,965,054		1,528,443		87,990			
Public safety	8,216,278		7,965,646		7,999,354		10,275,560			
Debt service:										
Principal	2,894,789		6,727,393		3,014,913		3,006,105			
Payments to escrow account	-		_		_		_			
Interest	1,694,234		1,862,015		1,294,928		1,077,422			
Capital outlay	1,807,005		4,968,526		5,477,993		4,448,943			
Total Expenditures	37,779,665		44,664,051		39,670,436		38,299,205			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	(518,602)		(2,872,559)		4,803,313		4,649,938			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-		3,390,000		_		_			
Proceeds from capital leases	249,676		-		213,295		_			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	60,948		91,082		126,362		331,415			
Refunding bonds issued	-		3,490,000		4,510,000		_			
Premium on issuance of bonds	-		353,878		316,894		-			
Payments to escrow account	-		_		(4,715,674)		_			
Proceeds from insurance recovery	-		23,252		2,500		_			
Transfers in	3,822,395		3,326,889		344,856		1,443,425			
Transfers out	(3,603,875)		(2,601,891)		(129,851)		(1,358,916)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	529,144		8,073,210		668,382		415,924			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 10,542	\$	5,200,651	\$	5,471,695	\$	5,065,862			
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	12.76%		21.64%		12.58%		12.29%			

Notes:

^{*} During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

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2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 38,051,387	\$ 38,637,863	\$ 38,321,196	\$ 39,094,063	\$ 41,304,148	\$ 42,587,990
531,262	569,766	451,948	530,559	709,531	414,973
1,416,195	1,869,286	1,900,229	1,626,796	1,504,517	1,177,347
3,643,881	3,864,460	4,110,702	4,052,062	4,042,729	3,705,953
106,319	243,093	3,301,475	3,121,812	2,260,891	3,904,559
30,502	202,351	601,325	1,210,930	1,805,996	1,391,662
86,050	195,711	271,353	260,331	486,085	406,401
 43,865,596	 45,582,530	 48,958,228	 49,896,553	 52,113,897	 53,588,885
6,940,527	7,179,021	7,787,658	7,878,655	7,794,398	7,739,572
8,226,493	8,463,417	8,511,067	8,523,341	9,456,596	7,831,651
6,083,080	6,039,369	6,336,588	6,318,066	7,025,048	7,740,277
98,108	386,318	55,861	63,211	58,989	484,251
10,626,031	10,972,864	11,273,797	12,088,868	13,010,347	14,455,336
3,160,253	3,327,539	5,552,620	4,689,692	4,099,355	4,119,703
781,027	-	-	-	-	-
1,208,254	1,270,664	1,110,542	1,008,736	900,209	839,298
5,430,507	4,390,702	12,492,735	20,101,738	11,533,206	5,815,550
42,554,280	42,029,894	53,120,868	60,672,307	53,878,148	49,025,638
1,311,316	3,552,636	(4,162,640)	(10,775,754)	(1,764,251)	4,563,247
8,315,000	9,450,000	2,700,000	_	_	4,240,000
103,455	178,500	471,411	418,825	_	1,436,693
93,629	102,690	42,405	105,732	52,184	81,830
732,901	6,260,000		-	-	-
469,809	540,737	_	_	_	731,083
-	(6,710,040)	_	_		(4,913,313)
_	80,300	35,239	_	18,896	-
2,333,636	4,424,273	9,141,408	5,048,822	5,402,175	3,394,816
(2,242,296)	(4,329,793)	(9,043,208)	(6,040,929)	(6,104,122)	(4,220,712)
9,806,134	9,996,667	3,347,255	(467,550)	(630,867)	750,397
\$ 11,117,450	\$ 13,549,303	\$ (815,385)	\$ (11,243,304)	\$ (2,395,118)	\$ 5,313,644
11.81%	12.53%	16.60%	13.88%	12.27%	11.79%
11.0170	12.3370	10.0070	13.0070	12.2/70	11./970



ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Years

			Fisca	l Ye	ar		
	2011		2012	2013			2014
Residential Property	\$ 1,306,933,609	\$	1,318,375,083	\$	1,313,329,562	\$	1,340,643,775
Commercial Property	857,667,514		905,226,326		934,825,965		1,000,810,663
Industrial Property	152,160,115		189,306,565		192,957,836		249,479,757
Less: Tax Exempt Property	(585,462,472)		(605,716,400)		(626,932,382)		(630,145,444)
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 1,731,298,766	\$	1,807,191,574	\$	1,814,180,981	\$	1,960,788,751
Total Direct Tax Rate	\$ 0.705000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000

Source: Harris County Appraisal District and City of Deer Park Tax Office



2015		2016		2017		2018	2019	2020
\$ 1,433,044,472 1,089,149,570 234,654,586 (653,703,145)	\$	1,565,085,837 1,180,302,082 246,351,857 (683,610,501)	\$	1,700,369,650 1,255,053,340 254,575,118 (716,019,833)	\$	1,837,484,616 1,295,797,510 235,922,222 (743,456,319)	\$ 1,901,082,802 1,399,737,286 242,617,495 (789,815,256)	\$ 2,041,833,692 1,518,563,814 247,148,258 (837,774,536)
\$ 2,103,145,483	\$	2,308,129,275	\$	2,493,978,275	\$	2,625,748,029	\$ 2,753,622,327	\$ 2,969,771,228
\$ 0.720000	\$	0.714352	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT VALUATION, BILLING, COLLECTIONS, AND PERCENTAGE COLLECTED

Last Ten Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Approximate Taxable Value*	\$ 2,779,913,092	\$ 2,842,731,040	\$ 3,109,962,743	\$ 3,141,572,531
Industrial District % Taxable Per Contract	63.00%	63.00%	63.00%	63.00%
Approximate Adjusted Taxable Value *	\$ 1,751,345,248	\$ 1,790,920,555	\$ 1,959,276,528	\$ 1,979,190,695
Tax Rate	\$ 0.705000	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000
Amount Billed	\$ 12,346,984	\$ 12,894,628	\$ 14,106,791	\$ 14,250,173
Amount Collected	\$ 12,346,943	\$ 12,894,625	\$ 14,106,107	\$ 14,250,173
% Collected	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

^{*} The "Approximate Taxable Value" and "Approximate Adjusted Taxable Value" are based on an average rate that does not take into account new construction in the Industrial District.



2	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020
0	9,235,229	\$	3,033,027,646	\$	2,486,112,079	\$	2,494,752,646	\$	2,635,364,638	\$	2,962,215,929
	63.00%		63.00%		63.00%		63.00%		63.00%		64.00%
9	5,818,194	\$	1,910,807,417	\$	1,566,250,610	\$	1,571,694,167	\$	1,660,279,722	\$	1,895,818,195
	0.720000	\$	0.714532	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000
1	3,649,891	\$	13,058,614	\$	11,277,005	\$	11,316,198	\$	11,954,014	\$	13,649,891
1	3,628,122	\$	13,058,596	\$	11,276,238	\$	11,316,198	\$	11,954,014	\$	13,628,122
	99.84%		100.00%		99.99%		100.00%		100.00%		99.84%

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Years

		Fisca	l Yea	r	
	2011	2012		2013	2014
City of Deer Park by fund:					
General	\$ 0.498100	\$ 0.498100	\$	0.498100	\$ 0.498100
Debt service	0.206900	0.221900		0.221900	0.221900
Total Direct Rates	\$ 0.705000	\$ 0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$ 0.720000
Deer Park Independent School District	\$ 1.396700	\$ 1.396700	\$	1.526700	\$ 1.556700
Harris County	0.388050	0.391170		0.400210	0.414550
Harris County Department of Education	0.006581	0.006581		0.006617	0.006358
Harris County Flood Control District	0.029230	0.028090		0.028090	0.028270
Harris County Hospital District	0.192160	0.192160		0.182160	0.170000
Harris County Port of Houston Authority	0.020540	0.018560		0.019520	0.017160
San Jacinto Community College District	0.176277	 0.185602		0.185602	 0.185602
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	\$ 2.914538	\$ 2.938863	\$	3.068899	\$ 3.098640

Source: Harris County Appraisal District

Note:

Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.



2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 0.518000	\$ 0.515711	\$ 0.519943	\$ 0.533514	\$ 0.549389	\$ 0.561659
0.202000	0.198641	0.200057	0.186486	0.170611	0.158341
\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.714352	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000
\$ 1.556700	\$ 1.556700	\$ 1.556700	\$ 1.556700	\$ 1.538700	\$ 1.415100
0.417310	0.419230	0.416560	0.418010	0.418580	0.407130
0.005999	0.005422	0.005200	0.005195	0.005190	0.005000
0.027360	0.027330	0.028290	0.028310	0.028770	0.027920
0.170000	0.170000	0.171790	0.171100	0.171080	0.165910
0.015310	0.013420	0.013340	0.012560	0.011550	0.010740
0.185602	0.175783	0.182379	0.183335	0.179329	0.178169
\$ 3.098281	\$ 3.082237	\$ 3.094259	\$ 3.095210	\$ 3.073199	\$ 2.929969

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CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2	020			2011				
Property Taxpayer			Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value		
Quarter Turn Resources, Inc.		\$	38,922,011	1	1.31%	\$	24,990,948	1	1.44%		
BFT Parktown LLC Et Al			35,674,367	2	1.20%		-	N/A	0.00%		
CRP/TREP Underwood Owner LP			28,164,680	3	0.95%		-	N/A	0.00%		
Dresser Inc.			26,202,717	4	0.88%		-	N/A	0.00%		
CenterPoint Energy, Inc.			26,171,406	5	0.88%		15,844,489	5	0.92%		
GSL Constructors Ltd.			25,626,689	6	0.86%		12,847,218	8	0.74%		
Enterprise FM Trust			24,046,596	7	0.81%		-	N/A	0.00%		
Victory Park Industrial LLC			22,925,344	8	0.77%		-	N/A	0.00%		
Deer Park Apts. LLC			21,444,707	9	0.72%		-	N/A	0.00%		
Arlanxeo USA LLC			21,179,159	10	0.71%		-	N/A	0.00%		
Hertz Equipment Rental			-	N/A			21,201,679	2	1.22%		
Wal-Mart			-	N/A	-		17,412,500	3	1.01%		
Laufen International, Inc.			-	N/A	-		16,853,970	4	0.97%		
ITCR Deer Park Ltd Partnership			-	N/A	-		13,895,957	6	0.80%		
Aquilex Hydrochem, Inc.			-	N/A	-		12,867,443	7	0.74%		
Partnership Underwood LP			-	N/A	-		10,351,381	9	0.60%		
Songwon International America			-	N/A	-		9,998,244	10	0.58%		
	Subtotal		270,357,676		9.09%		156,263,829		9.02%		
Other Taxpayers			2,699,413,552		90.91%	_	1,575,034,937		90.98%		
	Total	\$ 2	2,969,771,228		100.00%	\$	1,731,298,766		100.00%		

Source: Harris County Appraisal District and City of Deer Park Tax Office



Last Ten Years

		Fisca	l Yea	ır	
	2011	2012		2013	2014
Tax levy	\$ 12,228,677	\$ 13,043,054	\$	13,019,648	\$ 14,063,714
Current tax collected	\$ 12,036,460	\$ 12,841,027	\$	12,836,742	\$ 13,863,961
Percentage of current tax collections	98.43%	98.45%		98.60%	98.58%
Delinquent tax collections	 162,876	 174,056		153,239	152,991
Total Tax Collections	\$ 12,199,336	\$ 13,015,083	\$	12,989,981	\$ 14,016,952
Total collections as a percentage of current levy	99.76%	99.79%		99.77%	99.67%

Source: Harris County Appraisal District and City of Deer Park Tax Office



2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 14,991,306	\$	16,363,090	\$ 17,598,722	\$ 18,401,462	\$ 19,298,489	\$ 20,780,196
\$ 14,858,925	\$	16,035,281	\$ 17,443,588	\$ 18,119,939	\$ 19,070,066	\$ 20,476,479
99.12%		98.00%	99.12%	98.47%	98.82%	98.54%
74,231	_	256,732	50,813	114,283	(21,930)	
\$ 14,933,156	\$	16,292,013	\$ 17,494,401	\$ 18,234,222	\$ 19,048,136	\$ 20,476,479
99.61%		99.57%	99.41%	99.09%	98.70%	98.54%

Last Ten Years

		Fisca	l Yea	ır	
	2011	2012		2013*	2014
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 26,785,000	\$ 27,750,000	\$	20,334,132	\$ 17,979,969
Certificates of obligation	9,890,000	12,960,000		9,683,246	9,283,100
Capital leases	1,679,561	1,257,169		1,082,960	741,227
Business-Type Activities:					
General obligation bonds	-	-		5,207,260	4,557,742
Certificates of obligation	-	-		8,408,633	15,297,035
Water revenue bonds	7,745,000	3,395,000		2,820,000	2,250,000
Capital leases	216,834	168,743		119,506	69,093
Total Primary Government	\$ 46,316,395	\$ 45,530,912	\$	47,655,737	\$ 50,178,166
Debt as a Percentage					
of Personal Income	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A
Debt Per Capita	\$ 1,447	\$ 1,408	\$	1,436	\$ 1,493

N/A -This information is currently not available.

Notes:

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Beginning in fiscal year 2013, this schedule presents debt net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

^{*} During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).



2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 16,587,180 16,483,264 489,772	\$ 16,239,210 23,243,219 743,670	\$ 14,053,513 22,769,126 868,776	\$ 12,676,107 19,690,033 900,933	\$ 11,063,762 17,452,935 504,540	\$ 14,304,047 10,165,155 1,537,428
\$ 5,194,671 21,912,475 750,000 266,014 61,683,376	\$ 4,560,455 28,464,920 500,000 534,382 74,285,856	\$ 3,938,036 34,891,757 250,000 361,489 77,132,697	\$ 3,382,329 38,917,927 - 200,722 75,768,051	\$ 2,681,585 43,835,960 	\$ 1,987,809 46,742,209 - 22,707 74,759,355
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 1,801	\$ 2,147	\$ 2,214	\$ 2,148	\$ 2,143	\$ 2,117

Last Ten Years

			Fisca	l Yea	ır	
		2011	2012		2013*	2014
General Obligation Bonds (1)		\$ 26,785,000	\$ 27,750,000	\$	25,541,392	\$ 22,537,711
Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal		 (1,734,892)	 (1,988,204)		(2,321,730)	 (2,932,183)
	Total	\$ 25,050,108	\$ 25,761,796	\$	23,219,662	\$ 19,605,528
Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property		1.45%	1.43%		1.28%	1.00%
Net Bonded Debt Per Capita		\$ 783	\$ 797	\$	699	\$ 583

Notes:

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is included in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) These are the amounts of general obligation bonds of both governmental and business-type activities.
- * During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).



2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 21,781,851	\$ 20,799,665	\$ 17,991,549	\$ 16,058,436	\$ 13,745,347	\$ 16,291,856
(3,351,483)	 (3,736,160)	 (4,634,050)	(5,181,426)	 (5,766,586)	(6,158,254)
\$ 18,430,368	\$ 17,063,505	\$ 13,357,499	\$ 10,877,010	\$ 7,978,761	\$ 10,133,602
0.88%	0.74%	0.54%	0.41%	0.29%	0.34%
\$ 538	\$ 493	\$ 383	\$ 308	\$ 226	\$ 287

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CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

September 30, 2020

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:			
Deer Park Independent School District	\$ 240,070,000	18.62%	\$ 44,701,034
Harris County	2,678,076,350	0.59%	15,800,650
Harris County Department of Education	7,210,000	0.59%	42,539
Harris County Flood Control District	87,400,000	0.59%	515,660
La Porte Independent School District	346,380,000	11.58%	40,110,804
Port of Houston Authority of Harris County	690,219,397	0.59%	4,072,294
San Jacinto Community College District	278,419,848	4.69%	13,057,891
Subtotal, overlapping debt	4,327,775,595		118,300,872
City Direct Debt	\$ 26,006,630	100.00%	26,006,630
	Total Direct and O	verlapping Debt	\$ 144,307,502

Source: Texas Municipal Reports and Governmental Units

Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply within the City of Deer Park. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Deer Park. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

City direct debt is comprised of debt obligations supported by a pledge of ad valorem taxes.

Excludes general obligation bonds pledged by utility revenues.



Last Ten Years

			Fiscal	Yea	r	
		2011	2012		2013	2014
Debt limit	\$	173,129,877	\$ 180,719,157	\$	181,418,098	\$ 196,078,875
Total net debt applicable to limit		25,050,108	 25,761,796		23,219,662	19,605,528
Legal Debt Margin	\$	148,079,769	\$ 154,957,361	\$	158,198,436	\$ 176,473,347
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		14.47%	14.26%		12.80%	10.00%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year	2019					
Assessed value	\$	2,969,771,228				
Debt limit (10% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:		296,977,123				
General obligation bonds Less: amount set aside for repayment of general		16,291,856				
obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit	_	(6,158,254) 10,133,602				

286,843,521

Legal Debt Margin



2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 210,314,548	\$ 230,812,928	\$ 249,397,828	\$ 262,574,803	\$ 275,362,233	\$ 296,977,123
18,430,368	17,063,505	13,357,499	10,877,010	7,978,761	10,133,602
\$ 191,884,180	\$ 213,749,423	\$ 236,040,329	\$ 251,697,793	\$ 267,383,472	\$ 286,843,521
8.76%	7.39%	5.36%	4.14%	2.90%	3.41%

Last Ten Years

		Fisca	I Yea	r	
	2011	2012		2013	2014
Utility Service Charges	\$ 10,942,116	\$ 9,873,258	\$	9,529,392	\$ 9,341,087
Less: Operating Expenses (1)	 6,119,717	 5,890,927		5,758,791	 6,030,193
Net Available Revenue	\$ 4,822,399	\$ 3,982,331	\$	3,770,601	\$ 3,310,894
Debt Service Requirements (2)					
Principal	\$ 900,000	\$ 890,000	\$	575,000	\$ 570,000
Interest	327,057	296,649		106,449	87,653
Total	\$ 1,227,057	\$ 1,186,649	\$	681,449	\$ 657,653
Coverage	3.93	3.36		5.53	5.03

Notes:

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is included in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization.
- (2) Includes revenue bonds only.



2015			2016		2017	2018		2019	 2020
\$	9,628,146	\$	10,300,618	\$	10,810,651	\$ 11,369,582	\$	10,739,546	\$ 11,606,282
	6,162,029	_	6,421,511	_	6,931,288	6,676,372	_	7,245,690	8,244,388
\$	3,466,117	\$	3,879,107	\$	3,879,363	\$ 4,693,210	\$	3,493,856	\$ 3,361,894
\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	28,563		20,750		12,625	-		-	-
\$	278,563	\$	270,750	\$	262,625	\$	\$		\$ -
	12.44		14.33		14.77	-		-	_

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Years

Calendar		Per Capita	Personal	Unemployment	School
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate	Enrollment
2011*	32,010	N/A	N/A	8.5%	12,593
2012	32,332	N/A	N/A	6.4%	12,841
2013	33,196	N/A	N/A	5.7%	12,826
2014	33,600	N/A	N/A	4.5%	13,015
2015	34,249	N/A	N/A	5.2%	13,140
2016	34,604	N/A	N/A	5.0%	13,278
2017	34,845	N/A	N/A	4.8%	13,190
2018	35,270	N/A	N/A	3.8%	13,050
2019	35,297	N/A	N/A	3.4%	12,975
2020**	35,315	N/A	N/A	7.9%	13,000

Sources: City of Deer Park Economic Development Administrator and Deer Park Independent School District

N/A - This information is currently not available.

^{* 2011} shows the 2010 the census population; all other years represent estimates.

^{**} The increase in the 2020 unemployment rate is due to jobs lost from the COVID-19 pandemic.

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2020		2011		
	·		Percentage of Total City		Percentage of Total City
Employer		Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Shell Deer Park		3,000	14.49%	2,500	16.28%
Deer Park ISD		2,553	12.33%	1,756	11.43%
Lubrizol Specialty Chemicals		1,360	6.57%	944	6.15%
Dow Chemical Co.		1,000	4.83%	-	-
Universal Plant Services		1,000	4.83%	-	-
Mistras Group		600	2.90%	563	3.67%
Clean Harbors		500	2.41%	270	1.76%
City of Deer Park		427	2.06%	457	2.98%
Wal-Mart		400	1.93%	425	2.77%
Minh Foods, Inc.		400	1.93%	400	2.60%
Rohm and Hass		-	-	900	5.86%
Aquilex-Hydrochem				250	1.63%
	Total	11,240	54.28%	8,465	55.13%
Estimated total jobs in the City		20,709		15,357	

Source: City of Deer Park Economic Development Administrator

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government										
Management services	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Finance	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Planning	14.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	8.0
Other	30.5	30.5	30.5	32.0	35.5	35.5	35.0	35.5	33.0	33.0
Police										
Officers	59.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	61.0	61.0	61.0	61.0	64.0	65.0
Civilians	24.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.5	26.0
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Civilians	13.5	13.0	13.0	15.5	14.5	13.0	15.0	18.0	18.0	18.0
Sanitation	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Sumumon	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Other public works										
Engineering	5.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0
Other	27.0	27.0	27.0	28.0	28.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	30.0	35.0
Golf operations	25.0	26.0	24.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	73.5	74.0	69.5	70.5	73.0	77.0	77.0	82.5	86.5	86.5
Library	13.0	13.0	13.5	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Water	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Wastewater	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Total	344.5	345.5	341.5	324.0	330.0	332.5	333.0	342.0	348.0	348.5

Source: Adopted City Budget

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Function/Program					
General government					
Annual permits	1,583	1,616	1,777	2,414	
Annual inspections	3,324	3,671	1,017	1,204	
Police	-)-	- ,	,	, -	
Physical arrests	2,690	2,843	3,296	3,258	
Parking violations	192	143	114	81	
Traffic violations	15,505	13,338	14,601	13,205	
Fire	,	,	,	,	
Emergency responses	1,887	2,032	2,100	2,193	
Fires extinguished	580	588	648	655	
Inspections	N/A	1,353	1,392	1,288	
Sanitation					
Refuse collected (tons per day)	75	71	81	83	
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	2	3	4	
Streets					
Street resurfacing (miles)*	1	-	2	-	
Potholes repaired	49	62	50	50	
Parks and recreation					
Community center admissions	521	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Program enrollments	17,877	18,081	17,527	15,300	
Library					
Volumes in collection	80,593	79,897	83,346	84,296	
Total volumes borrowed	173,409	165,620	164,962	168,852	
Water					
New connections	27	34	78	39	
Water main breaks	261	73	76	62	
Sewer main breaks	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Average daily consumption	4,646,400	4,501,100	4,661,000	4,507,000	
Peak daily consumption	7,722,000	6,350,000	6,438,000	5,826,000	
Wastewater					
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	2,572	3,129	2,960	2,595	

Source: Various City departments

 $\ensuremath{N/A}$ - This is information is currently not available.

^{*} Majority of streets are concrete.

^{**} A majority of 2020 amounts are signficantly lower compared to previous years due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



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		Tiscai				
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020**	
2,610	2,644	2,420	2,187	2,224	2,030	
1,494	4,932	3,855	3,219	3,200	2,903	
3,068	3,445	4,050	3,309	3,323	1,995	
101	92	71	58	36	54	
14,049	14,322	16,826	12,354	11,107	10,014	
2,401	2,467	2,761	2,211	3,126	3,109	
862	775	790	687	591	558	
1,523	1,676	1,862	1,650	1,574	455	
81	82	83	84	84	97	
4	4	4	4	4	6	
-	-	1	-	-	-	
55	65	60	62	65	60	
N/A	N/A	N/A	4,611	9,173	11,601	
16,309	21,034	21,262	17,077	18,293	8,781	
05.151	00.400	101.060	104.520	0.4.0.50	04.055	
87,171	90,408	101,960	104,738	94,253	94,977	
167,012	157,955	157,902	146,943	149,921	81,401	
77	137	100	31	42	37	
46	32	39	18	85	35	
N/A	N/A	N/A	29	37	28	
4,286,000	3,893,750	3,995,225	3,985,508	3,873,700	3,876,800	
6,700,000	5,281,000	5,541,000	5,931,000	5,162,000	5,701,000	
4,299	4,575	3,082	3,201	3,358	3,167	

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Function/Program					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	
Patrol units	40	41	41	42	
Fire					
Stations	3	3	3	3	
Sanitation					
Collection trucks	6	5	5	6	
Streets					
Streets (miles)	106	106	107	107	
Streetlights	2,583	2,583	2,622	2,623	
Traffic signals	43	43	43	43	
Parks and recreation					
Acreage	270	270	270	270	
Parks with play structures	17	19	19	19	
Baseball / softball diamonds	16	24	24	19	
Soccer/football fields	9	6	6	7	
Golf course	1	1	1	1	
Community centers	7	7	7	7	
Water					
Water lines (miles)	133	133	134	135	
Fire hydrants	895	895	906	914	
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)					
three ground wells @ 3,560 gpm total	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
three elevated tanks @ .5 M gallons each	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
two ground storage tanks @ 1 M gallons each	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Wastewater					
Sanitary sewers (miles)	124	124	125	125	
Storm sewers (miles)	67	67	68	68	
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	6	6	6	6	

Source: Various City departments



Fiscal Year

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
41	44	44	47	51	51	
			.,	21	31	
3	3	3	3	3	4	
6	6	6	6	6	6	
109	111	111	111	111	111	
2,661	2,694	2,709	2,709	2,710	2,720	
2,001	2,094	2,709	2,709 45	2,710	45	
44	44	44	43	43	43	
270	270	279	355	355	355	
19	19	20	20	20	20	
19	20	21	23	23	23	
7	7	7	9	9	9	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
7	7	7	7	7	7	
137	138	139	140	141	142	
934	950	958	976	984	987	
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
127	130	130	131	131	132	
69	70	70	70	70	70	
6	6	6	6	6	6	

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Management Letter

March 23, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement on Auditing Standards No. 115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit (SAS 115), provides guidance to auditors on communicating internal control matters to management and the governing body, board of directors, or equivalent body.

It is important to note when reviewing findings reported within this letter that classification of the findings is based on the definitions required by SAS 115 as further discussed below. Please note that these classifications are based on the potential impact to the financial statements, not necessarily the likelihood of actual loss to the City. Accordingly, the City's assessment of the "significance" or ranking of severity will likely be substantially different based on a number of factors including, but not limited to, its assessment of risk and the cost benefit of making the change.

Our report is as follows:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be other matters.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.



A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our findings and additional comments are as follows:

CURRENT YEAR MATTERS

Other Matters:

2020.001. ESCHEATING CHECKS

Background

Under Texas State <u>Property Code Chapter 72</u>, <u>Subchapter B. § 72.101</u>, property is presumed abandoned if the owner of the property does not claim the property within three years. Under Texas State <u>Property Code Chapter 74</u>, <u>Subchapter D. § 74.301</u>, each holder who on March 1 holds property that is presumed abandoned under Chapter 72 shall deliver the property to the comptroller on or before the following July 1 accompanied by the report required to be filed under Section 74.101. Under Texas State <u>Property Code Chapter 74</u>, <u>Subchapter B. § 74.101</u>, each holder who on March 1 holds property that is presumed abandoned under Chapter 72 of this code shall file a report of that property on or before the following July 1.

Findings

It was noted during the audit that the City has outstanding checks dating back to 2001 that have not been escheated. This is a repeat of prior year finding 2019.01.

Recommendation

The City should remit and report applicable unclaimed property to the State by the July 1, 2021 reporting deadline.

Management's Response

Previous management elected not to escheat unclaimed property to the State of Texas (the "State") and outstanding checks dating back to 2001 have not been turned over to the State. The Financial Management Policy was updated in 2014 to include a policy for filing the necessary reports on an annual basis to turn over any checks outstanding more than three years to the State Comptroller. The Finance Department continues to work to identify and report all unclaimed property not previously filed with the State. However, because of the volume of outstanding checks under review, the City was unable to file a report in 2020 but is working toward the July 1, 2021 deadline.

2020.002. BID PROCESS

Background

In accordance with the State bid laws, the City is required to advertise and obtain bids for all projects or purchases over \$50,000. If the lowest bidder is not selected, then bid specifications with selection criteria should be documented.

City of Deer Park, Texas Management Letter Page 3 of 3

Findings

During the testing of disbursements, it was noted that the City did not advertise and obtain bids for the purchase of two portable buildings. Quotes were obtained, and invoiced, together for the two buildings, but purchase orders were created separately which fell under the \$50,000 threshold.

Recommendation

The City should ensure that all purchases expected to exceed \$50,000 are appropriately advertised and bids are obtained in accordance with State law.

Management's Response

During the year, buildings were purchased to house and control certain chemicals at two different well sites. Because the purchase involved a building for two separate well locations, the purchaser did not treat this as a single purchase despite the fact that the resulting purchases were based on a quote from the same vendor. The purchaser has been advised that this is considered consecutive purchases to avoid the purchasing policy. He indicated this was not intentional but an oversight in trying to complete the projects in a timelier manner. This matter was also addressed at a Director's Meeting to reinforce the fact that this type of purchasing transaction is viewed as a policy violation.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, and others within the City, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to thank the City Council and the City's management for their cooperation during the course of our audit. Please feel free to contact us at your convenience to discuss this report or any other concerns that you may have.

ACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas



SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas March 23, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Deer Park, Texas' (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas March 23, 2021



For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

No prior findings.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the City.
- 2. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were disclosed by the audit.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the City are reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs included as major programs included:

CFDA Number	Program Title
97.036	Disaster Grants – Public Assistance
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee in the context of Uniform Guidance.

B. FINDINGS – BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None

C. FINDINGS – FEDERAL AWARDS

None



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Tit	Federal CFDA tle Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Direct Award			_	
Bulletproof Vest Program	16.607	N/A	\$	6,600
	TOTAL U.S. I	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		6,600
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Pass-through Texas Department of Transportation				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2020-DeerPark-S-1YG-00045		43,624
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2020-DeerPark-S-CMV-0017		10,805
TOTAL U.	S. DEPARTME	NT OF TRANSPORTATION		54,429
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Pass-through Texas Department of Public Safety's Division of				
Emergency Management				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	4332DRTXP0000001		782,402
TOTAL U.S. DI	EPARTMENT (OF HOMELAND SECURITY		782,402
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Pass-through Harris County				
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF)	21.019	COVID19 SCAP		1,866,205
T	OTAL U.S. DEI	PARTMENT OF TREASURY		1,866,205
	TOTAL FEDE	CRAL AWARDS EXPENDED	\$	2,709,636

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) includes the federal grant activity of the City. The information in the SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts presented in the SEFA may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the SEFA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principal contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the SEFA, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

3. INDIRECT COST RATE

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The City elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. DONATED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (UNAUDITED)

During the emergency period of COVID-19, federal agencies and recipients of federal assistance funds donated personal protective equipment (PPE) to non-federal entities. In connection with that donation, the recipient must disclose the estimated value of the donated PPE, but such amounts are not included in the SEFA. The City did not receive any donated PPE during the reporting year.



Required Auditor Disclosure Letter

March 23, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") for the year ended September 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide the City Council (the "governing body") with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit.

I. Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated April 2, 2018, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with the governing body's oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve the governing body or management of its responsibilities.

II. Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to the governing body in our engagement letter dated April 2, 2018.

III. Significant Audit Findings

1. Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

A. Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in the notes to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

B. Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on industry standards relating to capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of capital assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Estimates are used in the calculation of the pension and other postemployment benefits liability and the required annual contribution. The Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) hire licensed actuaries to make key assumptions and to perform calculations, as well as a independent auditors to review those assumptions and calculations. We evaluated the reasonableness of the employee data provided by the City to TMRS and TESRS.

Estimates are used in the calculation of the health care liability for other postemployment benefits. The City hires a licensed actuary to perform the calculation. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the liability in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

C. The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of long-term debt in the financial statements is significant to financial statement users because it discloses the City's long-term financial obligations.

2. Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

3. Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The attached schedule summarizes both material and immaterial misstatements detected as a result of our audit procedures.

4. Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

5. Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 23, 2021.



6. Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

7. Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

IV. Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information (RSI), as identified on the table of contents, which supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on supplementary information, as identified on the table of contents, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves

We were not engaged to report on the introductory and statistical sections, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

V. Restrictions on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor, City Council, and management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

Workpaper:

	Description	Debit	Credit
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 1 by client to accrue CRF revenue.		
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	45,232.13	
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	258,469.57	
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	1,276,682.69	
400-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	161,143.44	
425-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	11,376.85	
820-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	14,601.62	
820-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	34,174.27	
830-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	25,530.44	
830-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	38,993.99	
010-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		45,232.13
010-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		258,469.57
010-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		1,276,682.69
400-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		161,143.44
425-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		11,376.85
820-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		14,601.62
820-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		34,174.27
830-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		25,530.44
830-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		38,993.99
Total		1,866,205.00	1,866,205.00
Adjusting Journal I			
010-000-36140	SALE OF SURPLUS MATERIALS	10,000.00	
010-311-49070	TRUCKS & HEAVY ROLLING STOCK		10,000.00
Total		10,000.00	10,000.00
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 3 court fines receivables, deferrals, and allowances to actual.		
010-000-16510	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE-FINES	96,819.73	
010-000-25600	DEFERRED REVENUE-FINES	72,614.81	
010-000-16500	ALLOWANCE-FINES & FORFEITURES		72,614.81
010-000-25600	DEFERRED REVENUE-FINES		96,819.73
Total		169,434.54	169,434.54
Adjusting Journal GASB 68 AJE#1 - T	Entries JE # 4 o reverse deferred outflows of resources/contributions after the		
measurement date.			
400-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE	250,706.96	
425-750-41970	Pension expense	8,455.77	
820-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE	21,608.00	
830-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE	38,850.80	
400-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS		250,706.96
425-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS		8,455.77
820-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS		21,608.00
830-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS		38,850.80
Total		319,621.53	319,621.53
Adjusting Journal			
	Entries JE # 5 urrent year amortization of prior year deferred items.		
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C	surrent year amortization of prior year deferred items.	45 472 48	
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C 400-000-28100	current year amortization of prior year deferred items. DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION	45,472.48 486.824.88	
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C 400-000-28100 400-000-28110	current year amortization of prior year deferred items. DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88	
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970	current year amortization of prior year deferred items. DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE	486,824.88 243,604.50	
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100	current year amortization of prior year deferred items. DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68	
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-000-28110	current year amortization of prior year deferred items. DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59	
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C 400-000-281100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-000-28110 425-750-41970	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN - ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23	
GASB 68 AJE#2 - C 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20	
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28110	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58	
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-000-28100 820-000-28110 820-000-28110 820-750-41970	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88	
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-00-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 830-000-28100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64	
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28100 820-750-41970 820-000-28110 830-000-28100 830-000-28110	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 820-000-28110 820-000-28110 820-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64	263 148 32
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 820-000-28110 830-000-28100 830-000-28110	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	263,148.32 486,824.88
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-281110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28110 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-750-41970 400-000-18100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	
400-000-28100 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28100 820-750-41970 830-000-28100 830-000-28100 830-000-28100 830-000-28100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28100 820-750-41970 830-000-28100 830-000-28110 830-750-41970 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18120	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50
400-000-28100 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-750-41970 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18120 400-000-18130	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28110 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-750-41970 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18130 400-000-18130 405-000-18130	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39
400-000-28100 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28100 830-000-28100 830-000-28100 830-000-28100 830-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-181320 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39 13,884.59
400-000-28100 400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-000-28100 820-000-28100 820-000-28100 820-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28100 830-000-28100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-181300 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39 13,884.59 79.92
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28100 425-000-28100 820-000-28100 820-000-28100 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18120 425-000-18120 425-000-18130	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39 13,884.59 79.92 794.60
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-750-41970 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 400-000-18100 425-000-18130 425-000-18130 820-000-18130 820-000-18130	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39 13,884.59 79.92 794.60 22,680.33
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 820-000-28110 820-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-18100 400-000-18120 400-000-18120 400-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 425-000-18100 820-000-18100 820-000-18100 820-000-18100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39 13,884.59 79.92 794.60 22,680.33 52,984.58
400-000-28100 400-000-28110 400-750-41970 425-000-28110 425-000-28110 425-750-41970 820-000-28100 820-000-28110 820-750-41970 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 830-000-28110 400-000-18120 400-000-18120 400-000-18130 425-000-18100 425-000-18130 820-000-18130 820-000-18100 820-000-18100 820-000-18100 820-000-18100 820-000-18100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE PENSION EXPENSE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS DEF OUT-INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	486,824.88 243,604.50 1,533.68 13,884.59 8,216.23 3,919.20 52,984.58 20,995.88 7,046.64 35,585.82	486,824.88 2,369.50 23,559.16 8,875.39 13,884.59 79.92 794.60 22,680.33 52,984.58 204.22

Workpaper:

Workpaper:	2.6.06 - Adjusting Journal Entries Report		
Account	Description	Debit	Credit
830-000-18120	DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE		10.54
830-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS		3,650.84
Total		957,461.99	957,461.99
Adjusting Journal GASB 68 AJE#3 -	Entries JE # 6 To recognize beginning balances for new deferred items in current year.		
		50.004.04	
400-000-18130 400-000-23250	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS NET PENSION OBLIGATION	52,934.81 1,239,657.52	
425-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS	1,785.37	
425-000-23250	NET PENSION OBLIGATION	41,810.82	
820-000-18130 820-000-23250	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS NET PENSION OBLIGATION	4,562.37 106,844.07	
830-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS	8,203.04	
830-000-23250	NET PENSION OBLIGATION	192,103.49	
400-000-28100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION		112,527.75
400-000-28110 425-000-28100	DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION		1,180,064.58 3,795.30
425-000-28110	DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE		39,800.89
820-000-28100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION		9,698.58
820-000-28110 830-000-28100	DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION		101,707.86 17,437.86
830-000-28110	DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE		182,868.67
Total		1,647,901.49	1,647,901.49
Adjusting Journal			
	To recognize pension expense and current year amortizations.		
400-000-28100 400-000-28110	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	22,964.85 236,012.92	
400-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE	374,098.83	
425-000-28100	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION	774.55	
425-000-28110	DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	7,960.18	
425-750-41970 820-000-28100	Pension expense DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION	12,617.50 1,979.30	
820-000-28110	DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	20,341.57	
820-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE	32,242.97	
830-000-28100 830-000-28110	DEF IN-ACT EXP VS ASSUMPTION DEF IN - INVESTMENT EXPERIENCE	3,558.75 36,573.73	
830-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE	57,972.21	
400-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS		10,803.02
400-000-23250 400-750-41970	NET PENSION OBLIGATION PENSION EXPENSE		40,868.28 248,174.74
400-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE		333,230.56
425-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS		364.36
425-000-23250 425-750-41970	NET PENSION OBLIGATION		1,378.39 8,370.37
425-750-41970	Pension expense Pension expense		11,239.11
820-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS		931.10
820-000-23250 820-750-41970	NET PENSION OBLIGATION		3,522.36
820-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE PENSION EXPENSE		21,389.78 28,720.60
830-000-18130	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS		1,674.09
830-000-23250	NET PENSION OBLIGATION		6,333.15
830-750-41970 830-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE PENSION EXPENSE		38,458.39 51,639.06
Total		807,097.36	807,097.36
Adjusting Journal			
GASB 68 AJE#5 - current fiscal year.	To recognize deferred outflows/contributions after measurement date for		
400-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS	267,983.48	
425-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS	9,038.47	
820-000-18110 830-000-18110	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS	23,097.06	
400-750-41970	DEF OUT - CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION EXPENSE	41,528.05	267,983.48
425-750-41970	Pension expense		9,038.47
820-750-41970	PENSION EXPENSE		23,097.06
830-750-41970 Total	PENSION EXPENSE	341,647.06	41,528.05 341,647.06
Adjusting Journal GASB 75 Health In:	Entries JE # 9 surance AJE#1 - To recognize current year deferred items.		
	• •	176 605 04	
400-000-18140 400-000-23260	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB NET OPEB OBLIGATION	176,695.01 9,827.36	
425-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB	7,747.91	
425-000-23260	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	430.92	
820-000-18140 820-000-23260	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	27,010.38 1,502.25	
000 20200		.,502.20	

Workpaper:	2.6.06 - Adjusting Journal Entries Report		
Account	Description	Debit	Credit
830-000-18140	DEF OUT CHANCES IN ASSUMPTIONS OPEN	30,869.38	
830-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	1,716.88	
400-000-23260	NET OPEB OBLIGATION	1,11111	176,695.01
400-000-28130	DEF IN - EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE - OPEB		9,827.36
425-000-23260	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		7,747.91
425-000-28130 820-000-23260	DEF IN - EXP AND ACTUAL EXPERIENCE - OPEB TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		430.92 27,010.38
820-000-23200	DEF IN - EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE - OPEB		1,502.25
830-000-23260	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		30,869.38
830-000-28130	DEF IN - EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE - OPEB		1,716.88
Total		255,800.09	255,800.09
Adjusting Journal	Entries JF # 10		
	surance AJE#2 - To recognize current year amortization of prior deferred		
items.			
400-750-41980	OPEB EXPENSE	91,635.90	
425-750-41980 820-750-41980	OPEB expense OPEB EXPENSE	4,018.15 14,007.87	
830-750-41980	OPEB EXPENSE	16,009.19	
400-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB	,	51,293.52
400-000-18150	DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE-OPEB		40,342.38
425-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		2,249.17
425-000-18150	DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE-OPEB DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		1,768.98
820-000-18140 820-000-18150	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		7,840.95 6,166.92
830-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		8,961.20
830-000-18150	DEF OUT-EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE-OPEB		7,047.99
Total		125,671.11	125,671.11
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 11		
	surance AJE#3 - To recognize OPEB expense and current year		
amortizations.	DEFINITION AND ACT EXPEDIENCE, OPEN	4 404 00	
400-000-28130 400-750-41980	DEF IN - EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE - OPEB OPEB EXPENSE	1,121.00 19,034.48	
400-750-41980	OPEB EXPENSE	172,871.36	
425-000-28130	DEF IN - EXP AND ACTUAL EXPERIENCE - OPEB	49.16	
425-750-41980	OPEB expense	834.64	
425-750-41980	OPEB expense	7,580.25	
820-000-28130	DEF IN - EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE - OPEB	171.37	
820-750-41980 820-750-41980	OPEB EXPENSE OPEB EXPENSE	2,909.69 26,425.88	
830-000-28130	DEF IN - EXP AND ACT EXPERIENCE - OPEB	195.85	
830-750-41980	OPEB EXPENSE	3,325.40	
830-750-41980	OPEB EXPENSE	30,201.37	
400-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		20,155.48
400-000-23260 425-000-18140	NET OPEB OBLIGATION DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		172,871.36 883.80
425-000-10140	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		7,580.25
820-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		3,081.06
820-000-23260	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		26,425.88
830-000-18140	DEF OUT-CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-OPEB		3,521.25
830-000-23260 Total	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	264,720.45	30,201.37 264,720.45
Total		204,120.40	204,720.40
Adjusting Journal			
JN06935 - JN0694 expenditures.	4 prepared by client to accrue accounts receivable and reclass		
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	500.00	
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	2,137.52	
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	85,815.65	
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	100,027.70	
010-300-41010	SALARIES FULL TIME	10,348.80	
010-436-41040 010-436-41040	SALARIES OVERTIME SALARIES OVERTIME	74.00 259.00	
010-436-41040	SALARIES OVERTIME	379.25	
010-436-41060	SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE	5.66	
010-436-41060	SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE	19.81	
010-436-41060	SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE	29.01	
090-000-13100 104-000-10000	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	201,238.64 766.73	
104-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	99,555.75	
400-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	4,400.00	
820-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	3,458.38	
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	766.73	
010-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH		766.73
010-000-35250 010-000-36990	DPISD OFFICER PROGRAM INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		100,027.70 2,137.52
010-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		85,815.65
010-105-42520	DUES & FEES		500.00
010-300-41020	SALARIES PART TIME		10,348.80
090-000-22120	DEFERRED REVENUE		133,238.64

Workpaper:

Workpaper:	2.6.06 - Adjusting Journal Entries Report		
Account	Description	Debit	Credit
000 000 36310	MISC DEVENUE	·	68,000.00
090-000-36310 104-000-35210	MISC REVENUE SCHOOL CROSSING GUARDS		99,555.75
104-300-41040	SALARIES OVERTIME		74.00
104-300-41040	SALARIES OVERTIME		259.00
104-300-41040	SALARIES OVERTIME		379.25
104-300-41060	SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE		5.66
104-300-41060	SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE		19.81
104-300-41060	SOCIAL SECURITY/MEDICARE		29.01
400-501-44100	SANITARY SEWER		3,850.00
400-502-42310	EQUIPMENT & OTHER RENTALS		550.00
820-300-42790 999-000-24000	SOFTWARE OTHER DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		3,458.38 766.73
Total	DUE TO OTHER FORDS	509,782.63	509,782.63
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 13 cash balance for reporting purposes.		
To correct negative	cash balance for reporting purposes.		
010-000-14104	DUE FROM FUND 104	5,866.42	
104-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH	5,866.42	
010-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH		5,866.42
104-000-24100 Total	DUE TO FUND 010	11 722 94	5,866.42 11,732.84
Total		11,732.84	11,732.04
Adjusting Journal To accrue FEMA re	Entries JE # 14 imbursement received 10/13/20 for Storm Water Outfall Pipe project.		
105-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	85,630.18	
105-000-36990	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		85,630.18
Total		85,630.18	85,630.18
Adjusting Journal To recgonize CRF	Entries JE # 15 in geneal fund for CU's.		
010-000-13100	MISC ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	113,300.32	
010-300-45300	CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND 820	48,775.89	
010-311-45300	CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND 830	64,524.43	
820-000-14100	DUE FROM FUND 10	48,775.89	
830-000-14100	DUE FROM FUND 10	64,524.43	
010-000-24820	DUE TO FUND 82		48,775.89
010-000-24830	DUE TO FUND 83		64,524.43
010-000-36990 820-000-12100	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		113,300.32 48,775.89
830-000-12100	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		64,524.43
Total	ACCOUNT NECETALIZE	339,900.96	339,900.96
Adjusting Journal To record AP invoice			
000 000 40700	COSTIMADE OTHER	29,627.96	
820-300-42790 820-000-21510	SOFTWARE OTHER ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	29,027.90	29,627.96
Total	ACCOUNTSTATABLE	29,627.96	29,627.96
			-,-
Adjusting Journal Entry to adjust prop	Entries JE # 17 verty tax receivables, allowances, and deferrals.		
010-000-11210	ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLL DELINQ	54,081.11	
010-000-11250	PENALTIES/INTEREST RECEIVABLE	8,045.00	
200-000-11210	ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLL DELINQ	14,540.96	
200-000-11260	ALLOWANCE FOR P&I RECEIVABLE	109.83	
200-000-25050	DEFERRED REVENUE-P&I	36.62	00.540.00
010-000-11200	TAXES RECEIVABLE DELINQUENT		32,513.62
010-000-11260 010-000-25000	ALLOWANCE FOR P&I RECEIVABLE DEFERRED REVENUES-PROPERTY TAX		6,033.75 21,567.49
010-000-25050	DEFERRED REVENUE-P&I		2,011.25
200-000-11200	TAXES RECEIVABLE DELINQUENT		10,330.08
200-000-11250	PENALTIES/INTEREST RECEIVABLE		146.45
200-000-25000	DEFERRED REVENUES-PROPERTY TAX		4,210.88
Total		76,813.52	76,813.52
Adjusting Journal Entry to adjust amb	Entries JE # 18 ulance receivables, allowances, and deferrals.		
010 000 12240	ALLOWANCE AMPLILANCE	1 557 019 05	
010-000-13310 010-000-25300	ALLOWANCE-AMBULANCE DEFERRED REVENUE-AMBULANCE	1,557,018.95 1,443,975.27	
010-000-23300	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE-AMBULANCE	1,770,010.21	1,443,975.27
010-000-25300	DEFERRED REVENUE-AMBULANCE		1,557,018.95
Total		3,000,994.22	3,000,994.22
		 :	

Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 19
Entries prepared by client: JN06776, JN06777, and JN06791.

Workpaper:

workpaper:	2.6.06 - Adjusting Journal Entries Report		
Account	Description	Debit	Credit
F10 000 17410	ACCUM DEDD IMDDOVEMENTS	39 271 02	
510-000-17410 510-900-45360	ACCUM DEPR IMPROVEMENTS DEPRECIATION	38,271.02 19,135.51	
511-000-17410	ACCUM DEPR IMPROVEMENTS	60,133.80	
511-000-17410	CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	1,968,096.27	
511-900-45360	DEPRECIATION	30,066.90	
510-000-17410	ACCUM DEPR IMPROVEMENTS	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	19,135.51
510-900-45360	DEPRECIATION		38,271.02
511-000-17400	OTHER IMPROVEMENTS		1,968,096.27
511-000-17410	ACCUM DEPR IMPROVEMENTS		30,066.90
511-900-45360	DEPRECIATION		60,133.80
Total		2,115,703.50	2,115,703.50
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 20		
JN06999 provided	by client to record operating transfers.		
010-105-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	130,000.00	
010-105-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	159,297.00	
010-105-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	498,570.35	
010-105-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	2,958,447.00	
084-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH	498,570.35	
086-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH	130,000.00	
090-000-10000 101-601-45300	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH	2,958,447.00 12,000.00	
101-602-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS OPERATING TRANSFERS	11,000.00	
101-602-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS OPERATING TRANSFERS	24,141.61	
101-602-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	99,000.00	
101-603-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	17,000.00	
101-603-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	20,000.00	
104-104-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	18,159.00	
104-104-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	19,218.00	
104-104-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	70,090.00	
104-300-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	20,000.00	
400-900-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	39,297.00	
400-900-45300	OPERATING TRANSFERS	104,383.00	
425-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH	198,594.00	
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	127,467.00	
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	143,680.00	
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	183,141.61	
999-000-24000 010-000-10000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS CLAIM ON POOLED CASH	3,331,322.74	3,331,322.74
010-000-10000	TRANSFER FROM OTHER FUNDS		104,383.00
010-000-36420	TRANSFER FROM SPECIAL REVENUE		127,467.00
010-000-36420	TRANSFER FROM SPECIAL REVENUE		183,141.61
084-000-36400	TRANSFER FROM OTHER FUNDS		498,570.35
086-000-36400	TRANSFER FROM OTHER FUNDS		130,000.00
090-000-36400	TRANSFER FROM OTHER FUNDS		2,958,447.00
101-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH		183,141.61
104-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH		127,467.00
400-000-10000	CLAIM ON POOLED CASH		143,680.00
425-000-36400	TRANSFER FROM OTHER FUNDS		39,297.00
425-000-36400	TRANSFER FROM OTHER FUNDS		159,297.00
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		130,000.00
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		198,594.00
999-000-24000	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		498,570.35
999-000-24000 Total	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	11,771,825.66	2,958,447.00 11,771,825.66
Adjusting Lawren	Entwice IF # 24		
Adjusting Journal To reclass golf cart	lease payments for reporting purposes.		
		49,187.20	
084-450-49080 084-450-42310	LEASE PURCHASE EQUIPMENT & OTHER RENTALS	49,107.20	49,187.20
Total	LQUII MENT & UTHEN KENTALS	49,187.20	49,187.20
		.5,107.25	.0,.07.20