

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

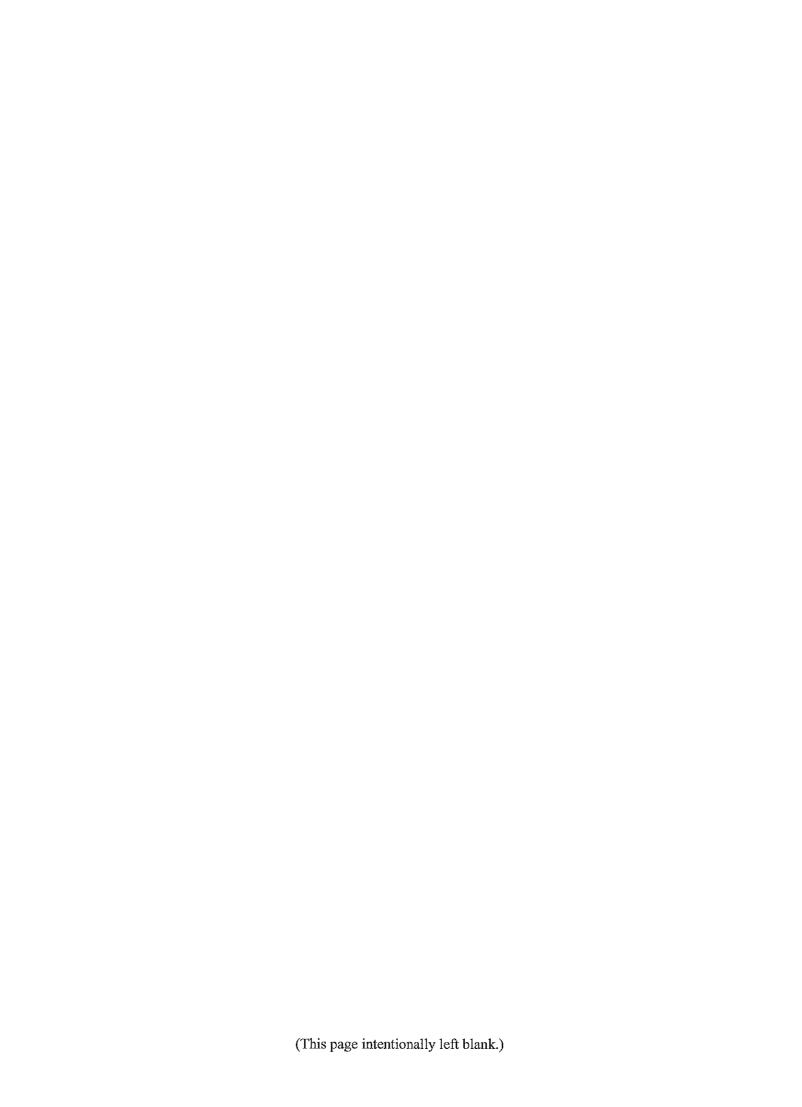
of the

# CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Prepared by Finance Department

Donna Todd Director of Finance



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September 30, 2018

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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March 14, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

Texas law and the City charter require that the City of Deer Park (the "City") publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This report is published to provide the citizens, City Council, City management and staff, bondholders and other interested parties detailed information concerning the financial condition of the City. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. I believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that it is reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of the various funds and account groups. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

#### The Report

In compliance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, this report includes a Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") which provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The MD&A is located immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### City Profile

The City of Deer Park, incorporated in 1948, is located in the center of the highly industrialized ship channel area just east of Houston. The City currently occupies a land area of 15 square miles and serves a population of approximately 35,270. The City is empowered to levy an ad valorem tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. Further, the City is empowered to extend its corporate limits by annexation. The City receives annual "in-lieu-of-tax" payments from industries located within its extraterritorial jurisdiction. This "industrial district" includes the operations of 24 companies that contract with the City. The current contract, which was modified and renewed effective January 1, 2015, has a 12-year term and will expire on December 31, 2026.

The City operates under a home rule, council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. Council members are elected on a non-partisan basis and serve two-year staggered terms. The Mayor and three Council members are elected in odd numbered years and the three remaining Council members are elected in even numbered years. The City Manager is responsible for the execution of City policies and ordinances, oversight of the daily operations of the City, and appointment of department heads.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; sanitation, water and sewer services; library services; recreational and cultural opportunities; and general administrative services. In fiscal year 2012 following a special election for each, the City added two component units to be funded by sales and use taxes: the Crime Control and Prevention and District and the Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District. Each district was approved for a period of five years. In May 2016, voters authorized continuation of both the Crime Control and Prevention and District and the Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District for a period of 10 years, including the continuation of the dedicated sales and use tax for each.

#### **Annual Budget**

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager by May of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget, which is presented to the City Council for review at least 45 days prior to the last regular meeting in September. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police), and appropriations are approved at the departmental level. Department heads may make appropriation transfers within a department with approval of the City Manager. Appropriation transfers outside of the department require approval of the City Council. The budget report includes a comparison of the actual results to the budget for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

**Local economy.** Deer Park lies adjacent to the Port of Houston, which has evolved to become the largest U.S. port. The region immediately surrounding Deer Park is home to flourishing chemicals, plastics and fuels industries. The world's growing populations and rising standards of living in developing nations have increased the demand for more energy and products derived from these Deer Park area companies. The year 2018 showed that Deer Park continues to be a thriving community and with new storefronts and home-based businesses, over 400 new employees were added in the City.

The following are just a few examples of companies choosing Deer Park for their corporate expansion projects in 2018:

Two large logistic/distribution facilities began construction in 2018. The first, Underwood Port Logistics Center, is a 404,000 sq. ft. distribution center expected to be completed in April 2019. The second development, Victory Commerce Center, is a 350,000 sq. ft. distribution center on track to be completed in February 2019. Both are being built as speculative investments, but the developers and brokers believe there is a high demand for this type of office and industrial space in Deer Park, and both developments should bring many new companies and jobs to the area.

Shell Federal Credit Union, which is headquartered in the City of Deer Park, is planning an expansion project to include more office space and an accessory parking garage. The credit union has applied for and received a zoning change to allow for this expansion, which includes an additional 100,000 sq. ft. office building and a three-story parking garage with a covered walkway to the new building.

Additionally, the City applied for and received approval from the State of Texas, under the Texas Enterprise Zone program, for two large Enterprise Projects at Shell totaling \$426 million. The first project, at Shell Chemical L.P., is a \$167 million investment that will retain 500 jobs. The second project, through the Deer Park Refining Limited Partnership (Shell Refinery), is a \$259 million investment that will also retain 500 jobs.

Accounting and budgetary controls. The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures recorded when the liability is incurred. Proprietary operations are maintained on a full accrual basis.

During the course of the fiscal year, each department head monitors expenditure controls with overall review exercised by the Director of Finance and the City Manager. Monthly expenditure reports provide information to department heads for decision making and, if necessary, timely corrective action to ensure the integrity of the adopted budget. Changes to approved expenditures are incorporated into the current year budget throughout the year in the form of budget amendments approved by City Council.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that the City's assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management. Internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management and independent auditors. I believe the City's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that employees in the normal course of business will detect and/or prevent errors or irregularities that could be material to the financial statements.

Long-term financial planning. The City continues to evaluate opportunities to improve operational efficiency and generate cost savings. The City maintains a Capital Improvement Plan ("CIP") for drainage projects and infrastructure needs throughout the City.

In order to remain financially strong and provide a framework for prudent financial management, the following financial controls are monitored annually:

- A multi-year financial forecast is updated projecting revenues and expenditures for all operating funds.
- Rates, fees and charges for services are reviewed and adjusted as necessary to respond to changing financial circumstances.
- Insurance coverage is examined to ensure that policy limits are adequate and in compliance with revenue bond covenants.
- Bonds are issued as part of a planned debt issuance program to finance long-term capital projects.

#### Independent Audit

The City Charter requires an annual audit of all accounts of the City by an independent certified public accountant. The independent auditors' report prepared Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

#### Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Deer Park for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the 31st consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe the current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the capable and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department and the cooperation of all other City departments. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the finance department and all other City staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor, City Council, City Manager, and Assistant City Manager for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and professional manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Donna Todd

Donna Todd Director of Finance

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Deer Park Texas

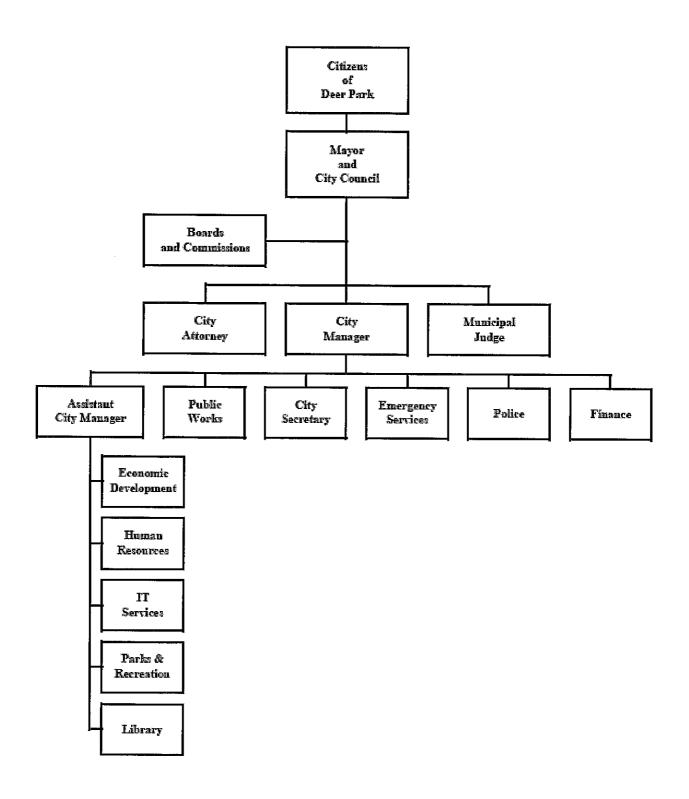
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART September 30, 2018



# CITY OF DEER PARK, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2018

City Officials	Elective Position					
Jerry Mouton, Jr.	Mayor					
Sherry Garrison	Council Member					
Thane Harrison	Council Member					
Tommy Ginn	Council Member					
Bill Patterson	Council Member					
Ron Martin	Council Member					
Rae A. Sinor	Council Member					
Key Staff	Position					
James Stokes Gary Jackson Shannon Bennett Jim Fox Donna Todd Bill Pedersen Greg Grigg Charlie Sandberg Bill Philbert Robert Hemminger Rebecca Pool James Lewis	City Manager Assistant City Manager City Secretary City Attorney Director of Finance Director of Public Works Chief of Police Director of Parks and Recreation Director of Human Resources Emergency Services Director Director of Library Services Director of Information Technology					

FINANCIAL SECTION

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Deer Park, Texas:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Change in Accounting Principle

In 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, the schedule of changes in net pension and total OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedules of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



Houston, Texas March 14, 2019

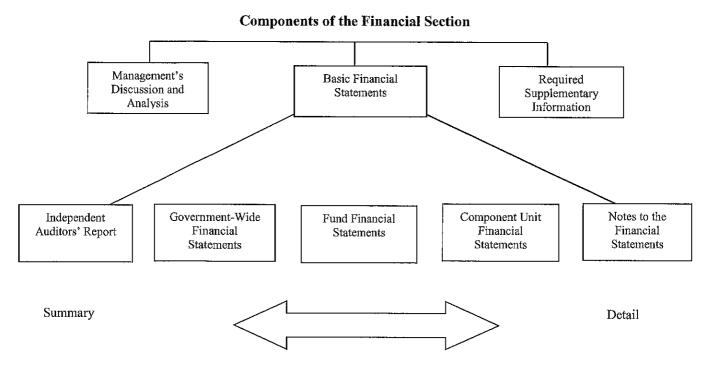
# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of the City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") for the year ending September 30, 2018. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The City's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information for the City as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the City as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements, report information on the City's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the City. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows — the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's financials into two classes of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here including general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. Interest payments on the City's tax-supported debt are also reported here. Sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, municipal court fines, and permit fees finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities Services involving a fee for those services are reported here. These services include the City's water and sewer services, as well as storm water utility services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also three legally separate discretely presented component units, the Crime Control and Prevention District; the Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Services District; and the Deer Park Community Development Corporation, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The three categories of City funds are governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 17 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, capital improvement bond fund (CIBF) 2016 fund, and the capital improvement fund, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, hotel/motel occupancy tax fund, grants fund, police forfeiture fund, and the municipal court fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water distribution, wastewater collection/treatment, and storm water utility operations. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer fund and the storm water utility fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City maintains two fiduciary funds, the senior citizens trust fund and the local emergency planning committee fund (an agency fund). The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position and statement of changes in net position.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, the schedule of changes in net pension and total OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedules of contributions. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$122,135,766 as of September 30, 2018. This compares with \$110,293,243 from the prior fiscal year. The largest portion of the City's net position, 68.54 percent, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### **Statement of Net Position:**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

					T	otal
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-Type	Pri	mary
	Acti	vities	Act	ivities	Gover	rnment
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 65,481,732	\$ 76,580,173	\$ 27,980,238	\$ 28,975,855	\$ 93,461,970	\$ 105,556,028
Capital assets, net	90,426,346	73,786,526	47,138,668	39,229,593	137,565,014	113,016,119
Total Assets	155,908,078	150,366,699	75,118,906	68,205,448	231,026,984	218,572,147
Deferred charge on refunding	320,303	378,009	58,211	72,083	378,514	450,092
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,376,717	6,756,891	312,359	932,213	2,689,076	7,689,104
Deferred outflows - OPEB	72,228	5,692	-	-	72,228	5,692
Total Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	2,769,248	7,140,592	370,570	1,004,296	3,139,818	8,144,888
Long-term liabilities	55,848,599	66,370,512	45,565,877	41,105,286	101,414,476	107,475,798
Other liabilities	4,246,622	4,204,958	3,129,567	4,421,786	7,376,189	8,626,744
Total Liabilities	60,095,221	70,575,470	48,695,444	45,527,072	108,790,665	116,102,542
Deferred inflows - pensions	2,858,679	282,354	381,692	38,896	3,240,371	321,250
Total Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	2,858,679	282,354	381,692	38,896	3,240,371	321,250
Net Position:			<del></del>			
Net investment in						
capital assets	65,700,068	56,664,574	18,011,665	16,822,172	83,711,733	73,486,746
Restricted	6,998,162	6,658,676	_	146,542	6,998,162	6,805,218
Unrestricted	23,025,196	23,326,217	8,400,675	6,675,062	31,425,871	30,001,279
Total Net Position	\$ 95,723,426	\$ 86,649,467	\$ 26,412,340	\$ 23,643,776	\$ 122,135,766	\$ 110,293,243

A portion of the City's net position, \$6,998,162 or 5.73 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$31,425,871 or 25.73 percent, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's total net position increased by \$11,842,523 during the current fiscal year, an increase of 10.74 percent in comparison to the prior year net position. Compared to the prior year, total assets increased \$12,454,837 largely due to the current year operating surplus and an increase in capital assets largely attributable to construction projects. Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$5,005,070 compared to the prior year due to an increase in investment earnings on pension plan assets. Long-term liabilities decreased \$6,061,322 compared to the prior year due to the decrease in the net pension liabilities and scheduled bond payments. Other liabilities decreased \$1,250,555 due largely to a decrease in payables related to various construction projects. Deferred inflows of resources increased \$2,919,121 due to an increase in investment earnings on pension plan assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### **Statement of Activities:**

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

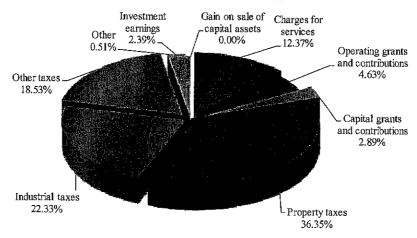
										T	otal	
	Governmental				Business-Type				Primary			
		Acti	vitie			Activities			Government			ent
		2018	_	2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues									_		_	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	6,268,955	\$	6,482,291	\$	11,375,400	\$	11,112,634	\$	17,644,355	\$	17,594,925
Operating grants and contributions		2,347,843		2,349,238		-		_		2,347,843		2,349,238
Capital grants and contributions		1,464,298		986,324		-		-		1,464,298		986,324
General revenues:												
Property taxes		18,423,349		17,845,389		-		_		18,423,349		17,845,389
Industrial taxes		11,316,198		11,255,235		-		-		11,316,198		11,255,235
Other taxes and fees		9,393,809		9,143,009		-		_		9,393,809		9,143,009
Investment earnings		1,210,930		601,325		331,845		150,971		1,542,775		752,296
Other		260,331		306,592						260,331		306,592
Gain on sale of capital assets				42,405		-		-		-		42,405
Total Revenues	_	50,685,713	_	49,011,808	_	11,707,245	_	11,263,605		62,392,958		60,275,413
Expenses												
General government		8,991,472		8,221,386		-		_		8,991,472		8,221,386
Public safety		12,987,761		13,054,883		_		_		12,987,761		13,054,883
Public works		7,683,728		8,112,235		~		-		7,683,728		8,112,235
Parks and recreation		398,187		351,435		_		_		398,187		351,435
Community development		9,649,900		9,973,129		-		_		9,649,900		9,973,129
Interest on long-term debt		908,599		1,020,878		_		_		908,599		1,020,878
Water and sewer		-				9,894,062		10,006,970		9,894,062		10,006,970
Storm water utility						36,726		112,159		36,726		112,159
Total Expenses	_	40,619,647		40,733,946		9,930,788		10,119,129	_	50,550,435	_	50,853,075
Increase in Net Position												
Before Transfers		10,066,066		8,277,862		1,776,457		1,144,476		11,842,523		9,422,338
Transfers in (out)		(992,107)		98,200		992,107		(98,200)				**
Change in Net Position		9,073,959		8,376,062		2,768,564	-	1,046,276		11,842,523		9,422,338
Beginning net position		86,649,467		78,273,405		23,643,776		22,597,500		110,293,243		100,870,905
Ending Net Position	<u>\$</u>	95,723,426	\$	86,649,467	\$	26,412,340	\$	23,643,776	\$	122,135,766	\$	110,293,243

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

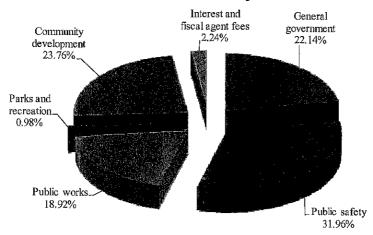
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

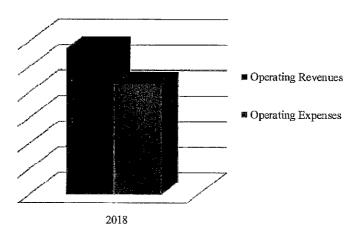
#### **Governmental Revenues**



#### **Governmental Expenses**



**Business-Type Activities** 



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

For the year ended September 30, 2018, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$50,685,713, an increase of \$1,673,905 compared to the prior year. Capital grants and contributions increased due to Deer Park Community Development Corporation contributions towards capital projects and a land donation. Property taxes increased compared to the prior year due to an increase in the assessed values of properties. Sales tax revenues increased compared to the prior year due to an increase in economic activity within the City. Investment earnings increased compared to the prior year due to higher interest rates.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$40,619,647, a decrease of \$114,299. This decrease is mainly due to the decrease in the net pension liability.

Total revenues for business-type activities increased by a total of \$443,640 compared to the prior year. This was due to an increase in customer consumption and investment earnings. Total expenses for business-type activities decreased by \$188,341. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in expenses related to repair and maintenance projects.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$60,241,753. Of this, \$119,183 is nonspendable, \$15,218,654 is restricted, \$7,645,032 is assigned, and \$37,258,884 is unassigned.

There was a decrease in the combined fund balance of \$11,243,304 compared to the prior year. Compared to the prior year change in fund balance, the current year change in fund balance decreased \$12,058,689. This is largely attributable to an increase in capital outlay related to various projects.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$37,258,884, while total fund balance reached \$38,347,432. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 104.63 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 107.68 percent of the total general fund expenditures. The general fund demonstrated an overall increase in fund balance of \$1,826,633. Revenues increased \$1,354,185 compared to the prior year due to increases in property tax revenues, sales tax revenues, intergovernmental revenues, and investment earnings. Expenditures increased \$14,198 compared to the prior year due to an increase in personnel costs and Chapter 380 payments. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in capital outlay.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$5,181,426, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. Revenues decreased due to the City lowering the debt service property tax rate. The debt service fund transferred \$1,091,528 to the water and sewer fund for debt service payments.

The capital improvement bond fund (CIBF) 2016 fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$7,448,206 due to capital projects.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The capital improvement fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,438,461 due to various capital projects during the fiscal year.

**Proprietary Funds** — The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City budgeted for the use of fund balance of \$760,458 in the general fund. However, the net change in fund balance increased by \$1,826,633, resulting in a positive variance of \$2,587,091.

Actual general fund revenues were greater than the amended budgeted revenues by \$2,520,215 during the fiscal year. The largest positive variances were from sales taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings.

Actual expenditures were less than budgeted amounts in total by \$4,618,759 for the fiscal year. The largest positive variances were in general government, planning and development, recreation, senior services, library, street maintenance, fleet maintenance, and police.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental and business-type activities had invested \$137,565,014 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net increase of \$24,548,895.

Major capital asset events during the year included the following:

- Water and Sewer Maintenance Building Backup Emergency Operations Center for \$638,629
- Land Patrick's Bayou Watershed for \$1,777,340
- Land Spencerview Baseball Parking for \$645,000
- Construction in progress additions:
  - o Dow Park Pavilion \$650,976
  - Maxwell Adult Center Parking \$1,495,154
  - Girls Softball Renovation \$2,885,271
  - Soccer Field \$3,230,691
  - Animal Shelter \$1,526,247
  - Wetlands Project \$587,931
  - City Hall Expansion \$3,108,210
  - o Street Replacement Project \$1,500,629
  - Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion \$6,845,120
  - o Sanitary Sewer Rehabilitation Deer Meadows \$1,474,657

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note III.C. to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had total bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding of \$72,089,998. Of this amount, \$15,204,998 was general obligation debt and certificates of obligation accounted for \$56,885,000.

During the year, the City had a net decrease in bonds and certificates of obligation of \$1,130,000 as the result of one new bond issuance and scheduled debt payments. The City also recognized two new capital leases totaling \$418,825.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to ten percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$262,574,803, which is well above the City's total general obligation debt outstanding.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note III.D. to the financial statements.

Current underlying ratings on debt issues are as follows:

	Moody's	Standard
	Investors	and
	Service	Poor's
General Obligation Bonds	Aal	AAA
Certificates of Obligation	N/A	AAA

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City budgeted for an increase in property tax revenues of \$557,116, which is a 3.28 percent increase from last year's budget. This increase is the result of new properties being added to the tax roll and increases in property values.

For the 2019 fiscal year budget, the total tax rate of \$0.720 per \$100 of assessed value is the same as the prior year rate. Compared to the prior year budget, the City budgeted for a decrease in total general fund revenues/expenditures and other resources of approximately \$232,854.

City Council approved a current year budget increase of revenues/expenses of \$1,625,504 compared to the prior year budget for the water and sewer fund.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the City of Deer Park, Director of Finance, 710 E. San Augustine, Deer Park, Texas 77536.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

#### **Primary Government**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,256,215	<b>ድ</b> ጎሬ 102 069	¢ 99 //0 197	¢ 6001.701
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,256,215	\$ 26,192,968 801,108	\$ 88,449,183 801,108	\$ 6,821,781
Receivables, net of allowances	2,959,131	986,162	3,945,293	1,087,547
Due from other governments	147,203	900,102		1,067,347
Inventories		-	147,203	-
	109,811	-	109,811	-
Prepaid items	9,372	-	9,372	-
Capital assets:	E0 010 707	17 (04 550	67.705.194	0.000.000
Nondepreciable capital assets	50,010,626	17,694,558	67,705,184	2,903,089
Depreciable capital assets, net	40,415,720	29,444,110	69,859,830	2,853,566
Total Assets	155,908,078	75,118,906	231,026,984	13,665,983
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	320,303	58,211	378,514	-
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	2,225,690	312,359	2,538,049	69,056
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TESRS)	151,027	-	151,027	-
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (SDBF)	72,228	_	72,228	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,769,248	370,570	3,139,818	69,056
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	2,836,785	1,834,644	4,671,429	88,050
Accrued liabilities	588,238	86,264	674,502	106,007
Customer deposits	13,705	801,108	814,813	
Other payables	768,527	407,551	1,176,078	-
Accrued interest payable	38,446	· _	38,446	-
Unearned revenue	921	_	921	_
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	5,283,540	2,280,367	7,563,907	137,775
Due in more than one year	50,565,059	43,285,510	93,850,569	1,509,231
Total Liabilities	60,095,221	48,695,444	108,790,665	1,841,063
Deferred Inflows of Resources	00,070,2221	10,000,711	100,750,005	1,011,003
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	2,858,679	381,692	3,240,371	11/1267
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,858,679	381,692	3,240,371	114,367 114,367
	2,030,079	301,092	3,240,371	114,307
Net Position	CE 700 0C0	10.011.665	00 711 700	4705 (20
Net investment in capital assets	65,700,068	18,011,665	83,711,733	4,705,639
Restricted for:	# 101 40 <i>6</i>		5 101 406	
Debt service	5,181,426	-	5,181,426	-
Enabling legislation:	1 070 000		1 0740 000	
Hotel/motel occupancy tax	1,070,809	-	1,070,809	-
Police forfeiture	41,311	-	41,311	-
Municipal court	209,226	-	209,226	
Special projects - restricted contributions	399,019	-	399,019	7,073,970
Capital projects	96,371		96,371	-
Unrestricted	23,025,196	8,400,675	31,425,871	
Total Net Position	\$ 95,723,426	\$ 26,412,340	\$ 122,135,766	\$ 11,779,609

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Program Revenues								
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions					
Primary Government												
Governmental Activities												
General government	\$	8,991,472	\$	386,289	\$	-	\$	_				
Public safety		12,987,761		3,030,763		_		29,269				
Public works		7,683,728		1,376,163		-		38,549				
Parks and recreation		398,187		73,761		_		_				
Community development		9,649,900		1,401,979		2,347,843		1,396,480				
Interest on long-term debt		908,599		-		-		<u> </u>				
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		40,619,647		6,268,955		2,347,843		1,464,298				
Business-Type Activities												
Water and sewer		9,894,062		11,037,737		_		_				
Storm water utility		36,726		337,663								
Total Business-Type Activities		9,930,788		11,375,400		-						
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	50,550,435	\$	17,644,355	<u>\$</u>	2,347,843	\$	1,464,298				
Component Units								18.7				
Governmental	\$	5,155,293	\$		\$	-	\$					
<b>Total Component Units</b>	\$	5,155,293	\$	-	\$		\$	-				

#### **General Revenues:**

Property taxes

Industrial district taxes

Franchise fees

Sales and use taxes

Hotel occupancy taxes Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

**Total General Revenues and Transfers** 

**Change in Net Position** 

Beginning net position

**Ending Net Position** 

See Notes to Financial Statements.

### Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government

Governmenta Activities	l Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
\$ (8,605,18 (9,927,72 (6,269,01 (324,42 (4,503,59 (908,59	- (5) - (5) - (5) - (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	\$ (8,605,183) (9,927,729) (6,269,016) (324,426) (4,503,598) (908,599)	\$ - - - - -
(30,538,55	1)	(30,538,551)	_
	- 1,143,675 - 300,937 - 1,444,612	1,143,675 300,937 1,444,612	
(30,538,55		(29,093,939)	
			(5,155,293) (5,155,293)
18,423,349 11,316,199 2,093,310 6,639,059 661,439 1,210,930 260,33 (992,100	3 - 5 - 5 - 7 331,845	18,423,349 11,316,198 2,093,316 6,639,058 661,435 1,542,775 260,331	6,641,688 - 3,895 5,550
39,612,510	1,323,952	40,936,462	6,651,133
9,073,959 86,649,46	2,768,564	11,842,523 110,293,243	1,495,840
\$ 95,723,420	\$ 26,412,340	\$ 122,135,766	\$ 11,779,609

### **BALANCE SHEET**

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

September 30, 2018

		General		Debt Service		CIBF 2016	In	Capital provement
Assets		General	_	Bertie		CIDF 2010		iprovement
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,457,472	\$	5,184,727	\$	2,115,952	\$	7,362,338
Receivables, net	-	2,705,427	*	84,843	Ψ	_,110,50_	*	-
Due from other governments		147,203		-		_		_
Inventories		109,811		_		_		_
Prepaid items		9,372		_		_		-
Total Assets	\$	41,429,285	\$	5,269,570	\$	2,115,952	\$	7,362,338
<u>Liabilities</u>	_							
Accounts payable	\$	1,140,097	\$	3,301	\$	1,082,918	\$	313,204
Accrued liabilities		585,110		· -		-		_
Customer deposits		13,705		_		-		_
Other payables		395,060		-		-		373,467
Unearned revenue		921		_		-		-
Total Liabilities		2,134,893		3,301		1,082,918		686,671
Deferred Inflows of Resources				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Unavailable revenue - court fines and warrants		213,222		_		-		_
Unavailable revenue - ambulance		507,943		_		-		_
Unavailable revenue - industrial district taxes		78		_		-		_
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		225,717		84,843		-		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	946,960		84,843			_	_
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		109,811		<b></b>		_		-
Prepaid items		9,372		<u></u>		=.		-
Restricted for:		,						
Debt service		-		5,181,426		_		_
Enabling legislation		-		_		_		-
Special projects		-		_		_		-
Capital projects		-		_		1,033,034		-
Assigned:								
Disaster response/repair		816,000		_		_		-
Park maintenance		153,365		_		_		-
Capital projects		-				_		6,675,667
Unassigned		37,258,884					_	
Total Fund Balances		38,347,432		5,181,426		1,033,034		6,675,667
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u> </u>	41,429,285	\$	5,269,570	\$	2,115,952	<u> </u>	7,362,338
,	_	, ,	_	- ,,, 0	=	-,		.,002,000

Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 9,135,726	\$ 62,256,215
168,861	2,959,131
-	147,203
-	109,811
<u> </u>	9,372
\$ 9,304,587	\$ 65,481,732
\$ 297,265	\$ 2,836,785
3,128	588,238
5,120	13,705
-	768,527
-	921
300,393	4,208,176
-	213,222
_	507,943
-	78
_	310,560
-	1,031,803
-	109,811
~	9,372
	£ 101 40 <i>6</i>
1,321,346	5,181,426 1,321,346
399,019	399,019
7,283,829	8,316,863
1,203,027	0,510,605
-	816,000
-	153,365
-	6,675,667
-	37,258,884
9,004,194	60,241,753
\$ 9,304,587	\$ 65,481,732

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governm	nental activities in the	Statement of Net Position		
are different because:				
0 41				

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Total fund balances for governmental funds

Capital assets, nondepreciable	50,010,626
Capital assets, net depreciable	40,415,720
	90,426,346

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,031,803

Long-term liabilities and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Accrued interest	(38,446)
Deferred charge on refunding	320,303
Deferred outflows - pensions (TMRS)	2,225,690
Deferred outflows - pensions (TESRS)	151,027
Deferred inflows - pensions (TMRS)	(2,858,679)
Deferred outflows - OPEB (SDBF)	72,228
Noncurrent liabilities due in one year	(5,283,540)
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year	(50,565,059)

(55,976,476) \$ 95,723,426

60,241,753

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General	 Debt Service	 CIBF 2016	Ir	Capital nprovement
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 13,661,972	\$ 4,722,084	\$ _	\$	_
Industrial district taxes	11,316,198	-	_		-
Sales taxes	6,639,058	_	_		-
Franchise fees	2,093,316	-	_		-
Hotel/motel occupancy taxes	-	_	-		-
Fees and fines	1,422,619	-	_		-
Licenses and permits	530,559	_	-		-
Intergovernmental	335,974	2,024,358	751,480		-
Charges for services	3,959,196	-	- · · · · -		_
Investment earnings	916,088	30,021	109,587		2,134
Miscellaneous	105,726	7	 		
Total Revenues	40,980,706	 6,776,470	861,067		2,134
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	7,540,076	-	_		_
Community development	8,032,448	_	-		_
Public works	6,317,066	_	_		1,000
Parks and recreation	63,211	_	_		-,000
Public safety	11,936,825	_	-		_
Capital outlay	1,317,876	-	8,309,273		5,921,839
Debt service:	, ,,,,,,,		-, ,		-,,
Principal	386,668	4,303,024	_		-
Interest and other charges	 17,305	 986,031	 _		
Total Expenditures	 35,611,475	 5,289,055	8,309,273	M-1	5,922,839
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,369,231	 1,487,415	 (7,448,206)		(5,920,705)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	415,089	151,489			4,482,244
Transfers (out)	(4,482,244)	(1,091,528)	_		-,
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	105,732	(2,022,020)	_		_
Capital leases	418,825	-	-		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	 (3,542,598)	 (940,039)	 <u>-</u>		4,482,244
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,826,633	547,376	(7,448,206)		(1,438,461)
Beginning fund balances	 36,520,799	 4,634,050	 8,481,240		8,114,128
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 38,347,432	\$ 5,181,426	\$ 1,033,034	\$	6,675,667

Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 18,384,056
<b>₩</b>	11,316,198
-	6,639,058
-	2,093,316
661,435	661,435
204,177	1,626,796
10.000	530,559
10,000	3,121,812
92,866	4,052,062
153,100	1,210,930
154,598	260,331
1,276,176	49,896,553
338,579	7,878,655
490,893	8,523,341
-	6,318,066
-	63,211
152,043	12,088,868
4,552,750	20,101,738
-	4,689,692
5,400	1,008,736
5,539,665	60,672,307
(4,263,489)	(10,775,754)
- (467,157)	5,048,822 (6,040,929)
. , ,	105,732
	418,825
(467,157)	(467,550)
(4,730,646)	(11,243,304)
13,734,840	71,485,057
\$ 9,004,194	\$ 60,241,753

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (11,243,304)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital asset expenditures	19,627,203
Depreciation expense	(3,489,445)
Disposals, net	(158,998)
Capital contributions	661,060

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. In addition, pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expenses and the amortization of deferred items are accounted for in the Statement of Activities.

Principal payments	4,689,692
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	(57,706)
Amortization of premiums on bonds	153,475
Amortization of deferred outflows - pensions (TMRS)	(138,827)
Amortization of deferred outflows - pensions (TESRS)	(71,397)
Amortization of deferred inflows - pensions (TMRS)	(6,746,275)
Amortization of deferred outflows - OPEB (SDBF)	66,536
Compensated absences	(10,003)
Capital lease activity	(418,825)
Closure costs	(1,183)
Net pension liability - TMRS	6,563,909
Net pension liability - TESRS	183,342
Total OPEB liability - Health	(508,947)
Total OPEB liability - SDBF	(129,547)
Accrued interest	4.368

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

98,831

**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

9,073,959

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**September 30, 2018** 

	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>						
	Wate	r and	Sto	rm Water			
	Sev	wer		Utility		Total	
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		712,651	\$	480,317	\$	26,192,968	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		801,108		-		801,108	
Accounts receivable, net		958,071		28,091		986,162	
Total Current Assets	27,	471,830		508,408		27,980,238	
Noncurrent assets:	_			· <del></del>		.,	
Capital assets:							
Land	:	591,397		-		591,397	
Buildings		795,184		_		4,795,184	
Utility system		133,324		_		57,133,324	
Machinery and equipment		660,852		_		4,660,852	
Construction in progress		103,161		_		17,103,161	
Less: accumulated depreciation		145,250)		_		(37,145,250)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		138,668				47,138,668	
Total Assets		610,498	-	508,408		75,118,906	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	, ,,,	010,120		300,400		73,110,200	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)	,	302,258		10,101		212.250	
Deferred charge on refunding	•	58,211		10,101		312,359	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		360,469		10,101		58,211 370,570	
Liabilities Liabilities		300,403		10,101		370,370	
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	1 (	224 644				1 004 644	
Accrued liabilities	1,6	834,644		-		1,834,644	
Customer deposits		86,264 801,108		_		86,264	
Other payables		407,551		-		801,108	
Compensated absences				-		407,551	
Bonds payable - current		125,478 066,685		-		125,478	
Capital leases payable	۷,۹۱	000,065		99 204		2,066,685	
Total Current Liabilities	- 5	321,730		88,204 88,204		88,204	
Noncurrent liabilities:		021,730		00,204		5,409,934	
Net pension liability - TMRS		211 200		15 250		006.650	
Total OPEB liability - Health		311,280		15,370		826,650	
Compensated absences		084,759		14,070		2,098,829	
Bonds payable, net of deferred charges		13,942		-		13,942	
Capital leases payable	40,2	233,571		110 510		40,233,571	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	42.1	143,552		112,518		112,518	
		7100		141,958		43,285,510	
Total Liabilities	48,4	165,282		230,162		48,695,444	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (TMRS)  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		367,852		13,840		381,692	
		867,852		13,840		381,692	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		)11,665		-		18,011,665	
		26,168		274,507		8,400,675	
Total Net Position	\$ 26,1	37,833	\$	274,507	\$	26,412,340	
See Notes to Financial Statements.		_					

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Business-Type Activities						
O			Water and Sewer		Storm Water Utility		Total	
Operating Revenues Charges for services		_\$_	11,037,737	\$	337,663	\$	11,375,400	
	<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		11,037,737		337,663		11,375,400	
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services			3,257,853		27,848		3,285,701	
Contractual services			1,252,663		919		1,253,582	
Repairs and maintenance			359,952		_		359,952	
Other supplies and expenses			1,805,904		2,997		1,808,901	
Depreciation			1,898,594		-		1,898,594	
	<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>		8,574,966		31,764		8,606,730	
	Operating Income		2,462,771		305,899		2,768,670	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expen	ises)							
Investment carnings			331,845		_		331,845	
Interest and fiscal agent fees			(1,319,096)		(4,962)		(1,324,058)	
	Total Nonoperating (Expenses)		(987,251)		(4,962)		(992,213)	
	Income Before Transfers		1,475,520		300,937		1,776,457	
Transfers in			1,091,528		_		1,091,528	
Transfers (out)			(99,421)				(99,421)	
	Total Transfers		992,107				992,107	
	Change in Net Position		2,467,627		300,937		2,768,564	
Beginning net position		·	23,670,206		(26,430)		23,643,776	
	Ending Net Position	\$	26,137,833	\$	274,507	\$	26,412,340	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Receipts from customers and users		Business-Type Activities					
Receipts from customers and users			Water and		orm Water		Total
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	Cash Flows from Operating Activities				_		_
Payments to employees for services	-	\$		\$	•	\$	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	•		• • •				, ,
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities   5,522,063   299,702   5,821,765	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(3,127,525)		(27,175)		(3,154,700)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities           Transfer from other funds         1,091,528         - (99,421)           Transfer to other funds         (99,421)         - (99,421)           Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (9,807,669)         - (9,807,669)           Proceeds from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Principal paid on capital debt         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Interest and fiscal agent fees paid         (1,433,743)         (4,962)         (1,438,705)           Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         331,845         - 331,845           Earnings on investments         331,845         - 331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         - 331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         26,513,759         480,317	•						
Transfer from other funds         1,091,528         -         1,091,528           Transfer to other funds         (99,421)         -         1,091,528           Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities         992,107         -         992,107           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         992,107         -         992,107           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (9,807,669)         -         (9,807,669)           Proceeds from debt issuance         5,312,086         -         5,312,086           Principal paid on capital debt         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Interest and fiscal agent fees paid         (1,433,743)         (4,962)         (1,438,705)           Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         <	Operating Activities		5,522,063		299,702		5,821,765
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities   992,107   992,107   992,107			1,091,528		-		1,091,528
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         992,107         -         992,107           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (9,807,669)         -         (9,807,669)           Proceeds from debt issuance         5,312,086         -         5,312,086           Principal paid on capital debt         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Interest and fiscal agent fees paid         (1,433,743)         (4,962)         (1,438,705)           Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$26,513,759         480,317         \$26,994,076           Ending Cash and cash equivalents         \$25,712,651         480,317         \$26,192,968			(99,421)				(99,421)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (9,807,669)         - (9,807,669)           Proceeds from debt issuance         5,312,086         - 5,312,086           Principal paid on capital debt         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Interest and fiscal agent fees paid         (1,433,743)         (4,962)         (1,438,705)           Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         331,845         - 331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         - 331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         26,513,759         480,317         26,994,076           Ending Cash and Cash equivalents           Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents         25,712,651         480,317         26,192,968	Net Cash Provided by						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	Noncapital Financing Activities		992,107				992,107
Proceeds from debt issuance         5,312,086         -         5,312,086           Principal paid on capital debt         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Interest and fiscal agent fees paid         (1,433,743)         (4,962)         (1,438,705)           Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         26,513,759         480,317         26,994,076           Ending Cash and cash equivalents           Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents         25,712,651         480,317         26,192,968	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Principal paid on capital debt         (1,976,976)         (160,767)         (2,137,743)           Interest and fiscal agent fees paid         (1,433,743)         (4,962)         (1,438,705)           Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 26,513,759         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,994,076           Ending Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 25,712,651         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,192,968	Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(9,807,669)		-		(9,807,669)
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid	Proceeds from debt issuance		5,312,086		_		5,312,086
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	Principal paid on capital debt		(1,976,976)		(160,767)		(2,137,743)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities         (7,906,302)         (165,729)         (8,072,031)           Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 26,513,759         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,994,076           Ending Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 25,712,651         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,192,968			(1,433,743)		(4,962)		(1,438,705)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities           Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 26,513,759         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,994,076           Ending Cash and Cash equivalents         \$ 25,712,651         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,192,968							
Earnings on investments         331,845         -         331,845           Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 26,513,759         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,994,076           Ending Cash and Cash equivalents         \$ 25,712,651         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,192,968	Related Financing Activities		(7,906,302)		(165,729)		(8,072,031)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities         331,845         -         331,845           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 26,513,759         480,317         \$ 26,994,076           Ending Cash and Cash equivalents         \$ 25,712,651         480,317         \$ 26,192,968	Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (1,060,287)         133,973         (926,314)           Beginning cash and cash equivalents         27,574,046         346,344         27,920,390           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 26,513,759         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,994,076           Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 25,712,651         \$ 480,317         \$ 26,192,968	Earnings on investments	b	331,845				331,845
Cash and Cash Equivalents       (1,060,287)       133,973       (926,314)         Beginning cash and cash equivalents       27,574,046       346,344       27,920,390         Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents       \$ 26,513,759       \$ 480,317       \$ 26,994,076         Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents       \$ 25,712,651       \$ 480,317       \$ 26,192,968	Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		331,845		<u></u>		331,845
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}			(1,060,287)		133,973		(926,314)
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents  \$\frac{25,712,651}{3} \frac{480,317}{3} \frac{26,192,968}{3}\$	Beginning cash and cash equivalents		27,574,046		346,344		27,920,390
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,712,651 \$ 480,317 \$ 26,192,968	Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,513,759	\$	480,317	\$	26,994,076
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,712,651 \$ 480,317 \$ 26,192,968	Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents						
		\$	25,712,651	\$	480,317	\$	26,192,968
	Restricted cash and cash equivalents		801,108		-	-	801,108
\$ 26,513,759 \$ 480,317 \$ 26,994,076	<del>-</del>	\$	26,513,759	\$	480,317	\$	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities					
	•	Water and Sewer		orm Water Utility		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating income	\$	2,462,771	\$	305,899	\$	2,768,670
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		1,898,594		_		1,898,594
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:						
Accounts receivable		9,452		(2,560)		6,892
Due from other funds		62,411				62,411
Deferred outflows of resources		616,026		17,700		633,726
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		669,887		(67)		669,820
Accrued liabilities		(80,520)		-		(80,520)
Accrued interest payable		-		(4,243)		(4,243)
Other payables		342,391		_		342,391
Compensated absences payable		(6,015)		(1,375)		(7,390)
Net pension liability		(883,312)		(29,792)		(913,104)
Deferred inflows of resources		329,159		13,637		342,796
Total OPEB liability		74,470		503		74,973
Customer deposits		26,749		_		26,749
Net Cash Provided					<del></del>	
by Operating Activities	\$	5,522,063	\$	299,702	\$	5,821,765

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2018

			Senior Citizens		
			Trust	I	EPC
Assets Cash and cash equivalents		\$	114,841	\$	48
	Total Assets	\$	114,841	\$	48
	100011235005	Ψ	114,041	Ψ.	70
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to others		\$	_	\$	48
	Total Liabilities	\$	_	\$	48
Net Position					
Restricted		\$	114,841	\$	-
	<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	114,841	\$	-

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Senior Citizens Trust
Additions Investment earnings		_\$	1,737
	Total Additions		1,737
	Change in Net Position		1,737
Beginning net position			113,104
	<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$	114,841

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Deer Park, Texas (the "City") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas in 1948 and adopted a home-rule charter in December 1960. The charter provides for a "mayor councilmanager" form of government with the elective body empowered to enact local legislation, adopt budgets, and determine policies. A mayor and six council members are elected to "at large" positions for two-year terms. The City Manager is appointed by the elective body and is responsible for the administrative affairs of the City.

The City provides for the following services: police, fire and emergency medical, water and sewer, street maintenance, sanitation, planning, parks and recreation, library, and general and administrative.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected six-member council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements present the activities of the City (primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the City's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

The basic financial statements contain discretely presented component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. The elements considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

#### **Deer Park Crime Control and Prevention District**

The Deer Park Crime Control and Prevention District (CCPD) is reported in the basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, which emphasizes that the CCPD is legally separate from the City. The authority for the CCPD is provided by Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 363. It was established to enhance public safety throughout the City and is funded by a dedicated one-fourth of one percent sales and use tax approved by the voters in May 2011

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

and effective on October 1, 2011 for a period of five years from the date it began to levy taxes. In May 2016, the voters approved the continuation of the CCPD for a period of 10 years. In the event of dissolution, the net position of the CCPD shall be conveyed to the City.

The CCPD is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the CCPD because it may remove appointed members at will, and it must approve the CCPD budget and any necessary budget amendments. Separate financial statements are not available for the CCPD.

#### Deer Park Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District

The Deer Park Fire Control, Prevention, and Emergency Medical Services District (FCPEMSD) is reported in the basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, which emphasizes that the FCPEMSD is legally separate from the City. The authority for the FCPEMSD is provided by Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 344. It was established to enhance fire control and prevention and emergency medical services programs in the City and is funded by a dedicated one-fourth of one percent sales and use tax approved by the voters in May 2011 and effective on October 1, 2011 for a period of five years from the date it began to levy taxes. In May 2016, the voters approved the continuation of the FCPEMSD for a period of 10 years. In the event of dissolution, the net position of the FCPEMSD shall be conveyed to the City.

The FCPEMSD is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the FCPEMSD because it may remove appointed members at will, and it must approve the FCPEMSD budget and any necessary budget amendments. Separate financial statements are not available for the FCPEMSD.

#### **Deer Park Community Development Corporation**

The Deer Park Community Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is reported in the basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit, which emphasizes that the Corporation is legally separate from the City. The Corporation was established by a dedicated one-half of one percent sales and use tax approved by the voters in May 2015 for economic development purposes. The authority for the Corporation is provided by Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 505, Type B Corporations. The Corporation was formed for the purpose of financing various public park projects as authorized by Chapter 505 and the election. The dedicated one-half of one percent sales and use tax became effective on October 1, 2015 and the first sales tax receipts for the Corporation were received in December 2015.

The Corporation is governed by a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City has the ability to impose its will on the Corporation because it may remove appointed members at will, and it must approve the Corporation budget and any necessary budget amendments. Separate financial statements are not available for the Corporation.

#### **B.** Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water and wastewater functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following governmental funds:

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The debt service fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

The capital projects funds are used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from the sale of long-term debt and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects. The capital improvement fund and the CIBF 2016 fund are considered major funds for reporting purposes. The remaining capital project funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The City reports the following enterprise funds:

The enterprise funds are used to account for the operations that provide water and wastewater collection, wastewater treatment operations, and storm water utility operations. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The water and sewer fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes. The storm water utility fund is considered a nonmajor fund for reporting purposes, but the City has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The private-purpose trust fund is used to account for disbursements made from investment earnings from an initial \$100,000 corpus established as a trust fund to benefit citizens age 55 and older. All disbursements of the senior citizens trust fund must be approved by the City of Deer Park Senior Citizen's Foundation Trust Committee. Activities are not budgeted and are controlled on an event-by-event basis.

The agency fund is used to account for proceeds received for community awareness and emergency response programs on behalf of the Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC). The City maintains the LEPC fund in a custodial capacity.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amounts are included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The government-wide, proprietary, and private-purpose trust fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and balances in statewide investment pools (TexPool and TexSTAR). For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and equity in pooled cash."

#### 2. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, except for investment pools, which are stated at either amortized costs or net asset value. Investment income from the pools are allocated back to the respective funds based on each fund's equity in the pool. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. government
- Direct obligations of the State of Texas
- Statewide investment pools
- Certificates of deposit that meet certain criteria

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as other resources set aside for specific purposes, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements. Restricted assets of the enterprise fund are restricted by bond covenants for repayment of debt and to finance construction projects.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of at least two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life
Infrastructure	20 to 40 years
Buildings and Improvements	10 to 40 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 to 20 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 to 10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### 6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has five items that qualify for reporting in this category on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows have been recognized for the net difference between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets. This amount is deferred and amortized over a period of five years. Another deferred outflow is recognized for the differences between the actuarial expectations and the actual economic experience related to the City's defined benefit pension plan. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members. A deferred charge has been recognized for the changes in actuarial assumptions. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members. Another deferred charge has been recognized for employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the City's fiscal year. This amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/total OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources are recognized as a result of differences between the actuarial expectations and the actual economic experience related to the City's defined benefit pension plan. This amount is deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members. Deferred inflows have been recognized for the net difference between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets. This amount is deferred and amortized over a period of five years. At the fund level, the City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from court fines and warrants, ambulance fees, and property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation based on years of service with the City within certain limits. Only accumulated vacation and earned compensatory time are paid upon termination of employment. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 8. Long-Term Obligations

In government-wide financial statement and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund. Although a portion of the general obligation debt was directly related to the purchase of water and sewer infrastructure, the debt service expenditures are included in the governmental fund financial statements as they are expected to be paid from debt service tax revenues instead of water system revenues.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 9. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### 10. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 11. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

In accordance with the City's fund balance policy, City Council, by resolution, has authorized the City Manager as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance by the City Manager do not require formal action by the City Council.

The City has established a target level of unassigned fund balance to alleviate revenue shortfalls and/or unanticipated expenditures to ensure the orderly and continued provision of services. The City shall strive to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to at least 25 percent of normal recurring operating costs, based on the current year's budgeted operating expenditures. Should unassigned fund balance fall below the goal or have a deficiency, the City will seek to reduce expenditures prior to increasing revenues to replenish fund balance within a reasonable timeframe.

#### 12. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 13. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's and TESRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS and TESRS. For this

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 14. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the City's total other postemployment (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TMRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

The City also provides medical benefits to eligible retirees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. This plan is an unfunded, pay-as-you-go plan. Information about the City's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by the City's consulting actuary.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the City on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the City Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is October 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due upon receipt and all taxes not paid prior to February 1 are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest established by State law.

#### 3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except the capital projects funds, which adopt project length budgets. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control, as defined by the charter, is the department level. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within a department without seeking the approval of City Council. The City Council may transfer any unencumbered funds from one department to another. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets. Supplemental budget appropriations were made for the year ended September 30, 2018.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
TexSTAR	\$ 23,475,599	0.08
TexPool	19,079,431	0.08
Certificates of deposit	33,407,675	0.41
Total Fair Value	\$ 75,962,705	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.22

*Interest rate risk.* In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit risk. The City's investment policy limits investments in public fund investment pools rated as to investment quality not less than 'AAA' or 'AAAm', or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2018, the City's investments in TexPool and TexSTAR were rated 'AAAm' by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of September 30, 2018, market values of pledged securities were \$21,653,621 and bank balances were \$12,067,342.

As of September 30, 2018, the discretely presented component units' bank balances of \$6,866,737 were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or covered by FDIC insurance.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, Texpool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity. The City has no unfunded commitments related to TexPool.

#### **TexSTAR**

The Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Fund (TexSTAR) is a local government investment pool organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. TexSTAR was created in April 2002 by contract among its participating governmental units and is governed by a board of directors. JPMorgan Fleming Asset Management (USA), Inc. and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. act as co-administrators, providing investment management services, participant services, and marketing. JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary, J.P. Morgan Investor Services, Inc., provide custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting, and depository services.

TexSTAR is measured at amortized cost. TexSTAR's strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The City has no unfunded commitments related to TexSTAR. TexSTAR has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexSTAR's authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national or state emergency that affects TexSTAR's liquidity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### B. Receivables

Amounts recorded as receivable as of September 30, 2018 for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental		•		Sto	rm Water Utility
Taxes	\$ 2,087,730	\$	339,374	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts	1,474,914		-		168,861		1,417,431		40,577
Ambulance	3,265,606		-		-		_		-
Less allowance	 (4,122,823)		(254,531)		_		(459,360)		(12,486)
Total	\$ 2,705,427	\$	84,843	\$	168,861	\$	958,071	\$	28,091

#### C. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year end:

	Primary Government										
		Beginning			(D	ecreases)/		Ending			
		Balance		Increases	Recl	assifications		Balance			
Governmental Activities:		-									
Capital assets not being depreciated:											
Land	\$	22,791,056	\$	2,543,223	\$	_	\$	25,334,279			
Construction in progress		10,119,466		15,126,195		(569,314)		24,676,347			
Total capital assets not											
being depreciated		32,910,522		17,669,418		(569,314)		50,010,626			
Other capital assets:											
Buildings		23,808,675		538,129		-		24,346,804			
Improvements		64,778,316		1,367,119		_		66,145,435			
Machinery and equipment		19,855,055		1,282,911		(761,915)		20,376,051			
Total other capital assets		108,442,046		3,188,159		(761,915)		110,868,290			
Less accumulated depreciation for:											
Buildings		(11,710,995)		(600,883)		_		(12,311,878)			
Improvements		(41,590,965)		(1,409,112)		_		(43,000,077)			
Machinery and equipment	_	(14,264,082)		(1,479,450)		602,917		(15,140,615)			
Total accumulated depreciation		(67,566,042)		(3,489,445)	,	602,917		(70,452,570)			
Other capital assets, net		40,876,004		(301,286)		(158,998)		40,415,720			
Governmental Activities					-						
Capital Assets, Net	\$	73,786,526	\$	17,368,132	\$	(728,312)		90,426,346			
				Le	ss ass	ociated debt		(33,267,073)			
			J	Plus deferred cl	narge o	on refunding		320,303			
					-	nd proceeds		8,220,492			
				Net Investment	t in Ca	npital Assets	\$	65,700,068			

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 435,181
Public safety	506,980
Public works	1,272,507
Parks and recreation	334,976
Community development	 939,801

Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense \$ 3,489,445

Construction in progress and remaining commitments under related construction contracts for governmental fund projects at year end are as follows:

	Authorized			Contract	F	Remaining	
Project Description		Contract	E	penditures	Contract		
Access Control System - Maxwell	\$	11,366	\$	5,683	\$	5,683	
Maxwell Center/Parking		1,787,000		1,766,323		20,677	
Deer Park Baseball		3,009,000		2,808,254		200,746	
Soccer Field		3,659,688		3,512,187		147,501	
Community Center and Gym		26,000		20,774		5,226	
Animal Shelter		2,398,668		1,974,260		424,408	
Access Control System - Animal Shelter		36,695		16,638		20,058	
Camera System - Animal Shelter		29,075		14,225		14,850	
HCFCD B112 Ditch		76,163		20,025		56,138	
Drainage Recovery - Heritage/Deer Meadows		60,230		24,092		36,138	
Street Replacement Project		5,728,015		1,996,521		3,731,494	
Total	\$	16,821,900	\$	12,158,981	\$	4,662,919	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year end:

	Primary Government								
		Beginning			(I	Decreases)/		Ending	
		Balance		Increases	Rec	lassifications		Balance	
Business-Type Activities:		_		_		•			
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	591,397	\$	_	\$	-	\$	591,397	
Construction in progress		9,762,416		8,836,005		(1,495,260)		17,103,161	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		10,353,813		8,836,005		(1,495,260)		17,694,558	
Other capital assets:									
Buildings		3,861,540		933,644		-		4,795,184	
Improvements		55,746,369		1,386,955		-		57,133,324	
Machinery and equipment		4,593,290		146,325		(78,763)		4,660,852	
Total other capital assets		64,201,199		2,466,924		(78,763)		66,589,360	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		(1,192,878)		(119,428)		-		(1,312,306)	
Improvements		(30,841,389)		(1,522,418)		-		(32,363,807)	
Machinery and equipment		(3,291,152)		(256,748)		78,763		(3,469,137)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(35,325,419)		(1,898,594)		78,763		(37,145,250)	
Other capital assets, net		28,875,780		568,330		-		29,444,110	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	39,229,593	\$	9,404,335	\$	(1,495,260)		47,138,668	
				Le	ss as	sociated debt		(42,500,978)	
				Plus deferred ch	arge	on refunding		58,211	
				Plus unspe	ent b	ond proceeds	,	13,315,764	
				Net Investment	t in C	Capital Assets	\$	18,011,665	

Depreciation was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Water and sewer \$ 1,898,594

Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense \$ 1,898,594

Construction in progress and remaining commitments under related construction contracts for business-type activities projects at year end are as follows:

	A	Luthorized		Contract	R	emaining
Project Description		Contract	Ex	penditures	(	Contract
Waste Water Treatment Plant - Lagoon Project	\$	486,000	\$	750	\$	485,250
Backwash System Improvements		14,500		7,803		6,697
Camera System - WTP Well Sites Network		22,914		10,957		11,957
Manhole Rehab - Phase 3		249,309		108,735		140,574
Sanitary Sewer Rehab - Deer Meadows		1,746,211		1,474,657		271,554
P Street Ground Storage Tank		65,000		30,000		35,000
Total	\$	2,583,933	\$	1,632,901	\$	951,032

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the component units for the year end:

	Component Units									
	I	Beginning			,	creases)/		Ending		
		Balance		Increases	Recla	ssifications		Balance		
Discretely presented component units:										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Construction in progress	\$	2,517,397	\$	385,692	\$		\$	2,903,089		
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,517,397	hav*********	385,692		-		2,903,089		
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Building		87,641		-		_		87,641		
Improvements		115,182		-		-		115,182		
Machinery and equipment		3,530,330		1,565,253		(53,226)		5,042,357		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		3,733,153		1,565,253		(53,226)		5,245,180		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Building		(6,573)		(2,191)		-		(8,764)		
Improvements		(34,506)		(8,380)		_		(42,886)		
Machinery and equipment		(1,875,562)		(517,628)		53,226		(2,339,964)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,916,641)		(528,199)		53,226		(2,391,614)		
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,816,512		1,037,054		_		2,853,566		
Discretely Presented Component										
Units Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,333,909	\$	1,422,746	\$	-		5,756,655		
				Le	ss asso	ciated debt		(1,051,016)		
				Net Investmen	t in Cap	oital Assets	\$	4,705,639		

Depreciation was charged to component units as follows:

Crime control and prevention district	\$ 286,112
Fire control, prevention, and emergency medical services district	242,087
Total Component Units Depreciation Expense	\$ 528,199

Construction in progress and remaining commitments under related construction contracts for component unit projects at year end are as follows:

	Ā	Authorized		Contract	R	emaining
Project Description		Contract	Ex	penditures		Contract
Firearms Range	\$	2,746,095	\$	2,692,429	\$	53,666
Total	\$	2,746,095	\$	2,692,429	\$	53,666

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year end:

	]	Beginning Balance		Additions	F	Reductions	Ending Balance		D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	13,258,698	\$	-	\$	1,278,024	\$ 11,980,674	*	\$	1,512,962
Certificates of obligation		22,300,000		-		3,025,000	19,275,000	*		2,190,000
Capital leases		868,776		418,825		386,668	900,933	*		395,595
Premium on bond issuance		1,263,941		-		153,475	1,110,466	*		146,481
Compensated absences		1,143,889		1,215,823		1,205,820	1,153,892			1,038,502
Net pension liability										
TMRS		12,274,158		-		6,563,909	5,710,249			-
TESRS		626,893		-		183,342	443,551			-
Total OPEB liability										
SDBF		844,048		129,547		-	973,595			_
Health		13,738,665		508,947		-	14,247,612			_
Closure costs		51,444		1,183		_	 52,627	•		-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	66,370,512	\$	2,274,325	\$	12,796,238	\$ 55,848,599	<b>.</b>	\$	5,283,540
		Long-ter	m de	ebt due in mo	re th	nan one year	\$ 50,565,059			
*Debt as s	oci	ated with gove	rnm	ental activiti	es ca	apital assets	\$ 33,267,073	=		

Long-term liabilities of the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. For the

governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. For governmental activities, the net pension liability and total other postemployment benefits liability are fully liquidated by the general fund.

	]	Beginning Balance	1	Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance		D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:							 	_		
General obligation bonds	\$	3,746,300	\$	-	\$	521,976	\$ 3,224,324	**	\$	667,038
Certificates of obligation		33,665,000		5,150,000		1,205,000	37,610,000	**		1,285,000
Revenue bonds		250,000		-		250,000		**		<u></u>
Capital leases		361,489		-		160,767	200,722	**		88,204
Premium on bond issuance		1,418,493		162,086		114,647	1,465,932	**		114,647
Net pension liability - TMRS		1,739,754		-		913,104	826,650			_
Total OPEB liability - Health		2,023,856		74,973		_	2,098,829			-
Compensated absences		146,810		149,138		156,528	 139,420	<del></del>		125,478
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	43,351,702	\$	5,536,197	\$	3,322,022	\$ 45,565,877	-	\$	2,280,367
		Long-ter	m de	bt due in mo	re th	an one year	\$ 43,285,510	=		
**Debt ass	oci	ated with busi	iness	-type activiti	es ca	pital assets	\$ 42,500,978	_		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		eginning Balance		Additions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	•	Dŧ	amounts ne Within one Year
Discretely Presented Componen	t Uni	ts:								
Capital leases	\$	-	\$	1,163,743	\$	112,727	\$ 1,051,016	***	\$	137,775
Net pension liability - TMRS		336,359		-		213,013	123,346			-
Total OPEB liability - Health		455,760		16,884		-	 472,644	-		_
Total Discretely Presented										
Component Units	\$	792,119	\$	1,180,627	\$	325,740	\$ 1,647,006	=	\$	137,775
		Long-ter	m de	ebt due in mo	re tha	ın one year	\$ 1,509,231	•		
***Debt associated with d	iscre	tely present	ed co	omponent uni	its cap	oital assets	\$ 1,051,016			

Governmental activities long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest	
Description	Rates	Balance
Governmental Activities		
General Obligation Bonds		
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	4.00-4.50%	\$ 887,772
2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.00-3.00%	3,255,000
2014 General Obligation Bonds	3.00-4.00%	845,000
2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.00-4.00%	732,902
2016 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds	2.25-4.00%	6,260,000
Total General	Obligation Bonds	11,980,674
Certificates of Obligation		
2010 Certificates of Obligation	4.00-5.00%	5,670,000
2015 Certificates of Obligation	2.00-4.00%	5,315,000
2016 Certificates of Obligation	1.59%	5,650,000
2017 Certificates of Obligation	1.89%	2,640,000
Total Certific	ates of Obligation	19,275,000
Total Bonds and Certific	ates of Obligation	31,255,674
Capital Leases		
2016 Freightliner Trash Truck	1.55%	35,362
2016 Golf Cars and Beverage Vehicle	3.15%	208,122
2017 Freightliner Trash Truck	1.84%	91,938
2018 Freightliner 108SD	1.83%	112,169
2018 Freightliner Bus	1.69%	55,875
2018 Freightliner M2-106-80	2.68%	170,464
VOIP Telephone Equipment	2.87%	227,003
To	tal Capital Leases	900,933
Total Governmental Activities	s Long-Term Debt	\$ 32,156,607

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Business-type activities long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest	
Description	Rates	Balance
Business-Type Activities	<del></del>	
General Obligation Bonds		
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	4.00-4.50%	\$ 587,225
2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.50-3.00%	1,455,000
2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.00-4.00%	1,182,099
Total Gener	ral Obligation Bonds	3,224,324
Certificates of Obligation		
2011 Certificates of Obligation	2.50-4.00%	2,745,000
2012 Certificates of Obligation	2.00-3.00%	4,300,000
2013 Certificates of Obligation	2.50-3.35%	6,625,000
2014 Certificates of Obligation	3.00-4.00%	5,790,000
2015-A Certificates of Obligation	2.00-3.50%	6,590,000
2016-A Certificates of Obligation	2.00-4.00%	6,540,000
2017-A Certificates of Obligation	2.00-3.00%	5,020,000
Total Certi	ficates of Obligation	 37,610,000
Capital Leases		
Gradall XL5100 Excavator	1.81%	200,722
	Total Capital Leases	 200,722
Total Business-Type Activit	ties Long-Term Debt	\$ 41,035,046

The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

Component unit long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

Inte	rest		
Description Ra	ites	В	alance
Component Unit			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Capital Leases			
2018 Pierce Velocity 2.0	0% 5	\$	1,051,016
Total Component Unit Long-Term	mDebt 🛚 🖸	\$	1,051,016

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Annual debt service requirements for governmental activities are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities										
Ending	General Obl	igatio	n Bonds		Certificates	s of C	Obligation				
Sep 30	Principal	I	nterest		Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$ 1,512,962	\$	353,133	\$	2,190,000	\$	524,863	\$	4,580,958		
2020	1,564,954		303,642		2,245,000		466,072		4,579,668		
2021	1,539,671		254,861		2,305,000		403,254		4,502,786		
2022	1,483,025		205,597		2,360,000		343,462		4,392,084		
2023	1,538,025		153,331		2,415,000		282,173		4,388,529		
2024-2028	3,967,037		326,068		6,700,000		648,704		11,641,809		
2029-2033	305,000		45,500		1,060,000		53,750		1,464,250		
2034	70,000		1,400		_		_		71,400		
Total	\$ 11,980,674	\$	1,643,532	\$	19,275,000	\$	2,722,278	\$	35,621,484		

The annual debt service requirements for business-type activities are as follows:

Year	Business-Type Activities										
Ending		eneral Obl	igatio	on Bonds	. (	Certificates	of C	bligation			
Sep 30	P	rincipal	]	Interest	]	Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$	667,038	\$	92,367	\$	1,285,000	\$	1,175,765	\$	3,220,170	
2020		660,047		69,983		1,385,000		1,142,628		3,257,658	
2021		590,329		48,839		1,595,000		1,102,653		3,336,821	
2022		426,975		32,803		1,665,000		1,057,578		3,182,356	
2023		416,975		20,144		1,735,000		1,011,528		3,183,647	
2024-2028		462,960		6,944		12,040,000		4,046,920		16,556,824	
2029-2033		puş		н		13,595,000		1,858,576		15,453,576	
2034-2037				-		4,310,000		192,288		4,502,288	
Total	\$	3,224,324	\$	271,080	\$	37,610,000	\$	11,587,936	\$	52,693,340	

#### General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds for governmental activities is from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City, while business-type activities will be paid with utility rate revenues. A number of limitations and restrictions are contained in the various bond ordinances. The City has complied with all significant limitations and restrictions.

#### Certificates of Obligations

The City has issued tax and revenue certificates of obligation to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Certificates of obligation are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of certificates for governmental activities is from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City, while business-type activities will be paid with utility rate revenues. A number of limitations and restrictions are contained in the various bond ordinances. The City has complied with all significant limitations and restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

During fiscal year 2018, the City issued Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017-A in the amount of \$5,150,000. Proceeds from this issuance will be used to pay costs associated with the repair and renovation of, the construction of improvements to, and the equipment of the water and sewer system. The certificates mature on March 15, 2037 and have interest rates that range from 2.00% to 3.00%.

## Revenue Bonds

The City also issues bonds where the City pledges net revenues derived from the City's waterworks and sanitary sewer system to pay for debt service. Revenue bonds were issued to finance construction and improvements to the waterworks and sanitary sewer system. A number of limitations and restrictions are contained in the various bond ordinances. The City has complied with all significant limitations and restrictions. The revenue bonds fully matured during the fiscal year.

# Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment, principally consisting of vehicles and equipment. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Capital leases bear interest rates ranging from 1.55 percent to 3.15 percent and have maturity dates ranging from 2019 to 2026.

Annual requirements to satisfy these obligations are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities									
Ending		Capital Leases								
Sep 30	1	Principal	Interest Total							
2019	\$	395,595	\$	18,558	\$	414,153				
2020		384,315		9,047		393,362				
2021		121,023		1,661		122,684				
Total	\$	900,933	\$	29,266	\$	930,199				

Year	Business-Type Activities										
Ending		Capital Leases									
Sep 30	j	Principal Interest Tota									
2019	\$	88,204	\$	2,899	\$	91,103					
2020		89,811		1,292		91,103					
2021		22,707		68		22,775					
Total	\$	200,722	\$	4,259	\$	204,981					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Year	Component Units									
Ending	Capital Leases									
Sep 30	Principal		Interest		Total					
2019	\$ 137,775	\$	19,762	\$	157,537					
2020	140,555		16,981		157,536					
2021	143,392		14,144		157,536					
2022	146,287		11,250		157,537					
2023	149,239		8,297		157,536					
2024-2026	333,768		7,563		341,331					
Total	\$ 1,051,016	\$	77,997	\$	1,129,013					

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	$\mathbf{G}_{0}$	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type	C	Component
Assets:		Activities	A	Activities		Units
Machinery and equipment	\$	1,422,505	\$	435,228	\$	1,163,743
Less: accumulated depreciation		(354,012)		(130,568)		(64,652)
Total	\$	1,068,493	\$	304,660	\$	1,099,091

# Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

#### E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

Transfer In	n Transfer Out		Amounts
General	Water and sewer	\$	99,421
General	Nonmajor governmental		315,668
Debt service	Nonmajor governmental		151,489
Nonmajor governmental	General		4,482,244
Water and sewer	Debt service		1,091,528
		\$	6,140,350

Amounts transferred between funds relate to the following activities:

 Transfers to the debt service fund were made to transfer interest earned from bond funds for the repayment of debt service and debt service related expenditures in accordance with applicable ordinances and federal regulations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

- The general fund transferred \$4,482,244 to the capital improvement fund to fund current and future capital improvement projects.
- Transfers to the general fund were made by the water and sewer fund and the nonmajor governmental funds to reimburse the general fund for the respective funds' portion of expenditures paid by the general fund.
- Transfers to the water and sewer fund were made by the debt service fund for current year debt service payments.

# F. Fund Equity

As of September 30, 2018, \$1,321,346 of the City's total fund balance is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### G. Restatement of Net Position

The City has restated beginning net position for the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75) as follows:

		vernmental Activities		Water and Sewer	S	torm Water Utility	isiness-Type Activities
Beginning net position as reported	\$	87,841,180	\$	25,680,495	\$	(12,863)	\$ 25,667,632
Total OPEB liability - SDBF		(844,048)		_		_	_
Deferred outflows - contributions after							
measurement date - SDBF		5,692		_		_	•
Total OPEB liability - Health		(13,738,665)		(2,010,289)		(13,567)	(2,023,856)
Total OPEB obligation - Health		13,385,308		_		-	-
Beginning net position - restated	\$	86,649,467	\$	23,670,206	\$	(26,430)	\$ 23,643,776
	Cı	rime Control District	F	ire Control District	(	Component	
Beginning net position as reported	\$		\$		<u> </u>	Units 10.720.520	
	Φ	4,389,009	Φ	3,108,647	\$	10,739,529	
Total OPEB liability - Health	_	(129,226)	_	(326,534)		(455,760)	
Beginning net position - restated	<u>\$</u>	4,259,783	\$	2,782,113	<u>\$</u>	10,283,769	

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,617 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools (the "Pool"). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect of the financial condition of the City.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

#### C. Pension Plans

#### 1. Texas Municipal Retirement System

#### Plan Description

The City participates as one of 883 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by TMRS. TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member Board of Trustees (the "Board"). Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

# Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75 percent of the member's deposits and interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	2018	2017
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service requirement eligibility		
(expressed as age/yrs of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating,	100% Repeating,
	Trans fers	Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	50% of CPI	50% of CPI

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	203
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	133
Active employees	305
Total	641

# **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either five percent, six percent, or seven percent of employee gross earnings, and the City-matching percentages are either 100 percent, 150 percent, or 200 percent, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute seven percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 14.44 percent and 14.36 percent in calendar years 2018 and 2017, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 were \$2,767,719, which were equal to the required contributions.

# Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109 percent and female rates multiplied by 103 percent. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with male rates multiplied by 109 percent and female rates multiplied by 103 percent with a three-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a three percent minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the three percent floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and annuity purchase rate are based on the mortality experience investigation study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. In conjunction with these changes first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, TMRS adopted the EAN actuarial cost method and a one-time change to the amortization policy. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation, as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, the actuary focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.90%
Real Return	10.0%	3.80%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.75%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.50%
Total	100.0%	

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

# Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		let Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	3,285,191	\$	-	\$	3,285,191
Interest		8,293,823		-		8,293,823
Difference between expected and actual experience		(107,539)		u u		(107,539)
Contributions - employer		-		2,709,671		(2,709,671)
Contributions - employee		-		1,320,869		(1,320,869)
Net investment income		-		15,213,811		(15,213,811)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(5,811,848)		(5,811,848)		-
Administrative expense		-		(78,855)		78,855
Other changes		-		(3,995)		3,995
Net Changes		5,659,627		13,349,653		(7,690,026)
Balance at December 31, 2016		124,134,775		109,784,504		14,350,271
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	129,794,402	\$	123,134,157	\$	6,660,245

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the City's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	6 Increase in
	D	is count Rate	D	iscount Rate	D	is count Rate
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	24,514,802	\$	6,660,245	\$	(7,990,437)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized net pension expense of \$3,149,057.

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	]	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	46,208	\$	275,359		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		459,432		-		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		_		3,079,379		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,101,465		_		
Total	\$	2,607,105	\$	3,354,738		

\$2,101,465 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Pension Expense		
2019	\$	218,515	
2020		51,235	
2021		(1,532,183)	
2022		(1,582,529)	
2023		(4,136)	
Total	\$	(2,849,098)	

# 2. Texas Emergency Services Retirement System

# Plan Description

The City participates in a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the TESRS and established and administered by the State of Texas (the "State") to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. At August 31, 2017, there were 235 contributing fire and/or emergency services department members participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a member department.

On August 31, 2017, the pension system membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3,104
Terminated members entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	2,208
Active participants	4,046

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TESRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued CAFR that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. TESRS issues a publicly available annual financial report, which includes financial statements, notes, and required supplementary information, and can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tesrs.org">www.tesrs.org</a>. The separately issued actuarial valuations that may be of interest are also available at the same link.

#### Benefits Provided

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), re-codified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees (the "Board") authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by Board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50 percent vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percentage increasing ten percent for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100 percent vested with 15 years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percentage multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2 percent compounded annually. There is no provision for automatic postretirement benefit increases.

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount or continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

#### **Funding Policy**

Contributions are made by governing bodies for the participating departments. No contributions are required from the individuals who are members of TESRS, nor are they allowed. The governing bodies of each participating department are required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services for a department (this minimum contribution is \$36 per member and the department may make a higher monthly contribution for its members). This is referred to as a Part One contribution, which is the legacy portion of the TESRS contribution that directly impacts future retiree annuities.

The State is required to contribute an amount necessary to make TESRS "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total of all contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year.

The Board rule defining contributions was amended effective July 27, 2014 to add the potential for actuarially determined Part Two contributions that would be required only if the expected future annual contributions from the State are not enough with the Part One contributions to provide an adequate contribution arrangement as determined by the most recent actuarial valuation. This Part Two portion, which is actuarially determined as a percentage of the Part One portion (not to exceed 15 percent), is to be actuarially adjusted near the end of each even-numbered calendar year based on the most recent actuarial valuation. Based on the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2016, the Part Two contributions were established by the Board to be two percent of the Part One contributions beginning September 1, 2017.

Additional contributions may be made by governing bodies within two years of joining TESRS to grant up to ten years of credit for service per member. Prior service purchased must have occurred before the department began participation in TESRS.

A small subset of participating departments has a different contribution arrangement that is being phased out over time. In this arrangement, contributions made in addition to the monthly contributions for active members are made by local governing bodies on a pay-as-you-go basis for members who were pensioners when their respective departments merged into TESRS. There is no actuarial impact associated with this arrangement as the pay-as-you-go contributions made by these governing bodies are always equal to benefit payments paid by TESRS.

#### Contributions

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by Board rule, and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

there is no maximum contribution rate. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2017, total contributions (dues, prior service, and interest on prior service financing) of \$89,400 were paid by the City. The State appropriated \$1,583,825 for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2017 to the plan as a whole.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The TPL in the August 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	8/31/2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value smoothed by a 5-year
	deferred recognition method with an
	80%/120% corridor on market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	7.75%
Projected salary increases	N/A
*Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost of living adjustments	None

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Lives Mortality Tables for males and for females projected to 2024 by scale AA. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future net real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage (currently 4.97%) and by adding expected inflation (3.00%). In addition, the final 7.75 percent assumption reflected a reduction of 0.22 percent for adverse deviation. The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target	Long-Term Expected Net Real
Asset Class		Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities			
Large cap domestic		32.0%	5.72%
Small cap domestic		10.0%	5.96%
Developed international		21.0%	6.21%
Emerging markets		6.0%	7.18%
Master limited partnership		5.0%	7.61%
Fixed income			
Domestic		21.0%	1.61%
International		5.0%	1.81%
	Total	100.0%	
Weighted average			4.97%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.75 percent. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the August 31, 2016 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) in 30 years using the conservative level dollar amortization method. Because of the 30-year amortization period with the conservative amortization method and with a lower value of assets, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the NPL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount				1% Increase in Discount			
	(1	Rate 6.75%)		ount Rate	Œ	Rate 3.75%)		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	828,297	\$	443,551	\$	200,834		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of 443,551 for its proportionate share of the plan's NPL. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the NPL, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the collective NPL	\$ 443,551
*State's proportionate share that is associated with the City	 145,246
Total	\$ 588,797

<sup>\*</sup>Calculated using the City's proportionate share of contributions multiplied by the State's share of the collective NPL.

The TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2016. GASB Statement No. 68 requires the NPL to be measured as of a date no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year. TESRS did not roll forward (nor did they provide the necessary information for the participants to roll forward) the NPL to be measured as of a date no earlier than the end of the City's prior fiscal year. While the City acknowledges that the measurement date does not fall within this 12-month period, the City elected to honor the conservatism principle and report an NPL measured as of August 31, 2017. The City used the assumption that any differences in the NPL measured as of August 31, 2017 versus September 30, 2017 would be immaterial. The employer's proportion of the NPL was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

At August 31, 2017, the employer's proportion of the collective NPL was 1.848 percent, which was a decrease of 0.304 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2016.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the TPL during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the TPL during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$93,067. The City recognized on-behalf revenues of \$30,476 calculated by taking the State's total contributions to TESRS multiplied by the City's proportionate share.

At August 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of the TESRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	Inflo	erred ows of urces
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	41,363	\$	
Changes in assumptions		6,479		=
Differences between expected and actual experience		471		-
Contributions paid to TESRS subsequent to the measurement date		102,714		-
Total	\$	151,027	\$	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Pension		
September 30		Expense	
2019	\$	20,871	
2020		38,286	
2021		(1,838)	
2022		(9,006)	
Total	\$	48,313	

# D. Other Postemployment Benefits

### 1. Healthcare Plan

# Plan Description

The City provides medical benefits (the "Plan") to eligible retirees through an unfunded single-employer defined benefit plan. The City pays a portion of the current monthly contribution rate for individual medical benefits for retirees meeting certain eligibility requirements. All active employees who retire directly from the City and meet the eligibility criteria may participate. Eligibility is based on retirement at, or after, age 55 and 20 years of service (age plus years of service equals 80). If age 56 or older on or before December 31, 2003, an employee may retire with 10 years of service if age plus years of service equals 75. If hired prior to October 1, 2001, an employee may retire with 25 years of service without regard to age. There is no City subsidy for dependent coverage and the cost

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

of elected dependent coverage is paid entirely by the retiree. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

#### Benefits

Medicare benefits continue after age 65 with the medical coverage offered as a supplement to Medicare benefits. Dental and life insurance benefits are also made available to retirees, but these benefits are not subsidized by the City and are not included the actuarial valuation. The retiree pays a percentage of the contribution for individual pre-65 medical coverage based on points (retirement age plus years of service). This contribution ranges from 25% for 80 or more points to 92.5% for 71 or less points. The retiree pays 20% of the individual Medicare supplement benefit contribution for any dependent coverage elected. Pre-65 medical benefits are provided through the TML Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool and Medicare supplement benefits are provided through United Healthcare.

Participation in the SDBF as of September 30, 2018 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	67
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active employees	131
Total	198

#### Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$16,819,085 was measured as of September 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.50%
Discount rate	4.06%*
Health care trend rate	5.00%

Actuarial cost method Individual entry-age

Service cost Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to

the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between

date of hire and date of expected termination.

Average per capita claim cost The City is using 195% of the active employee rate for pre-65 retiree coverage and the

Medicare supplement rate for the age 65 and later coverage. Since these rates are not subsidized by the active employee rates, they are used for the fiscal year 2017 claims

costs rates.

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2018

Turnover Rates varying based on gender, age, and select and ultimate at 9 years. Rates based on

the TMRS actuarial assumptions from the 2017 retirement plan valuation report.

Retiree contributions Retirees pay a portion of the monthly contribution rate for individual medical coverage

and 100% of the contribution for dependent coverage.

Disability None assumed.

Participation rates (coverage) 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage will continue with the same

coverage

75% of all actives who currently have individual healthcare coverage will continue with individual coverage upon retirement. 75% of actives who have family coverage will continue with individual coverage and the balance will keep family coverage.

# Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	361,607	
Interest		664,510	
Changes of assumptions		-	
Benefit payments		(425,313)	
Net Changes		600,804	
Balance at September 30, 2017		16,218,281	
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	16,819,085	

<sup>\*</sup> The discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer GO Bond 20 Index as of September 30, 2018.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Costs Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in					1% Increase in			
		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	Discount Rate				
	-	(3.06%)		(4.06%)		(5.06%)			
City's Total OPEB Liability	\$	20,196,244	\$	16,819,085	\$	14,216,991			

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the assumed trend rates if that rate was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rates:

		Cu	rrent Healthcare		
	1% Decrease	Assumption			1% Increase
City's Total OPEB Liability	\$ 14,048,652	\$	16,819,085	\$	20,487,271

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,026,117. The City had no deferred items to report as of September 30, 2018 related to this OPEB plan.

#### 2. TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits Plan

#### Plan Description

The City participates in an OPEB plan administered by TMRS. TMRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the SDBF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate (based on the covered payroll of employee members) as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

The contributions to the SDBF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The TMRS Act requires the PTF to allocate a five percent interest credit from investment income to the SDBF on an annual basis each December 31 based on the mean balance in the SDBF during the year.

#### **Benefits**

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated). Participation in the SDBF as of December 31, 2017 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	159
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	34
Active employees	305
Total	498

#### Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$973,595 was measured as of December 31, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Discount rate 3.31%\*
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Zero

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for

under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates-service retirees RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male

rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projects

on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Mortality rates-disabled retirees RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male

rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. The rate are projected on a fully generational basis with social PD to receive the first second 100 miles.

generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality

improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

		Total OPEB Liability		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		\$	26,417	
Interest			32,262	
Changes of assumptions			78,416	
Benefit payments*			(7,548)	
	Net Changes		129,547	
Balance at December 31, 2016			844,048	
	Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	973,595	

<sup>\*</sup> Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

<sup>\*</sup> The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease in			1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate (3.06%)		Discount Rate (4.06%)	Discount Rate (5.06%)		
City's Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,176,129	\$ 973,595	\$	817,659	

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$70,688.

The City reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	66,407	\$	-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,821			
	\$	72,228	\$	-	

\$5,821 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB Expense				
September 30	Amount				
2019	\$	12,009			
2020		12,009			
2021		12,009			
2022		12,009			
2023		12,009			
Thereafter		6,362			
Total	\$	66,407			

#### 3. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Plan's trust arrangements are established to protect deferred compensation amounts of employees under the Plan

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

from any other use than intended under the Plan (eventual payment to employees deferring the compensation) in accordance with federal tax laws. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees under Plan provisions are disbursed monthly by the City to a third-party administrator. The third-party administrator handles all funds in the Plan and makes investment decisions and disburses funds to employees in accordance with Plan provisions.

#### E. Industrial District Contracts

A significant portion of the City's revenue is derived from separate contractual agreements (the "Contracts") with 27 separate industrial companies (the "Companies") that lie within the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction (known as the "Industrial District"). In 2007, the City and the Companies located in the Industrial District agreed to new Contracts extending to December 31, 2014. The City completed negotiations on new Contracts with the Companies located in the Industrial District, with a new expiration date of December 31, 2026. These Contracts call for each Company to annually render to the City a written description of its land, improvements, and tangible personal property as of the immediately preceding January 1 (based on the opinion of the legal counsel for the Harris County Appraisal District that the value of land and improvements that were not physically located within the corporate area of the City could not be included in the City's tax roll). The Companies have agreed to pay an amount "in lieu" of taxes in the unannexed area of an amount equal to the sum of 63 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements that existed on each January 1 had been within the corporate limits of the City. Under the new Contract, the Companies have agreed to pay an amount "in lieu" of taxes in the unannexed area of an amount equal to the sum of 63 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements that existed on January 1, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 had been within the corporate limits of the City; 64 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements that existed on January 1, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 had been within the corporate limits of the City; and 65 percent of the amount of ad valorem taxes that would be payable to the City if all of the Company's land and improvements which existed on January 1, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026 had been within the corporate limits of the City. Payments in lieu of taxes on new construction will be based on percentages of new value as described in the Contract as ten percent the first year, 20 percent the second year, 30 percent the third year, 40 percent the fourth year, 50 percent the fifth year, and 100 percent after the fifth year of operations. For new construction in excess of \$100,000,000, the new Contracts allow for each Company to negotiate these payment percentages. If those particular negotiations are not completed by January 1, the stated Contract rates will apply to the new construction value. During the fiscal year, the City received revenues of \$11,316,198 related to these Contracts.

#### F. Operating Leases

Effective May 29, 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement (the "Agreement") with a tenant to operate the City's municipal golf course. The Agreement extends through May 31, 2023. The term of the Agreement may be extended for four, five-year extensions upon the mutual agreement of the City and the tenant. As part of the Agreement, the City receives monthly rent payments based upon an annual minimum rent amount plus a percentage of gross revenues. However, in September 2016, an amendment to the Agreement temporarily reduced the monthly rent payment and temporarily eliminated the percentage rent payment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### G. Transfer Station Closure Cost

The City operates a municipal solid waste transfer station (the "Transfer Station"), which is currently permitted for 200 tons per day of municipal solid waste transfer. Transfer stations are facilities where municipal solid waste is unloaded from collection vehicles and held until the waste is reloaded onto larger transport vehicles for shipment to landfills or other treatment/disposal facilities.

As of September 30, 2018, the total estimated closure costs for the City's Transfer Station are \$52,627. The reported liability represents 100 percent of the closure costs for the Transfer Station. The liability is based on an engineering study performed in March 2002 that estimated the total closure costs. The estimated closure costs are adjusted annually using the Implicit Price Deflator for Gross National Product published by the United States Department of Commerce. The actual cost may differ from the estimate due to inflation, changes in technology, or regulatory changes.

# H. Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreement

Chapter 380, Miscellaneous Provisions Relating to Municipal Planning and Development, of the Texas Local Government Code provides the authority to the governing body of a municipality to establish and provide for the administration of one or more programs, including programs to promote state or local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the municipality. The City has entered into a Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreement (the "Agreement") with one developer (the "Developer"). The term of this Agreement is for a period of 16 years. This Developer agreed to make real property improvements as part of a retail development (the "Project") including the construction of water and sanitary sewer facilities and traffic and roadway improvements to support the Project. The Developer also agreed to employ and maintain a minimum number of full-time equivalent employment positions working at the retail development site. Between the years ending 2019 through 2022, the City has agreed to reimburse the Developer \$1,000 for each job created/retained up to a maximum of \$465,000 over the four-year period. The City also agreed to pay the Developer a percentage of sales and use tax collected on the property, which ranges from 100 percent of the collections in calendar year 2017 to 50 percent of the collections in calendar year 2031. Lastly, the City agreed to pay the Developer 100 percent of the property tax increment revenues for tax years 2016 through 2025. The aggregate total of all grant program payments made by the City to the Developer shall not exceed \$4,175,750. During fiscal year 2018, the City recognized expenditures of \$389,558 related to this Agreement.

# I. Subsequent Events

In December 2018, the City Council approved the issuance of Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018 (the "Certificates") in the amount of \$6,300,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used for the repair and renovation of, the construction of improvements to, and the equipment of, the water and sewer system. The Certificates will mature on March 15, 2038. The interest rates will range from 3.25 percent to 5.00 percent.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Page 1 of 2)

Revenues		Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Property taxes	\$	13,625,217	\$	13,625,217	\$	13,661,972	\$	26 755		
Industrial district taxes	Ψ	11,321,524	Ψ	11,321,524	ф	11,316,198	Ф	36,755 (5,326)		
Sales taxes		5,850,000		5,850,000		6,639,058		789,058		
Franchise fees		1,950,000		1,950,000		2,093,316		143,316		
Fees and fines		1,504,200		1,504,200		1,422,619		(81,581)		
Licenses and permits		536,300		536,300		530,559		(5,741)		
Intergovernmental		60,000		60,000		335,974		275,974		
Charges for services		3,454,250		3,454,250		3,959,196		504,946		
Investment earnings		150,000		150,000		916,088		766,088		
Miscellaneous		9,000		9,000		105,726		96,726		
Total Revenues		38,460,491		38,460,491	_	40,980,706		2,520,215		
Expenditures		30,100,101	_	30,400,471				2,320,213		
Current:										
General Government:										
Mayor and council		63,550		63,550		31,118		32,432		
City manager		951,810		951,810		902,363		49,447		
Boards and commissions		15,408		15,408		12,777		2,631		
Municipal court		444,901		444,901		424,508		20,393		
General government		4,522,271		4,475,491		3,140,926		1,334,565		
Legal services		152,000		157,400		109,620		47,780		
Human resources		382,418		382,418		352,975		29,443		
Information technology services		1,512,167		1,512,167		1,418,557		93,610		
Finance		687,220		687,220		653,018		34,202		
City secretary		402,643		402,643		381,152		21,491		
Warehouse		77,954		77,954		76,825		1,129		
Disaster declarations				´ <b>-</b>		36,237		(36,237) *		
Total General Government		9,212,342	_	9,170,962	-	7,540,076		1,630,886		
Community Development:										
Planning and development		1,923,794		1,943,794		1,736,996		206,798		
Beautification		45,000		45,000		6,865		38,135		
Park maintenance		1,988,414		2,002,814		1,866,547		136,267		
Recreation		1,614,593		1,614,593		1,369,749		244,844		
Athletics and aquatics		875,642		875,642		844,296		31,346		
Senior services		564,077		654,077		467,581		186,496		
After-school program		370,988		370,988		289,476		81,512		
Drama		503,232		503,232		446,930		56,302		
Library		1,128,197		1,137,837		1,004,008		133,829		
<b>Total Community Development</b>		9,013,937	_	9,147,977		8,032,448		1,115,529		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts		ariance with 'inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Works:			 				<u>(</u>
Building maintenance	\$	657,180	\$ 657,180	\$	640,580	\$	16,600
Sanitation		3,744,236	3,744,236		3,724,163		20,073
Street maintenance		1,906,725	1,906,725		1,169,854		736,871
Fleet maintenance		687,477	687,477		519,048		168,429
Humane division		263,072	263,472		263,421		51
Total Public Works		7,258,690	 7,259,090		6,317,066	_	942,024
Public Safety:							
Police		9,797,120	9,797,120		9,469,286		327,834
Emergency management		460,660	460,660		434,510		26,150
Fire department		592,608	592,608		533,897		58,711
Ambulance		1,340,986	1,340,986		1,340,884		102
Fire marshal		157,653	158,253		158,248		5
Total Public Safety		12,349,027	12,349,627	_	11,936,825		412,802
Parks and Recreation:						,	
Golf course lease		106,000	106,000		63,211		42,789
Total Parks and Recreation	_	106,000	 106,000	_	63,211	_	42,789
Debt service:							
Principal		378,595	437,628		386,668		50,960
Interest and other charges		17,305	17,305		17,305		50,200
Total Debt Service		395,900	 454,933		403,973		50,960
Capital outlay		844,576	1,741,645		1,317,876		423,769
Total Expenditures		39,180,472	 40,230,234		35,611,475		4,618,759
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(719,981)	 (1,769,743)		5,369,231		7,138,974
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		4,102,560	5,092,982		415,089		(4,677,893)
Transfers (out)		(3,792,579)	(4,512,526)		(4,482,244)		30,282
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,000	10,000		105,732		95,732
Capital lease proceeds		-	418,829		418,825		(4)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		319,981	1,009,285		(3,542,598)		(4,551,883)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(400,000)	\$ (760,458)		1,826,633	\$	2,587,091
Beginning fund balance					36,520,799	## <u>.</u>	
Ending Fund Balance				\$	38,347,432		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 2. \*Disaster declarations is a sub-fund of the general fund and the City does not adopt a budget for this sub-fund.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

	Measurement Year*							
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Total Pension Liability	Τ							
Service cost	\$	2,681,792	\$	3,011,767	\$	3,179,205	\$	3,285,191
Interest (on the total pension liability)		7,460,704		7,763,831		7,931,982		8,293,823
Difference between expected and actual experience		(718,727)		108,094		(18,490)		(107,539)
Change of assumptions		_		1,074,743		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(5,388,710)		(5,128,029)		(5,758,334)		(5,811,848)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		4,035,059		6,830,406		5,334,363		5,659,627
Beginning total pension liability	_	107,934,947	_	111,970,006	_	118,800,412		124,134,775
Ending Total Pension Liability	¢	111,970,006	\$	118,800,412	·	124,134,775	\$	129,794,402
Date of the state	Ψ	111,570,000	<u>Ψ</u>	110,000,412	=	124,134,773	<u> </u>	129,794,402
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	2,442,022	\$	2,545,558	\$	2,519,299	\$	2,709,671
Contributions - employee		1,172,340		1,233,609		1,276,057		1,320,869
Net investment income		5,837,195		156,470		7,078,549		15,213,811
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(5,388,710)		(5,128,029)		(5,758,334)		(5,811,848)
Administrative expense		(60,949)		(95,310)		(79,953)		(78,855)
Other	_	(5,011)		(4,708)		(4,308)		(3,995)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,996,887		(1,292,410)		5,031,310	_	13,349,653
Beginning plan fiduciary net position	_	102,048,717	_	106,045,604	_	104,753,194	_	109,784,504
<b>Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>	<u>\$</u>	106,045,604	\$	104,753,194	\$	109,784,504	\$	123,134,157
Net Pension Liability	\$	5,924,402	\$	14,047,218	\$	14,350,271	\$	6,660,245
DI DII I MADAMATANA								
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		94.71%		88.18%		88.44%		94.87%
Covered Payroll	\$	16,747,712	\$	17,622,979	\$	18,229,388	\$	18,869,562
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of								
Covered Payroll		35.37%		79.71%		78.72%		35.30%

<sup>\*</sup> Only four years of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next six-year period.

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TESRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Measurement Year*							
	2014		2015		2016			2017
City's proportion of the net pension liability		2.115%		1.927%		2.152%		1.848%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	384,385	\$	514,241	\$	626,893	\$	443,551
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		129,211		178,251		216,723		145,246
Total	\$	513,596	\$	692,492	\$	843,616	\$	588,797
Number of active members**		80		76		82		62
City's net pension liability per active member	\$	4,805	\$	6,766	\$	7,645	\$	7,154
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.50%		76.90%		76.30%		81.40%

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

# Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

### Changes in assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

- \* Only four year's worth of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next six-year period.
- \*\* There is no compensation for active members. Number of active members is used instead.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

# TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Fiscal Year\* 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Actuarially determined contribution 2,407,731 2,527,680 2,632,998 2,650,445 2,767,719 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution 2,407,731 2,527,680 2,632,998 2,650,445 2,767,719 Contributions deficiency (excess) Covered payroll \$ 16,455,020 \$ 17,449,288 \$ 18,824,716 \$ 18,622,310 \$ 19,192,732 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 14.63% 14.49% 13.99% 14.23% 14.42%

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

#### 1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

# 2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 28 years

Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated

for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied

by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis

with scale BB.

#### 3. Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Only five years of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next five-year period.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

# TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TESRS)

	Fiscal Year*							
		2014		2015		2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	96,300	\$	91,000	\$	98,600	\$ 89,400	\$ 102,714
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		96,300		91,000		98,600	89,400	102,714
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ -
Number of active members**		80		76		82	75	71
Contributions per active member	\$	1,204	\$	1,197	\$	1,202	\$ 1,192	\$ 1,447

<sup>\*</sup>Only five years of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next five-year

<sup>\*\*</sup>There is no compensation for active members. Number of active members is used instead.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT FUND (TMRS SDBF)

		M	easurement Year*
			2017
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost		\$	26,417
Interest (on the total pension liability)			32,262
Changes of assumptions			78,416
Benefit payments			(7,548)
	Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		129,547
Beginning total OPEB liability		_	844,048
	<b>Ending Total OPEB Liability</b>	\$	973,595
Covered Payroll		\$	18,869,562
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll			5.16%

<sup>\*</sup> Only one year of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next nine-year period.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

		M:	easurement Year*
Total OPEB Liability		_	2017
Service cost		\$	361,607
Interest (on the total pension liability)			664,510
Benefit payments	Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(425,313) 600,804
Beginning total OPEB liability	<b>g</b>		16,218,281
	Ending Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$</u>	16,819,085
Covered Payroll		\$	16,778,986
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll			100.24%

<sup>\*</sup> Only one year of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next nine-year period.

# COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts		F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	4,539,566	\$	4,539,566	\$	4,722,084	\$	182,518
Intergovernmental		2,394,362		2,394,362		2,024,358		(370,004)
Investment earnings		10,000		10,000		30,021		20,021
Miscellaneous						7		7
Total Revenues		6,943,928		6,943,928		6,776,470		(167,458)
Expenditures								
Debt service:								
Principal		5,240,425		5,240,425		4,303,024		937,401
Interest and other charges		1,778,503		1,778,503		986,031		792,472
Total Expenditures	7,018,928			7,018,928		5,289,055		1,729,873
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	<del></del>	(75,000)		(75,000)		1,487,415		1,562,415
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		75,000		75,000		151,489		76,489
Transfer out		_		_		(1,091,528)		(1,091,528) *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		75,000		75,000		(940,039)		(1,015,039)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-		547,376	\$	547,376
Beginning fund balance						4,634,050		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	5,181,426		

#### Notes to Supplementary Information:

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 2. \*Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control as transfers are budgeted at the department level but presented separately for reporting purposes.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2018

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

#### Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund

This fund is used to account for proceeds from hotel/motel occupancy taxes received during the year. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to tourism activities. An appropriations style budget is adopted for this fund on an annual basis.

#### **Grants Fund**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of grant funds from the State or Federal Government. The use of these funds is governed by the terms of the grant.

#### Police Forfeiture Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues derived from crime seizures that are to be used for law enforcement purposes.

#### **Municipal Court Fund**

This fund is used to account for specific revenues derived from fees generated by Municipal Court.

#### FEMA Hurricane Ike Fund

This fund is used to account for Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) relief funds received by the City under a federal award. Expenditures of this fund relate to housing efforts as a result of Hurricane Ike. Expenditures are controlled by federal regulations. No appropriations style budget is adopted for this fund.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the expenditures of such funds to build the new police station.

#### 1997 Streets Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the expenditures of such funds to improve Battleground Road.

#### **Streets Fund**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of special assessments and the expenditures of such funds to improve East Boulevard and East X Street.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### **General Obligations Series 2005 Fund**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds to construct and/or improve various public buildings, purchase of land for parks and recreation facilities, street improvement projects, and sidewalk construction.

#### **Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2007**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds for improvements to City parks, the drainage system, and the expansions of City Hall and the library.

#### **Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2010**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds to construct drainage improvements.

#### **Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2014**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds for the acquisition and construction of additions and improvements to the City's parks and recreational facilities.

#### **Capital Improvements Bond Fund 2015**

This fund is used to account for the receipt of bond proceeds and the expenditure of such proceeds for the acquisition and construction of additions and improvements to the City's streets, sidewalks, and related drainage facilities.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 1 of 2) September 30, 2018

		 ··		Special Rev	venue <u>I</u>	unds		
		otel/Motel cupancy Tax	Grants		F	Police orfeiture	Municipal Court	
Assets  Cash and cash equivalents  Accounts receivable		\$ 965,369 142,840	\$	376,571 23,235	\$	41,311	\$	211,102 2,786
	<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 1,108,209	\$	399,806	\$	41,311	\$	213,888
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balanc</u> Liabilities:	es							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		\$ 37,400	\$	787	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,534 3,128
	Total Liabilities	 37,400		787		-		4,662
Fund balances: Restricted								
Enabling legislation Special projects Capital projects		 1,070,809 - -	<del></del>	399,019		41,311		209,226
Tot	al Fund Balances	 1,070,809		399,019		41,311		209,226
Total Liabilities an	nd Fund Balances	\$ 1,108,209	\$	399,806	\$	41,311	\$	213,888

Special Revenue

**Funds Capital Projects Funds** General **FEMA** Capital 1997 **Obligation** Hurricane Ike **Projects** Streets Streets Series 2005 **CIBF 2007** \$ \$ \$ 26,975 \$ 96,372 \$ \$ 321,268 1,004,800 26,975 \$ \$ \$ 96,372 \$ 321,268 \$ 1,004,800 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 643 \$ 59,702 643 59,702 96,372 26,975 320,625 945,098 26,975 96,372 320,625 945,098 \$ \$ 26,975 \$ 96,372 321,268 \$ 1,004,800

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) September 30, 2018

	 C		Total Nonmajor				
A	 IBF 2010	<b>CIBF 2014</b>		CIBF 2015			vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 435,384	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,656,574	\$	9,135,726 168,861
Total Assets	\$ 435,384	\$		\$	5,656,574	\$	9,304,587
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	197,199	\$	297,265
Accrued liabilities	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		-		3,128
Total Liabilities	 	<del> </del>	-		197,199		300,393
Fund balances: Restricted							
Enabling legislation	-		-		-		1,321,346
Special projects			-		-		399,019
Capital projects	 435,384				5,459,375	_	7,283,829
Total Fund Balances	435,384		-		5,459,375		9,004,194
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 435,384	\$		\$	5,656,574	\$	9,304,587

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Special Rev	enue l	Funds		
		otel/Motel upancy Tax	Grants	F	Police Forfeiture	]	Municipal Court
Revenues							_
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	661,435	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Fees and fines		-	_		-		204,177
Intergovernmental		-	10,000		-		-
Charges for services		_	-		445		92,866
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		1.650	100 650		445		2 740
Miscenaneous		1,650	 122,652		26,548		3,748
Total Revenues		663,085	 132,652		26,993		300,791
<b>Expenditures</b>							
Current:							
General government		-	279,652		-		58,927
Community development		410,121	80,772		_		-
Public safety		-	24,725		14,375		112,943
Debt service:							
Interest and other charges		25 202	-		_		<u></u>
Capital outlay	·······	35,393	 		=		
Total Expenditures		445,514	385,149		14,375		171,870
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			 •				
Over (Under) Expenditures		217,571	 (252,497)		12,618		128,921
Other Finencing (Hess)							
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers (out)		(153,494)	-		_		(162,174)
· ,			***************************************				(,,-
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(153,494)			-		(162,174)
Net Change in Fund Balances		64,077	(252,497)		12,618		(33,253)
Beginning fund balances		1,006,732	651,516		28,693		242,479
Ending Fund Balances	\$	1,070,809	\$ 399,019	\$	41,311	\$	209,226

Special Revenue

Fur	nds	Capital Projects Funds											
FEN Hurrica		Cap Proj			1997 Streets		Streets	0	General bligation ries 2005	<b>CIBF 2007</b>			
\$	<u>.</u>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		~		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		417		1,165		4,962 -		25,680		
					417	t	1,165		4,962		25,680		
	-		_		<u>-</u>		-		-		-		
	-				-		-		-		-		
	-	·	- -		-	<b>.</b>	<del>-</del>		643		5,400 768,678		
					_				643		774,078		
		<u> </u>			417		1,165		4,319	h	(748,398)		
					(417)				(4,962)	<del></del>	(25,680)		
Park	-	<del>1</del>		,	(417)				(4,962)		(25,680)		
	_		-		-		1,165		(643)		(774,078)		
					26,975		95,207		321,268		1,719,176		
\$		\$	-	\$	26,975	\$	96,372	\$	320,625	\$	945,098		

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	C	apital Projects Fun	ds	Total Nonmajor
	CIBF 2010	CIBF 2014	CIBF 2015	Governmental Funds
Revenues			Φ.	h
Hotel/motel taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 661,435
Fees and fines	-	-	-	204,177
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	10,000
Charges for services	-			92,866
Investment earnings	15,290	690	104,451	153,100
Miscellaneous		<del></del>		154,598
Total Revenues	15,290	690	104,451	1,276,176
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	=	_	338,579
Community development	-	_		490,893
Public safety	_	-	-	152,043
Debt service:				,
Interest and other charges	_	-	-	5,400
Capital outlay	2,149,568		1,598,468	4,552,750
Total Expenditures	2,149,568		1,598,468	5,539,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,149,300		1,396,406	3,339,003
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,134,278)	690	(1,494,017)	(4,263,489)
Other Financing (Uses)	(15 200)	(690)	(104.450)	(467 157)
Transfers (out)	(15,290)	(690)	(104,450)	(467,157)
<b>Total Other Financing (Uses)</b>	(15,290)	(690)	(104,450)	(467,157)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,149,568)	-	(1,598,467)	(4,730,646)
Beginning fund balances	2,584,952	_	7,057,842	13,734,840
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 435,384	\$ -	\$ 5,459,375	\$ 9,004,194

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Hotel/Motel O	ccup	ancy Tax		
	 Original Budget Amounts	 Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues					-	
Hotel/motel occupancy taxes Miscellaneous	\$ 620,091	\$ 620,091	\$	661,435 1,650	\$	41,344 1,650
<b>Total Revenues</b>	620,091	 620,091		663,085		42,994
Expenditures Current:						
Community development  Capital outlay	559,182 342,950	559,182 342,950		410,121 35,393		149,061 307,557
Total Expenditures	902,132	902,132		445,514		456,618
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (282,041)	 (282,041)		217,571		499,612
Other Financing (Uses)		 				
Transfers (out)	 (173,850)	(173,850)		(153,494)		20,356
Total Other Financing (Uses)	 (173,850)	 (173,850)		(153,494)		20,356
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (455,891)	\$ (455,891)		64,077	\$	519,968
Beginning fund balance				1,006,732		
Ending Fund Balance			\$	1,070,809		
		Gra	nts			
	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$  529,585	\$ 529,585	\$	10,000 122,652	\$	(519,585) 122,652
Total Revenues	 529,585	 529,585		132,652		(396,933)
Expenditures Current:						
General government	279,652	279,652		279,652		144 426
Community development Public works	 225,208 24,725	 225,208 24,725		80,772 24,725		144,436
Total Expenditures	529,585	 529,585		385,149		144,436
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$ -		(252,497)	\$	(252,497)
Beginning fund balance				651,516		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>			\$	399,019		

Notes to Supplementary Information:

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Police Fo	orfeitu	ire		
	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$	445	\$	445
Miscellaneous	 1,000	 1,000		26,548		25,548
Total Revenues	1,000	1,000		26,993		25,993
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current:						
Public safety	 14,403	 14,403		14,375		28
Total Expenditures	 14,403	 14,403		14,375		28
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	 13,403	 13,403				(13,403)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	13,403	 13,403		-		(13,403)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 		12,618	\$	12,618
Beginning fund balance				28,693		
Ending Fund Balance			\$	41,311		
		Municip	al Cor	-		
	Original Budget Amounts	 Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Fees and fines	\$ 197,500	\$ 197,500	\$	204,177	\$	6,677
Charges for services	110,000	110,000		92,866		(17,134)
Miscellaneous	 	 -		3,748		3,748
Total Revenues	307,500	 307,500		300,791		(6,709)
Expenditures Current:						
General government	62,636	62,636		58,927		3,709
Public safety	 130,938	 130,938		112,943		17,995
Total Expenditures	 193,574	193,574		171,870		21,704
Excess of Revenues Over	112.006	112.006		100.001		14.005
Expenditures	 113,926	 113,926		128,921		14,995
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers (out)	(162,174)	 (162,174)		(162,174)		
<b>Total Other Financing (Uses)</b>	 (162,174)	 (162,174)		(162,174)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (48,248)	\$ (48,248)		(33,253)	\$	14,995
Beginning fund balance				242,479		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>			\$	209,226		

Notes to Supplementary Information:

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

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# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

LEPC

			1.41.	11 0		
		eginning Balance	 Additions	iding lance		
Assets  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	146,688	\$ 52,603	\$	199,243	\$ 48
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	146,688	\$ 52,603	\$	199,243	\$ 48
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to others	\$	11,381 135,307	\$ 187,224 52,603	\$	198,605 187,862	\$ - 48
Total Liabilities	\$	146,688	\$ 239,827	\$	386,467	\$ 48

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities								
	Cr	Crime Control District		re Control District	Deer Park Community Development Corporation			Total	
Assets									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,720,207	\$	1,869,695	\$	3,231,879	\$	6,821,781	
Accounts receivable, net		266,825		273,029		547,693		1,087,547	
Noncurrent assets:									
Construction in progress		2,692,429		210,660		-		2,903,089	
Building		-		87,641		-		87,641	
Improvements		-		115,182		-		115,182	
Machinery and equipment		2,022,069		3,020,289		••		5,042,358	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,350,641)		(1,040,974)				(2,391,615)	
Total Assets		5,350,889		4,535,522		3,779,572		13,665,983	
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		27,517		41,539		_		69,056	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		27,517	41,539					69,056	
				,					
<u>L</u> iabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		17,073		70,977		-		88,050	
Accrued liabilities		94,389		11,618		_		106,007	
Capital leases payable		-		137,775		-		137,775	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Capital leases payable		_		913,241		-		913,241	
Net pension liability		95,854		27,492		-		123,346	
Total OPEB liability		134,013		338,631		-		472,644	
Total Liabilities		341,329	_	1,499,734				1,841,063	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		21,867		92,500				114,367	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		21,867	-	92,500				114,367	
Total Deferred Innows of Resources		21,807		92,300		<del>-</del>		114,507	
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		3,363,857		1,341,782		-		4,705,639	
Restricted for:									
Special projects - restricted contributions		1,651,353		1,643,045		3,779,572	_	7,073,970	
Total Net Position	\$	5,015,210	\$	2,984,827	\$	3,779,572	\$	11,779,609	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities										
O	Crime Control District	Fire Control District	Deer Park Community Development Corporation	<u>Total</u>							
Operating Revenues Sales taxes	\$ 1,636,210	\$ 1,691,438	\$ 3,314,040	\$ 6,641,688							
Total Operating Revenues	1,636,210	1,691,438	3,314,040	6,641,688							
Operating Expenses											
Personnel services	341,146	783,231	u u	1,124,377							
Contractual services	3,324	238,388	2,000	243,712							
Repairs and maintenance	160,125	128,901	751,480	1,040,506							
Other supplies and expenses	96,655	97,485	2,024,358	2,218,498							
Depreciation	286,113	242,087		528,200							
Total Operating Expenses	887,363	1,490,092	2,777,838	5,155,293							
Operating Income	748,847	201,346	536,202	1,486,395							
Nonoperating Revenues											
Investment earnings	1,030	1,368	1,497	3,895							
Miscellaneous	5,550			5,550							
Total Nonoperating Revenues	6,580	1,368	1,497	9,445							
Change in Net Position	755,427	202,714	537,699	1,495,840							
Beginning net position	4,259,783	2,782,113	3,241,873	10,283,769							
Ending Net Position	\$ 5,015,210	\$ 2,984,827	\$ 3,779,572	\$ 11,779,609							

See Notes to Financial Statements.

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and Required Supplementary Information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Pag
Financial Trends	124
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	134
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.	
Debt Capacity	144
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	154
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	157

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

## Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	Fiscal Year					
	 2009	2010		2011		2012		
Governmental Activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 32,072,611	\$ 29,888,865	\$	30,587,182	\$	29,597,630		
Restricted	4,788,311	4,491,224		4,102,964		4,574,770		
Unrestricted	15,775,137	12,191,299		11,159,636		13,180,581		
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 52,636,059	\$ 46,571,388	\$	45,849,782	\$	47,352,981		
Business-Type Activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,218,032	\$ 12,218,032	\$	15,512,082	\$	20,056,649		
Restricted	_	-		_		-		
Unrestricted	 2,778,534	5,684,466		5,293,599		5,869,151		
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 14,996,566	\$ 17,902,498	\$	20,805,681	\$	25,925,800		
Primary Government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 44,290,643	\$ 42,106,897	\$	46,099,264	\$	49,654,279		
Restricted	4,788,311	4,491,224		4,102,964		4,574,770		
Unrestricted	 18,553,671	17,875,765		16,453,235		19,049,732		
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 67,632,625	\$ 64,473,886	\$	66,655,463	\$	73,278,781		

#### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

					FISCA	H I C	41				
	2013*		2014		2015		2016	_	2017		2018
\$	35,765,964	\$	41,639,757	\$	44,597,669	\$	47,111,755	\$	56,664,574	\$	65,700,068
	7,982,104 17,087,208		5,508,456 19,126,447		5,487,510 23,162,700		6,544,124 25,809,239		6,658,676 23,326,217		6,998,162 23,025,196
\$	60,835,276	\$	66,274,660	\$	73,247,879	\$	79,465,118	\$	86,649,467	\$	95,723,426
\$	16,499,908	\$	16,377,808	\$	15,978,461	\$	15,837,484	\$	16,822,172	\$	18,011,665
	984,962		152,344		147,896		147,229		146,542		
\$	5,186,325 22,671,195	\$	6,877,343 23,407,495	\$	7,828,651 23,955,008	\$	8,636,643 24,621,356	\$	6,675,062 23,643,776	\$	8,400,675 26,412,340
\$	52,265,872	\$	58,017,565	\$	60,576,130	\$	62,949,239	\$	73,486,746	\$	83,711,733
•	8,967,066	-	5,660,800	4	5,635,406	S.P.	6,691,353	*	6,805,218	4	6,998,162
	22,273,533		26,003,790		30,991,351		34,445,882		30,001,279		31,425,871
_\$_	83,506,471	\$	89,682,155	\$	97,202,887	\$	104,086,474	\$	110,293,243	\$	122,135,766

### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2009		2010		2011		2012		
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	10,966,814	\$	14,132,823	\$	13,666,778	\$	11,708,476		
Public safety		10,285,816		9,585,147		8,927,783		9,077,372		
Public works		5,925,540		6,030,222		5,592,366		6,053,467		
Parks and recreation		2,690,654		2,158,444		2,154,431		2,436,909		
Community development		6,921,903		6,578,378		6,443,264		6,483,611		
Interest on long-term debt		1,390,366		1,437,830		1,606,938		1,642,422		
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		38,181,093		39,922,844		38,391,560		37,402,257		
Business-type activities										
Water and sewer		8,061,221		7,690,164		7,822,999		7,490,715		
Storm water utility		-		-		-		_		
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		8,061,221		7,690,164		7,822,999		7,490,715		
Total Expenses	\$	46,242,314	\$	47,613,008	\$	46,214,559	\$	44,892,972		
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$	677,102	\$	40,164	\$	50,603	\$	82,593		
Public safety		1,972,693		1,738,943	•	1,967,043	•	2,535,052		
Public works		378,650		401,748		502,163		535,228		
Parks and recreation		2,268,422		1,487,907		1,601,366		1,645,362		
Community development				1,202,284		1,498,581		1,567,354		
Operating grants and contributions		2,884,838		161,293		398,737		279,697		
Capital grants and contributions		_		-		56,237		1,460,218		
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		8,181,705		5,032,339		6,074,730	_	8,105,504		
Business-type activities										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer		8,084,177		8,041,795		10,942,116		9,873,528		
Storm water utility		-		-				,,0,0,0,0		
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		8,084,177		8,041,795		10,942,116		9,873,528		
Total Program Revenues	\$	16,265,882	\$	13,074,134	\$	17,016,846	\$	17,979,032		
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(29,999,388)	\$	(34,890,505)	\$	(32,316,830)	\$	(29,296,753)		
Business-type activities	тÞ	22,956	Φ	351,631	φ	3,119,117	φ	2,382,813		
Total Net Expense	\$	(29,976,432)	\$	(34,538,874)	\$	(29,197,713)	\$	(26,913,940)		
Total Net Expense	Ψ	(42,210,434)	Ф	(14)0,00,074)	φ	(47,171,113)	<u> </u>	(40,213,240)		

_					Fisca	I Ye				
	2013*		2014	_	2015		2016		2017	 2018
\$	11,004,030	\$	6,875,093	\$	7,431,081	\$	7,716,429	\$	8,221,386	\$ 8,991,472
	8,749,188		11,085,867		11,607,606		12,732,761		13,054,883	12,987,761
	5,763,687		7,167,383		7,826,672		8,328,808		8,112,235	7,683,728
	2,289,706		879,371		712,949		371,619		351,435	398,187
	6,348,454		8,093,613		8,799,109		9,942,091		9,973,129	9,649,900
	1,120,112		1,042,305		1,143,350		1,183,483		1,020,878	908,599
	35,275,177		35,143,632		37,520,767		40,275,191		40,733,946	40,619,647
	7,879,276		8,403,676		8,787,474		9,240,162		10,006,970	9,894,062
	105,578		72,824		488,127		647,044		112,159	36,726
	7,984,854		8,476,500		9,275,601		9,887,206		10,119,129	9,930,788
\$	43,260,031	\$	43,620,132	\$	46,796,368	\$	50,162,397	\$	50,853,075	\$ 50,550,435
\$	473,000	\$	369,003	\$	416,554	\$	372,307	\$	290,859	\$ 386,289
	2,777,714		2,595,857		2,546,299		3,061,713		3,304,936	3,030,763
	585,090		1,086,752		1,283,358		1,305,293		1,329,797	1,376,163
	1,821,617		787,249		922,879		112,973		71,678	73,761
	391,143		473,884		483,288		1,418,284		1,485,021	1,401,979
	160,389		62,772		68,991		144,965		2,349,238	2,347,843
_	3,053,828		874,867		447,810		658,600		986,324	 1,464,298
	9,262,781		6,250,384		6,169,179		7,074,135		9,817,853	 10,081,096
	9,538,392		9,341,087		9,628,146		10,300,618		10,810,651	11,037,737
	278,577		275,336		275,453		278,250		301,983	337,663
_	9,816,969		9,616,423	-	9,903,599	_	10,578,868		11,112,634	 11,375,400
\$	19,079,750	\$	15,866,807	\$	16,072,778	\$	17,653,003	\$	20,930,487	\$ 21,456,496
			<del></del>							
\$	(26,012,396)	\$	(28,893,248)	\$	(31,351,588)	\$	(33,201,056)	\$	(30,916,093)	\$ (30,538,551)
_	1,832,115	_	1,139,923		627,998		691,662		993,505	1,444,612
\$	(24,180,281)	\$	(27,753,325)	\$	(30,723,590)	\$	(32,509,394)	\$	(29,922,588)	\$ (29,093,939)
_								1		 

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Industrial district       17,988,792       12,986,530       12,346,943       12,89         Franchise       1,748,053       2,063,774       1,932,237       2,20         Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	
Governmental activities         Taxes and fees:         Property       \$ 11,807,444 \$ 12,000,370 \$ 12,234,105 \$ 13,09         Industrial district       17,988,792 12,986,530 12,346,943 12,89         Franchise       1,748,053 2,063,774 1,932,237 2,20         Sales and use       4,564,184 4,069,523 4,221,452 4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561 403,983 455,166 52	
Taxes and fees:         Property       \$ 11,807,444       \$ 12,000,370       \$ 12,234,105       \$ 13,09         Industrial district       17,988,792       12,986,530       12,346,943       12,89         Franchise       1,748,053       2,063,774       1,932,237       2,20         Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	
Property       \$ 11,807,444       \$ 12,000,370       \$ 12,234,105       \$ 13,09         Industrial district       17,988,792       12,986,530       12,346,943       12,89         Franchise       1,748,053       2,063,774       1,932,237       2,20         Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	
Industrial district       17,988,792       12,986,530       12,346,943       12,85         Franchise       1,748,053       2,063,774       1,932,237       2,26         Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	
Industrial district       17,988,792       12,986,530       12,346,943       12,89         Franchise       1,748,053       2,063,774       1,932,237       2,20         Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	9,300
Franchise       1,748,053       2,063,774       1,932,237       2,20         Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	4,626
Sales and use       4,564,184       4,069,523       4,221,452       4,74         Hotel occupancy       404,561       403,983       455,166       52	9,371
Hotel occupancy 404,561 403,983 455,166 52	6,096
	6,387
Investment earnings 225,077 65,499 41,978 4	7,460
Miscellaneous 479,596 222,660 83,875 1	1,714
Gain on sales of assets 233,525 66,794 60,948	_
Transfers - (2,550,000) 218,520 (2,73	5,002)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b> 37,451,232 29,329,133 31,595,224 30,75	9,952
Business-type activities	
Investment earnings 18,164 4,301 2,586	2,304
	5,002
	7,306
	7,258
Change in Net Position	
Governmental activities \$ 7,451,844 \$ (5,561,372) \$ (721,606) \$ 1,50	3,199
	0,119
	3,318

#### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

	2013*	 2014	 2015	2016	 2017		2018
\$	13,002,159	\$ 14,219,581	\$ 15,143,994	\$ 16,338,414	\$ 17,845,389	\$	18,423,349
	14,106,107	14,250,173	13,649,200	13,058,596	11,255,235		11,316,198
	2,315,334	2,338,146	2,321,036	2,129,053	2,095,518		2,093,316
	5,037,072	5,201,364	6,246,868	6,553,553	6,425,345		6,639,058
	607,709	679,646	711,406	663,147	622,146		661,435
	40,416	23,014	30,502	202,351	601,325		1,210,930
	210,969	53,644	86,050	276,011	306,592		260,331
	-	214,571	44,411	102,690	42,405		_
	96,988	84,509	 91,340	 94,480	98,200		(992,107)
	35,416,754	37,064,648	38,324,807	 39,418,295	39,292,155	_	39,612,510
		·-					
	1 <b>2,</b> 647	4,702	10,855	69,166	150,971		331,845
	(96,988)	(84,509)	(91,340)	(94,480)	(98,200)		992,107
-	(84,341)	 (79,807)	(80,485)	 (25,314)	 52,771		1,323,952
\$	35,332,413	\$ 36,984,841	\$ 38,244,322	\$ 39,392,981	\$ 39,344,926	\$	40,936,462
\$	9,404,358	\$ 8,171,400	\$ 6,973,219	\$ 6,217,239	\$ 8,376,062	\$	9,073,959
	1,747,774	1,060,116	547,513	666,348	1,046,276	·	2,768,564
\$	11,152,132	\$ 9,231,516	\$ 7,520,732	\$ 6,883,587	\$ 9,422,338	\$	11,842,523

## FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Years

		Fiscal Year									
			2009		2010		2011*		2012		
General Fund											
Reserved		\$	236,031	\$	207,006	\$	_	\$	-		
Unreserved			16,188,960		15,247,265		_		-		
Nonspendable			-		_		196,355		197,244		
Assigned			-		_		3,526,731		257,974		
Committed			-		_		-		-		
Unassigned			-		-		10,825,327		17,011,377		
	Total General Fund	\$	16,424,991	\$	15,454,271	\$	14,548,413	\$	17,466,595		
All Other Governmental	Funds										
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue funds		\$	2,563,441	\$	2,402,716	\$	_	\$	_		
Capital projects funds			10,392,992		14,657,635		-	Ÿ	-		
Debt service funds			2,081,520		2,088,508		_		_		
Nonspendable			_		, <u>.</u>		-		2,914		
Restricted			-		<u>.</u>		17,947,247		19,349,008		
Assigned			-		_		2,118,012		2,995,806		
Total All Other	Governmental Funds	\$	15,037,953	\$	19,148,859	\$	20,065,259	\$	22,347,728		

#### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011, which changed the fund balance classifications reported in governmental funds. Descriptive information on the new fund balance classifications is included in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>\*\*</sup> During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

	2013**	2014	2015	 2016	 2017	2018
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	151,122	144,805	- 119,159	- 121,649	- 111,479	119,183
	320,216	1,304,600	5,491,532	5,491,532	2,341,465	969,365
	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	, -
	24,158,718	26,052,496	26,433,452	29,891,673	31,067,855	37,258,884
\$	24,630,056	\$ 30,001,901	\$ 34,544,143	\$ 38,504,854	\$ 36,520,799	\$ 38,347,432
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	<del></del>	-
	-	_	-	_	-	-
	16,118,927	14,754,786	20,899,783	29,066,724	26,850,130	15,218,654
	1,818,845	 2,877,003	 3,307,213	 4,728,864	 8,114,128	 6,675,667
_\$_	17,937,772	\$ 17,631,789	\$ 24,206,996	\$ 33,795,588	\$ 34,964,258	\$ 21,894,321

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year							
		2009		2010		2011		2012
Revenues								
Taxes and fees	\$	36,553,195	\$	31,905,813	\$	31,189,903	\$	33,551,435
Licenses and permits		307,496	•	314,313	·	436,015	·	510,790
Fines and fees		821,479		877,761		1,092,230		1,481,641
Charges for services		3,852,637		3,379,201		3,709,536		4,087,613
Intergovernmental		2,872,735		148,847		389,558		1,681,588
Donations		· · ·		, -				100,000
Investment earnings		225,077		65,499		41,978		47,460
Other revenues		492,997		525,932		401,843		330,965
Total Revenues		45,125,616		37,217,366		37,261,063		41,791,492
Expenditures								
General government		10,596,083		11,430,086		11,016,985		10,935,746
Community development		6,385,331		6,183,270		6,038,050		5,940,733
Public works		4,161,980		4,534,506		4,172,122		4,298,938
Parks and recreation		2,095,437		1,846,217		1,940,202		1,965,054
Public safety		9,112,933		8,845,527		8,216,278		7,965,646
Debt service:								
Principal		2,496,678		2,366,966		2,894,789		6,727,393
Payments to escrow account		-		-		_		_
Interest		1,409,628		1,527,530		1,694,234		1,862,015
Capital outlay		5,152,641		6,126,024		1,807,005		4,968,526
Total Expenditures		41,410,711	_	42,860,126		37,779,665		44,664,051
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,714,905		(5,642,760)		(518,602)		(2,872,559)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from issuance of debt		_		7,805,000		-		3,390,000
Proceeds from capital leases		-		1,005,441		249,676		_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		84,469		60,948		91,082
Refunding bonds issued		-		6,295,000		-		3,490,000
Premium on issuance of bonds		_		650,160		-		353,878
Payments to escrow account		_		(4,007,637)		_		_
Proceeds from insurance recovery		268,575		3,812		-		23,252
Transfers in		1,728,615		2,092,866		3,822,395		3,326,889
Transfers out		(1,728,615)		(4,642,866)		(3,603,875)		(2,601,891)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		268,575		9,286,245		529,144	····	8,073,210
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	3,983,480	\$	3,643,485	\$	10,542	\$	5,200,651
Debt service as a percentage						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
of noncapital expenditures		10.77%		10.60%		12.76%		21.64%

#### Notes

<sup>\*</sup> During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

2012*	2014	 	u Yea		2017			4040	
2013*	 2014	 2015		2016		2017		2018	
\$ 35,060,741	\$ 36,666,969	\$ 38,051,387	\$	38,637,863	\$	38,321,196	\$	39,094,063	
565,191	513,697	531,262	,	569,766	*	451,948	4	530,559	
1,694,146	1,540,650	1,416,195		1,869,286		1,900,229		1,626,796	
3,695,964	3,212,842	3,643,881		3,864,460		4,110,702		4,052,062	
3,184,982	937,639	106,319		243,093		3,301,475		3,121,812	
150,202	-	_		-				_	
40,416	23,013	30,502		202,351		601,325		1,210,930	
82,107	54,333	 86,050		195,711		271,353		260,331	
44,473,749	 42,949,143	 43,865,596		45,582,530		48,958,228		49,896,553	
10,576,393	6,253,704	6,940,527		7,179,021		7,787,658		7 070 655	
5,826,669	7,500,975	8,226,493		8,463,417		8,511,067		7,878,655 8,523,341	
3,951,743	5,648,506	6,083,080		6,039,369		6,336,588		6,318,066	
1,528,443	87,990	98,108		386,318		55,861		63,211	
7,999,354	10,275,560	10,626,031		10,972,864		11,273,797		12,088,868	
3,014,913	3,006,105	3,160,253		3,327,539		5,552,620		4,689,692	
_	· · · · -	781,027		_		-,,		-,005,052	
1,294,928	1,077,422	1,208,254		1,270,664		1,110,542		1,008,736	
5,477,993	4,448,943	5,430,507		4,390,702		12,492,735		20,101,738	
39,670,436	38,299,205	 42,554,280		42,029,894	_	53,120,868		60,672,307	
4,803,313	4,649,938	1,311,316		3,552,636		(4,162,640)		(10,775,754)	
-	_	8,315,000		9,450,000		2,700,000		_	
213,295	_	103,455		178,500		471,411		418,825	
126,362	331,415	93,629		102,690		42,405		105,732	
4,510,000	_	732,901		6,260,000		-		-	
316,894	-	469,809		540,737		_		_	
(4,715,674)	-	_		(6,710,040)		_		_	
2,500	_	-		80,300		35,239		_	
344,856	1,443,425	2,333,636		4,424,273		9,141,408		5,048,822	
(129,851)	 (1,358,916)	 (2,242,296)		(4,329,793)		(9,043,208)		(6,040,929)	
668,382	 415,924	 9,806,134		9,996,667		3,347,255		(467,550	
5,471,695	\$ 5,065,862	\$ 11,117,450	\$	13,549,303	\$	(815,385)	\$	(11,243,304	
12.58%	12.29%	11.81%		12.53%		16.60%		13.88%	

## ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Years

	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011		2012
Residential Property	\$	1,319,584,117	\$	1,315,124,845	\$	1,306,933,609	\$	1,318,375,083
Commercial Property		732,397,906		858,463,574		857,667,514		905,226,326
Industrial Property		150,255,998		156,543,513		152,160,115		189,306,565
Less: Tax Exempt Property		(529,066,640)	_	(581,449,244)		(585,462,472)		(605,716,400)
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$	1,673,171,381	<u>\$</u>	1,748,682,688	\$	1,731,298,766	\$	1,807,191,574
Total Direct Tax Rate	\$	0.705000	\$	0.705000	\$	0.705000	\$	0.720000

Source: Harris County Appraisal District and City of Deer Park Tax Office

						***		
_	2013		2014	 2015	_	2016	 2017	 2018
\$	1,313,329,562 934,825,965 192,957,836 (626,932,382)	\$	1,340,643,775 1,000,810,663 249,479,757 (630,145,444)	\$ 1,433,044,472 1,089,149,570 234,654,586 (653,703,145)	\$	1,565,085,837 1,180,302,082 246,351,857 (683,610,501)	\$ 1,700,369,650 1,255,053,340 254,575,118 (716,019,833)	\$ 1,837,484,616 1,295,797,510 235,922,222 (743,456,319)
<u>\$</u>	1,814,180,981	<u>\$</u>	1,960,788,751	\$ 2,103,145,483	\$	2,308,129,275	\$ 2,493,978,275	\$ 2,625,748,029
\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$ 0.720000	\$	0.714352	\$ 0.720000	\$ 0.720000

# INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT VALUATION, BILLING, COLLECTIONS, AND PERCENTAGE COLLECTED

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year								
	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	
Approximate Taxable Value*	\$	4,050,195,673	\$	2,923,906,219	\$	2,779,913,092	\$	2,842,731,040	
Industrial District % Taxable Per Contract		63%		63%		63%		63%	
Approximate Adjusted Taxable Value *	\$	2,551,623,274	\$	1,842,060,918	\$	1,751,345,248	\$	1,790,920,555	
Tax Rate	\$	0.705000	\$	0.705000	\$	0.705000	\$	0.720000	
Amount Billed	\$	17,988,944	\$	12,986,529	\$	12,346,984	\$	12,894,628	
Amount Collected	\$	17,988,792	\$	12,986,529	\$	12,346,943	\$	12,894,625	
% Collected		99.999%		100.000%		100.000%		100.000%	

<sup>\*</sup> The "Approximate Taxable Value" and "Approximate Adjusted Taxable Value" are based on an average rate that does not take into account new construction in the Industrial District.

			7 6 4 X		1 1004					
2018	_	2017	 2016		2015	_	2014	2013 2014		_
3,009,235,229	\$	2,486,112,079	\$ 3,033,027,646	\$	3,009,235,229	\$	3,141,572,531	\$	3,109,962,743	\$
63%		63%	63%		63%		63%		63%	
1,895,818,194	\$	1,566,250,610	\$ 1,910,807,417	\$	1,895,818,194	\$	1,979,190,695	\$	1,959,276,528	\$
0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$ 0.714532	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$
11,316,198	\$	11,277,005	\$ 13,058,614	\$	13,649,891	\$	14,250,173	\$	14,106,791	\$
11,316,198	\$	11,276,238	\$ 13,058,596	\$	13,628,122	\$	14,250,173	\$	14,106,107	\$
100.000%		99.993%	100.000%		99.841%		100.000%		99.995%	

## PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year							
		2009		2010		2011		2012
City of Deer Park by fund: General	\$	0.511000	\$	0.511000	\$	0.498100	\$	0.498100
Debt service	ψ	0.194000	Φ	0.311000	Φ	0.496100	Ф	0.498100
Total Direct Rates	\$	0.705000	\$	0.705000	\$	0.705000	\$	0.720000
Deer Park Independent School District	\$	1.317650	\$	1.366700	\$	1.396700	\$	1.396700
Harris County Harris County Department of Education		0.389230 0.005840		0.392240 0.006050		0.388050 0.006581		0.391170 0.006581
Harris County Flood Control District		0.030860		0.029220		0.000381		0.000381
Harris County Hospital District		0.192160		0.192160		0.192160		0.192160
Harris County Port of Houston Authority		0.017730		0.016360		0.020540		0.018560
San Jacinto Community College District		0.163410		0.170800		0.176277		0.185602
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	\$_	2.821880	\$	2.878530	\$	2.914538	\$	2.938863

Source: Harris County Appraisal District

Note:

Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Fiscal Teal												
2013		2014		2015			2016		2017		2018	
\$	0.498100	\$	0.498100	\$	0.518000	\$	0.515711	\$	0.519943	\$	0.533514	
	0.221900		0.221900		0.202000		0.198641		0.200057		0.186486	
\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	\$	0.714352	\$	0.720000	\$	0.720000	
\$	1.526700	\$	1.556700	\$	1.556700	\$	1.556700	\$	1.556700	\$	1.556700	
	0.400210		0.414550		0.417310		0.419230		0.416560		0.418010	
	0.006617		0.006358		0.005999		0.005422		0.005200		0.005195	
	0.028090		0.028270		0.027360		0.027330		0.028290		0.028310	
	0.182160		0.170000		0.170000		0.170000		0.171790		0.171100	
	0.019520		0.017160		0.015310		0.013420		0.013340		0.012560	
	0.185602		0.185602		0.185602		0.175783		0.182379		0.183335	
									3.1323//		0.10000	
_\$	3.068899	\$	3.098640	\$	3.098281	\$	3.082237	\$	3.094259	\$	3.095210	

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	 2(	018			20		
	Taxable Assessed		% of Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed		% of Taxable Assessed
Property Taxpayer	 Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Quarter Turn Resources, Inc.	\$ 32,621,053	1	1.19%	\$	10,166,702	9	
Deer Park Apts. LLC	22,475,000	2	0.82%		-	N/A	_
BFT Parktown LLC Et Al	21,550,577	3	0.79%		-	N/A	_
CenterPoint Energy, Inc.	18,995,316	4	0.69%		17,600,659	4	1.13%
Dresser Inc.	18,372,310	5	0.67%		=	N/A	_
Enterprise FM Trust	16,807,042	6	0.61%		-	N/A	-
Hydrochem	16,472,649	7	0.60%		17,835,153	3	1.14%
Partnership Underwood LP	15,806,512	8	0.58%		-	N/A	-
Clay Partners Deerwood Office III LP	14,112,122	9	0.52%		-	N/A	_
Wal-Mart	13,865,696	10	0.51%		18,854,445	1	1.21%
Laufen International, Inc.	-	N/A	-		18,788,920	2	1.20%
ITCR Deer Park Ltd Partnership	-	N/A	-		14,843,941	5	0.95%
GSL Constructors, Ltd.	-	N/A	-		14,684,373	6	0.94%
Insignia Management	-	N/A	-		13,367,179	7	-
Catalyst Distillation Technologies	-	N/A	-		10,551,838	8	_
Shell Oil Company	 _	N/A			9,591,029	10	0.61%
Subtotal	191,078,277		6.98%		146,284,239		7.18%
Other Taxpayers	 2,542,230,672		93.02%		1,417,657,926		92.82%
Total	\$ 2,733,308,949		100.00%	<u>\$</u>	1,563,942,165		100.00%

Source: Harris County Appraisal District and City of Deer Park Tax Office

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year						
	<del></del>	2009	2010		2011		2012
Tax levy	\$	11,897,387	\$	12,366,491	\$	12,228,677	\$ 13,043,054
Current tax collected	\$	11,579,783	\$	12,159,307	\$	12,036,460	\$ 12,841,027
Percentage of current tax collections		97.33%		98.32%		98.43%	98.45%
Delinquent tax collections		289,887		175,915		160,815	 171,530
Total tax collections	\$	11,869,670	\$	12,335,222	\$	12,197,275	\$ 13,012,557
Total collections as a percentage of current levy		99.77%		99.75%		99.74%	99.77%

Source: Harris County Appraisal District and City of Deer Park Tax Office

 2012	2014		2017	 A046	 	 
 2013	 2014		2015	 2016	 2017	 2018
\$ 13,019,648	\$ 14,063,714	\$	14,991,306	\$ 16,363,090	\$ 17,598,722	\$ 18,401,462
\$ 12,836,742	\$ 13,863,961	\$	14,858,925	\$ 16,035,281	\$ 17,443,588	\$ 18,119,939
98.60%	98.58%		99.12%	98.00%	99.12%	98.47%
 148,569	 144,841		62,575	 243,535	 53,573	 
\$ 12,985,311	\$ 14,008,802	<u>\$</u>	14,921,500	\$ 16,278,816	\$ 17,497,161	\$ 18,119,939
99.74%	99.61%		99.53%	99.48%	99.42%	98,47%

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year									
		2009		2010		2011		2012		
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	28,725,000	\$	29,200,000	\$	26,785,000	\$	27,750,000		
Certificates of obligation		2,230,000		9,965,000		9,890,000		12,960,000		
Capital leases		1,130,649		1,834,124		1,679,561		1,257,169		
Business-Type Activities:										
General obligation bonds		-		-		-		-		
Certificates of obligation		-		-		-		-		
Water revenue bonds		12,400,000		8,645,000		7,745,000		3,395,000		
Capital leases				_		216,834		168,743		
Total Primary Government	\$	44,485,649	\$	49,644,124	\$	46,316,395	\$	45,530,912		
Debt as a Percentage										
of Personal Income		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
Debt Per Capita	\$	1,428	\$	1,551	\$	1,447	\$	1,408		

N/A -This information is currently not available.

#### Notes:

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is included in the notes to the financial statements.

\* During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

Schedule presents debt net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments beginning in fiscal year 2013.

_	2013*	_	2014	2015		 2016	2017	2018
\$	20,334,132 9,683,246	\$	17,979,969 9,283,100	\$	16,587,180 16,483,264	\$ 16,239,210 23,243,219	\$ 14,053,513 22,769,126	\$ 12,676,107 19,690,033
	1,082,960		741,227		489,772	743,670	868,776	900,933
	5,207,260		4,557,742		5,194,671	4,560,455	3,938,036	3,382,329
	8,408,633		15,297,035		21,912,475	28,464,920	34,891,757	38,917,927
	2,820,000		2,250,000		750,000	500,000	250,000	-
	119,506		69,093		266,014	 534,382	 361,489	 200,722
\$	47,655,737	\$	50,178,166	\$	61,683,376	\$ 74,285,856	\$ 77,132,697	\$ 75,768,051
	N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$	1,436	\$	1,493	\$	1,801	\$ 2,147	\$ 2,214	\$ 2,148

#### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Years

		Fiscal Year							
		2009		2010		2011			2012
General Obligation Bonds (1)		\$	28,725,000	\$	29,200,000	\$	26,785,000	\$	27,750,000
Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal			(2,278,722)		(2,088,508)		(1,734,892)		(1,988,204)
	Total	\$	26,446,278	<u>\$</u>	27,111,492	\$	25,050,108	\$	25,761,796
Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property			1.58%		1.55%		1.45%		1.43%
Net Bonded Debt Per Capita		\$	866	\$	847	\$	783	\$	797

#### Notes:

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is included in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) These are the amounts of general obligation bonds of both governmental and business-type activities.
- \* During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City restated the financial statements to recognize a fund as part of an enterprise fund (previously recognized as a capital projects fund). The City also restated the financial statements to recognize certain capital assets and bonds within an enterprise fund (previously recognized under governmental activities).

2013*	2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	2018
\$ 25,541,392	\$ 22,537,711	\$ 21,781,851	\$ 20,799,665	\$ 17,991,549	\$ 16,058,436
(2,321,730)	 (2,932,183)	 (3,351,483)	 (3,736,160)	 (4,634,050)	(5,181,426)
\$ 23,219,662	\$ 19,605,528	\$ 18,430,368	\$ 17,063,505	\$ 13,357,499	\$ 10,877,010
1.28%	1.00%	0.88%	0.74%	0.54%	0.41%
\$ 699	\$ 583	\$ 538	\$ 493	\$ 383	\$ 308

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2018

	Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable	Sh	Estimated hare of Direct l Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:		<del></del>			
Deer Park Independent School District	\$	248,665,000	21.17%	\$	52,642,381
Harris County	2	2,200,173,022	0.61%		13,421,055
Harris County Department of Education		6,555,000	0.61%		39,986
Harris County Flood Control District		83,075,000	0.61%		506,758
Harris County Hospital District		59,490,000	0.61%		362,889
La Porte Independent School District		335,450,000	11.58%		38,845,110
Port of Houston Authority of Harris County		613,699,397	0.61%		3,743,566
San Jacinto Community College District		381,881,805	5.21%		19,896,042
Subtotal, overlapping debt	3	3,928,989,224			129,457,787
City Direct Debt	\$	74,666,396	100.00%		74,666,396
	То	tal Direct and O	verlapping Debt	\$	204,124,183

Source: Texas Municipal Reports and Governmental Units

#### Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply within the City of Deer Park. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Deer Park. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

City direct debt is comprised of debt obligations supported by a pledge of ad valorem taxes.

Excludes general obligation bonds pledged by utility revenues.

### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

### Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year											
	2009			2010		2011	2012					
Debt limit	\$	168,338,508	\$	174,868,269	\$	173,129,877	\$	180,719,157				
Total net debt applicable to limit		26,446,278		27,111,492		25,050,108		25,761,796				
Legal debt margin	\$	141,892,230	\$	147,756,777	\$	148,079,769	\$	154,957,361				
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		15.71%		15.50%		14.47%		14.26%				

### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017

Assessed value	\$ 2,625,748,029
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	262,574,803
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	16,058,436
Less: amount set aside for	
repayment of general	
obligation debt	(5,181,426)
Total net debt applicable to limit	10,877,010
Legal debt margin	\$ 251,697,793

			• •		1 15040			
2018	 2017		2016	2016		2014	 2013	
262,574,803	\$ 249,397,828	\$	230,812,928	\$	210,314,548	\$ 196,078,875	\$ 181,418,098	\$
10,877,010	 13,357,499		17,063,505	<u></u>	18,430,368	 19,605,528	 23,219,662	
251,697,793	\$ 236,040,329	\$	213,749,423	\$	191,884,180	\$ 176,473,347	\$ 158,198,436	\$
4 14%	5.36%		7.39%		8.76%	10.00%	12.80%	

### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year								
		2009		2010		2011			2012
Utility Service Charges		\$	8,084,177	\$	8,041,795	\$	10,942,116	\$	9,873,258
Less: Operating Expenses (1)			6,197,174		5,951,271		6,119,717		5,890,927
Net Available Revenue	:	\$	1,887,003	\$	2,090,524	\$	4,822,399	\$	3,982,331
Debt Service Requirements (2)									
Principal		\$	1,210,000	\$	1,205,000	\$	900,000	\$	890,000
Interest			532,804		426,798		327,057		296,649
Т	otal :	\$	1,742,804	\$	1,631,798	\$	1,227,057	\$	1,186,649
Coverage			1.08		1.28		3.93		3.36

#### Notes:

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is included in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization.
- (2) Includes revenue bonds only.

	2013	 2014	 2015	 2016		2017	 2018
\$	9,529,392	\$ 9,341,087	\$ 9,628,146	\$ 10,300,618	\$	10,810,651	\$ 11,369,582
	5,758,791	 6,030,193	 6,162,029	 6,421,511		6,931,288	 6,676,372
\$	3,770,601	\$ 3,310,894	\$ 3,466,117	\$ 3,879,107	\$	3,879,363	\$ 4,693,210
\$	575,000	\$ 570,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$ _
\$	106,449 681,449	\$ 87,653 657,653	\$ 28,563 278,563	\$ 20,750 270,750	\$	12,625 262,625	\$ -
_	5.53	 5.03	12.44	 14.33	-	14.77	_

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	Population	Per Capita Income	Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	School Enrollment
2009	31,154	N/A	N/A	8.2%	12,352
2010*	32,010	N/A	N/A	8.5%	12,500
2011	32,010	N/A	N/A	8.5%	12,593
2012	32,332	N/A	N/A	6.4%	12,841
2013	33,196	N/A	N/A	5.7%	12,626
2014	33,600	N/A	N/A	4.5%	13,015
2015	34,249	N/A	N/A	5.2%	13,140
2016	34,604	N/A	N/A	5.0%	13,278
2017	34,845	N/A	N/A	4.8%	13,190
2018	35,270	N/A	N/A	3.8%	13,050

Sources: City of Deer Park Economic Development Administrator and Deer Park Independent School District

N/A - This information is currently not available.

<sup>\*2010</sup> is the census population; all other years represent estimates.

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2018			20	09
Employer		Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Shell Deer Park		3,200	14.97%	2,000	11.28%
Deer Park ISD		2,651	12.40%	1,246	7.03%
Universal Plant Services		1,353	6.33%	_	-
Lubrizol Specialty Chemicals		1,360	6.36%	832	4.69%
Dow Chemical Co.		1,330	6.22%	-	-
Mistras Group		783	3.66%	-	_
Clean Harbors		654	3.69%	269	1.52%
Wal-Mart		432	2.02%	430	2.43%
City of Deer Park		423	1.98%	408	2.30%
Minh Foods, Inc.		400	1.87%	360	2.03%
Rohm and Hass		-	_	979	5.52%
Oxy Vinyl		-	-	267	1.51%
Intercontinental Terminals	_		-	212	1.20%
	Total	12,586	59.50%	7,003	39.51%
Estimated total jobs in the City	:	21,372		17,728	

Source: City of Deer Park Economic Development Administrator

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Management services	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Finance	6.0	8.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Planning	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	12.0	12.0
Other	29.5	33.5	30.5	30.5	30.5	32.0	35.5	35.5	35.0	35.5
Police										
Officers	61.0	61.0	59.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	61.0	61.0	61.0	61.0
Civilians	26.0	25.0	24.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Civilians	9.5	13.5	13.5	13.0	13.0	15.5	14.5	13.0	15.0	18.0
Sanitation	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Other public works										
Engineering	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Other	25.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	28.0	28.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
Golf operations	26.0	26.0	25.0	26.0	24.0	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	61.5	73.5	73.5	74.0	69.5	70.5	73.0	77.0	77.0	82.5
Library	12.0	12.5	13.0	13.0	13.5	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Water	15.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Wastewater	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Total	328.5	353.0	344.5	345.5	341.5	324.0	330.0	332.5	333.0	342.0

Source: Adopted City Budget

### **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION**

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Function/Program					
General government					
Annual permits	1,152	1,290	1,583	1,616	
Annual inspections	3,611	4,410	3,324	3,671	
Police	2,011	.,	5,521	3,071	
Physical arrests	2,596	1,975	2,690	2,843	
Parking violations	13	6	192	143	
Traffic violations	7,990	9,122	15,505	13,338	
Fire	,	,	,		
Emergency responses	1,843	1,950	1,887	2,032	
Fires extinguished	352	387	580	588	
Inspections	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,353	
Sanitation				ŕ	
Refuse collected (tons per day)*	101	818	75	71	
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	1	1	2	
Streets					
Street resurfacing (miles)**	_	-	1	-	
Potholes repaired	50	150	49	62	
Parks and recreation					
Community center admissions	510	520	521	N/A	
Program enrollments	N/A	10,722	17,877	18,081	
Library					
Volumes in collection	82,159	82,200	80,593	79,897	
Total volumes borrowed	174,058	174,100	173,409	165,620	
Water					
New connections	125	31	27	34	
Water main breaks	14	60	261	73	
Sewer main breaks	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	3,900,000	4,199,000	4,646,400	4,501,100	
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	6,961,000	6,566,000	7,722,000	6,350,000	
Wastewater					
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	3,650	3,058	2,572	3,129	

Source: Various City departments

N/A - This is information is currently not available.

<sup>\* 2010</sup> is atypical due to collections associated with Hurricane Ike.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Majority of streets are concrete.

Fiscal Year										
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
1,777	2,414	2,610	2,644	2,420	2,187					
1,017	1,204	1,494	4,932	3,855	3,219					
3,296	3,258	3,068	3,445	4,050	3,309					
114	81	101	92	71	58					
14,601	13,205	14,049	14,322	16,826	12,354					
2,100	2,193	2,401	2,467	2,761	2,211					
648	655	862	775	790	687					
1,392	1,288	1,523	1,676	1,862	1,650					
81	83	81	82	83	84					
3	4	4	4	4	4					
2	_		-	1	_					
50	50	55	65	60	62					
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,611					
17,527	15,300	16,309	21,034	21,262	17,077					
83,346	84,296	87,171	90,408	101,960	104,738					
164,962	168,852	167,012	157,955	157,902	146,943					
78	39	77	137	100	31					
76	62	46	32	39	18					
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	29					
4,661,000	4,507,000	4,286,000	3,893,750	3,995,225	3,985,508					
6,438,000	5,826,000	6,700,000	5,281,000	5,541,000	5,931,000					
2,960	2,595	4,299	4,575	3,082	3,201					

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Function/Program					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	
Patrol units	40	40	40	41	
Fire					
Stations	3	3	3	3	
Sanitation					
Collection trucks	6	6	6	5	
Streets					
Streets (miles)	105	105	106	106	
Streetlights	2,557	2,557	2,583	2,583	
Traffic signals	43	43	43	43	
Parks and recreation					
Acreage	270	270	270	270	
Parks with play structures	17	17	17	19	
Baseball / softball diamonds	16	16	16	24	
Soccer/football fields	9	9	9	6	
Golf course	1	1	1	1	
Community centers	7	7	7	7	
Water					
Water lines (miles)	103	132	133	133	
Fire hydrants	889	890	895	895	
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)					
three ground wells @ 3,560 gpm total	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
three elevated tanks @ .5 M gallons each	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
two ground storage tanks @ 1 M gallons each	2,0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Wastewater					
Sanitary sewers (miles)	114	123	124	124	
Storm sewers (miles)	62	66	67	67	
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	6	6	6	6	

Source: Various City departments

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
			2010	2017	2010	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
41	42	41	44	44	47	
3	3	3	3	3	3	
_	_					
5	6	6	6	6	6	
107	107	100	444	444		
	107	109	111	111	111	
2,622	2,623	2,661	2,694	2,709	2,709	
43	43	44	44	44	45	
270	270	270	270	279	355	
19	19	19	19	20	20	
24	19	19	20	21	23	
6	7	7	7	7	9	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
7	7	7	7	7	7	
•	•	,	,	,	,	
134	135	137	138	139	140	
906	914	934	950	958	976	
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
125	125	127	130	130	131	
68	68	69	70	70	70	
6	6	6	6	6	6	